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Production Version of the Extended NASA-Langley
Vortex Lattice FORTRAN Computer Program -
Volume II - Source Code

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PRODUCTION VERSION OF THE
EXTENDED NASA-LANGLEY VORTEX LATTICE
FORTRAN COMPUTER PROGRAM
VOL. II SOURCE CODE

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1 ABSTRACT / SUMMARY

This document presents the source code for the latest production version, MARK IV, of the NASA - Langley Vortex Lattice Computer Program. All viable subcritical aerodynamic features of previous versions have been retained. This version extends the previously documented program capabilities to four planforms, 400 panels, and enables the user to obtain vortex-flow aerodynamics on cambered planforms, flow field properties off the configuration in attached flow, and planform longitudinal load distributions.

2 INTRODUCTION

The NASA - Langley Vortex Lattice FORTRAN Program (VLM) is designed to estimate the subsonic aerodynamic characteristics of up to four complex planforms. The concepts embodied in this program are mostly detailed in references 1,2 and 3; this document is intended to serve as an update to these references for users and computer specialists who have an interest in implementing this program on their computers. Basically, the VLM Program is a segmented program designed to run on the Control Data Corporation (CDC) computers with the NOS operating system. This program requires a run-time field length of approximately 130K (octal) words of memory, and uses the Langley Research Center

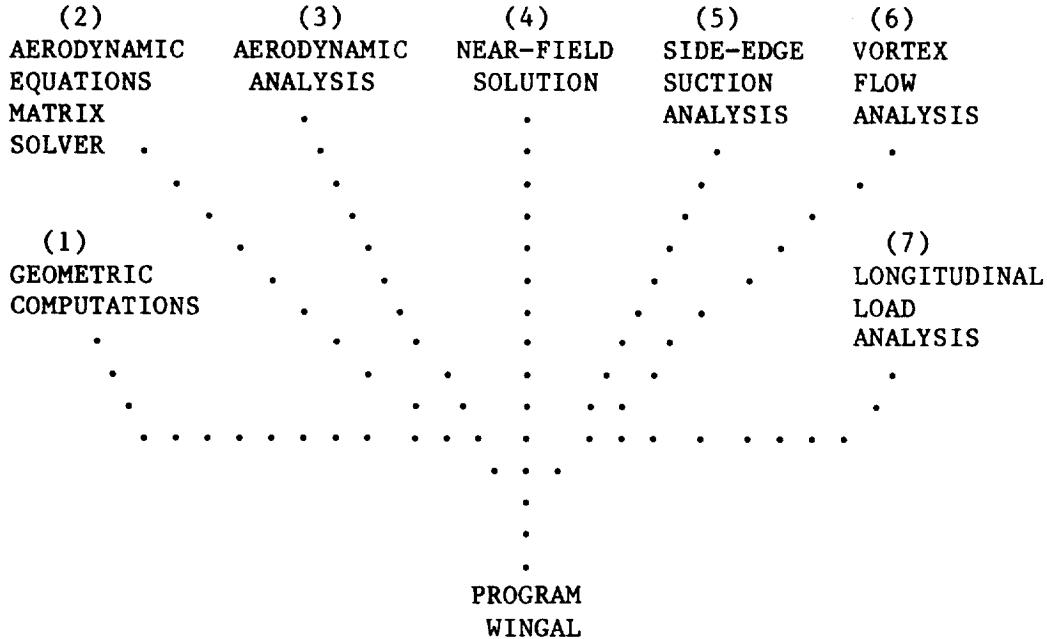
Graphics Output System in FORTRAN (LRCGOSF), along with numerous CDC routines that provide random access of mass storage files. The User's Guide associated with this program is listed as reference 4.

Use of trade names or names of manufacturers in this report does not constitute an official endorsement of such products or manufacturers, either expressed or implied, by the National Aeronautics and Space Administration.

3 PROGRAM STRUCTURE

3.1 OVERVIEW

The VLM program consists of one FORTRAN program, 39 FORTRAN subroutines, seven labeled common blocks and nine files. The overall structure of the code can be represented as a tree diagram with seven major branches, as follows:



The main program, WINGAL, forms the "root node" to the tree. Each of the seven major branches, or nodes, has a specific function in the overall computational process, and some of these branches consist of more than one routine (this will be explained in the next section). The point of this tree diagram is that it constitutes the way the program is loaded into memory by the operating system, and hence, the way it executes for any given input set. The actual file of loader directives file based on this structure will be discussed in Section 4.

3.2 FUNCTION BY NODE

The root node consists of the main program (WINGAL) and four subroutines. The main program is used to declare all files and common blocks, as well as direct the overall processing done by this code. The four subroutines contained in this node are LOADING, FTLUP, INFSUB and READIN. LOADING is not called by any routine in VLM; its sole purpose is to force the loading of the CDC mass storage routines at this level so they are accessible to all higher level nodes that require them. FTLUP and INFSUB, however, are used by several of the higher nodes, and hence, must be in memory at all times. FTLUP is a linear interpolation routine that uses the CDC Fortran routine LOCF to determine the absolute location (address) of a variable. READIN is used to read in and print out the input data, with line numbers, for the user's reference. The common blocks declared in WINGAL serve as

the principal method of information transfer between the higher nodes; they are considered "global" and must also remain in memory at all times. The higher nodes in the tree are moved in and out of central memory by the loader when they are called by the main program, and this overlapping results in considerable reduction of central memory requirements. The function and associated routines of the higher nodes are as follows:

3.2.1 GEOMETRIC COMPUTATIONS

This node consists of two subroutines, GEOMETRY and PLNPLT. Subroutine GEOMETRY is called by WINGAL to determine, from the input data, the geometry of the configuration. GEOMETRY then makes a call to PLNPLT, which, in turn, produces the "printer plot" of the configuration.

3.2.2 AERODYNAMIC EQUATIONS MATRIX SOLVER

This node consists of six routines and performs the Given's Method of Matrix Solution to determine the circulation terms of the horseshoe vortices; i.e., these routines solve the matrix of the basic linear aerodynamic equations. The routines in this node are:

1. MATXSOL- Called by WINGAL, MATXSOL is the main routine in this node and generates the elements in the aerodynamic influence

coefficient matrix. MATXSOL then calls routine GIVENS to effect a solution.

2. GIVENS - Called by MATXSOL to partition the work storage arrays into rows and columns.
3. BLOCKR - Called by GIVENS to compute the size of, and the number of rows in each partition of the triangularized matrix.
4. TRIANG - Called by GIVENS to triangularize the augmented matrix using planar rotations.
5. SOLVER - Called by TRIANG to perform the back substitution on the matrix and overstore the results back onto mass storage.
6. BUFFIN - Called by TRIANG to transfer data into the work array from mass storage.

3.2.3 AERODYNAMIC ANALYSIS

This node consists of five routines and is used to compute the linear aerodynamic characteristics of the configuration. These routines are:

1. AERODYN - Called by WINGAL, AERODYN is the main routine in this node. AERODYN computes the linear aerodynamic lifting pressures and overall forces and moments.
2. FLOWFL - Determines the flow field characteristics off the wing. FLOWFL reads the field line definition when the flow field data is required. FLOWFL also uses routine FTLUP.
3. HEAPSRT - Called by FLOWFL to sort the X-Y values of the panel centers. FLOWFL compares these values to the X-Y locations of the flow line points in determining the relative position of the flow line with respect to any given planform. HEAPSRT uses a Heap Sort algorithm, which is described in reference 5.
4. SIFT - Called by HEAPSRT to swap values in the sorting process.
5. CDICL5 - Computes the far-field induced drag for simple configurations (wing-body) with no dihedral.

3.2.4 NEAR-FIELD INDUCED DRAG SOLUTIONS

This node consists of the single routine, CDRAGNF, (called by WINGAL) that computes the near-field induced drag values. CDRAGNF uses routine FTLUP in determining the near-field chord force properties.

3.2.5 SIDE-EDGE SUCTION ANALYSIS

This node consists of two routines, TIPSLCT and WRTANS. The principal routine, TIPSLCT, called by WINGAL, computes the side-edge force and values for KV,se for each planform. WRTANS is then called by TIPSLCT to compute the values of Kp and KV,le for each planform. If the configuration is cambered/twisted so that the option for vortex flow computation on warped wings is exercised, WRTANS is not called and Kp and KV,le are not calculated. In this situation, TIPSLCT makes numerous calls to the LRCGOSF routines for producing the graphics output. This section of TIPSLCT will have to be revised considerably by users if the VLM program is installed on any other computer. The LRCGOSF routines used by VLM are listed in the Appendix A.

3.2.6 VORTEX FLOW ANALYSIS

This node consists of the single routine, VORTEX, called by WINGAL, to perform the vortex flow analysis for cambered configurations. VORTEX also uses routine FTLUP.

3.2.7 LONGITUDINAL LOAD DISTRIBUTION

This node consists of 18 routines, the principal one being CNLONG, that called by WINGAL. These routines compute the longitudinal load distribution of the configuration. Most of them are associated with the Delta Cp or Net Cp surface interpolation from constant Y to constant X values. They are (by name only) as follows:

INTERP	SUTS
IQHSCV	CURV1N
IQHSD	CURV12
IQHSE	CURVI
IQHSF	CEEZ
IQHSG	TERMS
IQHSH	SNHCSH
UERTST	INTRVL
UGETIO	

The routines beginning with the letters "IQ" provide smooth curve fitting over randomly distributed data points. IQHSCV calculates the interpolating function that is a fifth degree polynomial, and is continuous and has continuous first order partial derivatives. This

technique is detailed in reference 6. Routines IQHSD through UGETIO are support routines for this process. Routines SUTS through INTRVL are used to evaluate the the integral of the spline approximation to a function of a single variable. These routines were adapted from current routines on the NASA - Langley Research Center FORTRAN Math Library which is documented in reference 7. This documentation is available from the NASA - LaRC Analysis and Computation Division (ACD) User Support Office.

3.3 FILES

There are nine files associated with the VLM program and these are as follows:

INPUT	TAPE6	TAPE20
OUTPUT	TAPE10	TAPE30
TAPE5	TAPE11	TAPE81

TAPE81 is equated to INPUT and TAPE6 to OUTPUT, and all formatted INPUT/OUTPUT is performed on these files. Routine READIN reads the input from TAPE81 and prints all of it except the title card over onto TAPE5. For the remainder of the program, TAPE5, serves as the primary input file. The remaining files are scratch files used by the program for auxillary storage. TAPE10 and TAPE11 are used in the matrix solver routines and are treated as random access backing store. The CDC routines READMS, WRITEMS, OPENMS, and CLOSEMS provide this capability.

TAPE10 is reused as a scratch file in the vortex analysis routine. There it is employed along with TAPE20 and TAPE30, and subsequently, TAPE30 is used to pass information from routine VORTEX back to routine TIPSLCT for the final coefficient reporting.

4 LOAD STRUCTURE

The tree diagram shown earlier can now be represented as follows:

GEOMTRY	MATXSOL	AERODYN	CDRAGNF	TIPSLCT	VORTEX	CNLONG
.
.
.....						
.						
.						
.						
PROGRAM						
WINGAL						

where the nodes are main routines instead of functional descriptors. On CDC equipment, this method of loading is called Segmentation and is done by the CDC SEGRES Loader Program. The SEGRES program reads a directives file, shown in figure 1, and in effect structures the relocatable binary file into a set of movable pieces (here, each branch of the tree). When the main routine in these branches is called by WINGAL, the Loader brings into memory the entire branch, leaving the others out on mass storage. When a branch finishes processing and returns control back to the main program (WINGAL), that branch is moved back out to mass storage, and another one brought in and loaded into

the same space occupied by the previous one. Hence, the same space in memory is reused, which reduces the core requirements of the program. Complete details regarding the syntax of these directives and the actions of the SEGRES Loader Program are given in reference 8.

APPENDIX A**LRCGOSF ROUTINES USED BY VLM**

**PSEUDO
CALPLT
INFOPLT
NOTATE
PNTPLT**

Documentation on these routines is given in reference 9, which is available from the NASA - LaRC ACD User Support Office.

APPENDIX B
LISTING OF VLM SOURCE CODE

```

PROGRAM WINGAL(INPUT,OUTPUT,TAPE81=INPUT,TAPE6=OUTPUT,
               TAPE5,TAPE10,TAPE11,TAPE20,TAPE30)

COMMON /ALL/ BOUT, BOTSV(4), M, BETA, PTEST, QTEST,
           STA(4), TBLSCM(100), YYCP(4),
           Q(400), PN(400), PV(400), ALP(400), S(400), PSI(400),
           PHI(100), ZH(100), CP(400), STLOIND(4)
COMMON /THREES/ CIR(400,2)
COMMON /THREFOR/ CCAV(2,100), CLT, CLNT, NSSW, ALPD
COMMON /ONETHRE/ TWIST(4), CREF, SREF, CAVE, CIDES, STRUE, AR,
                 ARTRUE, RTCDHT(4), CONFIG(2), NSSW,S(4),
                 MSV(4), KBOT, PLAN, IPLAN, MACH,
                 SSMWA(100), XL(4), XT(4), CLWB, CMCL, CLA(4), BLAIR(100),
                 CLAMAR(4), CLWIN(4), CLWNG(4), XLOCIN,
                 YINNER(4), YOUTER(4)
INTEGER CONFIG
COMMON /MAINONE/ ICODEOF, TOTAL, AAN(4), XS(4), YS(4), KFCTS(4),
                 XREG(25,4), YREG(25,4), AREG(25,4), DIH(25,4), MCDC(25,4),
                 XX(25,4), YY(25,4), AS(25,4), MMCD(25,4), AN(4),
                 ZZ(25,4), ITIPCD, ICAMST

PRODUCTION CODE
MARK IV VERSION
SEPTEMBER, 1981

PLEASE DIRECT ALL QUESTIONS, COMMENTS, ETC. TO:
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SOFTWARE SUPPORT ON THIS VERSION PROVIDED BY:
HENRY E. HERBERT
COMPUTER SCIENCES CORPORATION
HAMPTON, VA. 23666

--- NOTES TO THE USERS ---

1. BOTH TOTAL RESULTS AND THOSE FROM THE LEADING

```

```

C EDGE VORTEX SOLUTION WILL AGREE IF AND ONLY IF          NOTES 7
C ALL PANELS ARE OF UNIFORM WIDTH, AND CAN BE          NOTES 8
C CALCULATED FROM CLDES = 100. AND CLDES = 1.0          NOTES 9
C          NOTES 10
C          NOTES 11
C          NOTES 12
C          NOTES 13
C          NOTES 14
C          NOTES 15
C          NOTES 16
C          NOTES 17
C          NOTES 18
C          NOTES 19
C          NOTES 20
C          NOTES 21
C          NOTES 22
C          NOTES 23
C          WINGAL 29
C          CCRRDD 2
C          CCRRDD 3
C          WINGAL 31
C          WINGAL 32
C          WINGAL 33
C          WINGAL 34
C          WINGAL 35
C          WINGAL 36
C          WINGAL 37
C          WINGAL 38
C          WINGAL 39
C          WINGAL 40
C          WINGAL 41
C          WINGAL 42
C          WINGAL 43
C          WINGAL 44
C          WINGAL 45
C          WINGAL 46
C          WINGAL 47
C          WINGAL 48
C          WINGAL 49
C          WINGAL 50
C          WINGAL 51
C          WINGAL 52
C          WINGAL 53
C          WINGAL 54
C          WINGAL 55
C          WINGAL 56
C          WINGAL 57
C          WINGAL 58
C          WINGAL 59

2. IF A WING HAS MORE THAN ONE STREAMWISE TIP, IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT THE WING BE INPUT AS TWO PLANFORMS TO PROVIDE MORE MEANINGFUL SIDE EDGE RESULTS

3. SILOIND - "STREAMWISE LOAD INDICATOR" ARRAY; SET TO 0. IF THE LOADING ALONG THE ENTIRE OUTER STREAMWISE EDGE OF THIS PLANFORM IS TO BE 0.0; OTHERWISE, SET TO 1.0 IF THIS LOADING IS TO BE NON-ZERO

COMMON/CCRRDD/ TSPAN(4), TSPANA, KBIT, CTILDA, XTILDA, DISTALE
DIMENSION INDEX(2)

VORTEX LATTICE AERODYNAMIC COMPUTATION
NASA-LRC PROGRAM NO. A2794

CALL OPENMS(11,INDEX,1,0)
CALL READIN
ICODEOF=TOTAL=0
10 CALL GEOMETRY
IF (M .EQ. -1) GO TO 70
IF (ICAMTST .EQ. 3) GO TO 70
IF (ICODEOF.GT.0) GO TO 70
IF (M .GT. 400) GO TO 40
NSW = 0
DO 15 IT = 1,IPLAN
NSW = NSW + NSSWSV(IT)
15 CONTINUE
IF (NSW .GT. 100) GO TO 30
ITSV=0
DO 20 IT=1,IPLAN
IF (AN(IT).LE.25.) GO TO 20
WRITE (6,100) IT,AN(IT)
ITSV=1
20 CONTINUE
IF (ITSV.GT.0) GO TO 60
GO TO 50

```

```

30      WRITE (6,90) NSW
        GO TO 60
40      WRITE (6,80) M
        GO TO 60
50      CALL MATXSD
        CALL AERODYN
        IF (ITIPCOD .EQ. 3) CALL CNLONG
        IF (CLDES.EQ.100.) GO TO 55
        IF (PTEST.EQ.1..OR.QTEST.EQ.1..OR.ITIPCOD.EQ.2.) GO TO 60
        CALL CDRAGNF
        GO TO 57
55      CALL VORTEX

C      TEST FOR ERROR CONDITIONS DETECTED IN VORTEX
C      IF (M .EQ. -1) GO TO 70

C      57 CONTINUE
        IF (ITIPCOD.EQ.1) CALL TIPSUCT
        TOTAL=TOTAL-1.
60      GO TO 10
70      CONTINUE
C
C      FORMAT (1H1//10X,16,93HHHORSESHOE VORTICES LAIDOUT, THIS IS MORE THAN WINGAL 84
C      1AN THE 400 MAXIMUM. THIS CONFIGURATION IS ABORTED.)
C      FORMAT (1H1//10X,16,101H ROWS OF HORSESHOE VORTICES LAIDOUT. THIS WINGAL 86
C      1IS MORE THAN THE 100 MAXIMUM. THIS CONFIGURATION IS ABORTED) WINGAL 87
C      FORMAT (1H1//10X,8HPLANFORM,16,4H HAS,16,74H BREAKPOINTS. THE MAXI WINGAL 88
C      1MM DIMENSIONED IS 25. THE CONFIGURATION IS ABORTED.) WINGAL 89
C      END
C      SUBROUTINE READIN
        READIN 2
        READIN 3
        READIN 4
        READIN 5
        READIN 6
        READIN 7
        READIN 8
        READIN 9
        READIN 10
        READIN 11
        READIN 12
        READIN 13
        READIN 14
        READIN 15
        READIN 16
        READIN 17
        READIN 18
        READIN 19

C      THIS SUBROUTINE READS IN THE DATA OFF -TAPE81-, AND
C      PRINTS IT TO -OUTPUT-, AND TO -TAPE5-.

C      DIMENSION ICARD(8)
LINE = 0
WRITE(6,100)
10     READ(81,200) ICARD
        IF (EOF(81) ) 30, 20
20     LINE = LINE + 1
        WRITE(6,300) LINE, ICARD
        IF (LINE .EQ. 1) GO TO 10
        WRITE(5,200) ICARD
        GO TO 10

C      30 ENDFILE 5
        REWIND 5

```

```

C   100 FORMAT(1H1,30X,1I1INPUT DATA ,//)
C   200 FORMAT(8A10)
C   300 FORMAT(1I10,1H.,,1X,8A10)
C   RETURN
C   END
C   SUBROUTINE LOADING
C
C   THIS IS A DUMMY ROUTINE USED ONLY TO ENSURE THE
C   PROPER LOADING OF THE ITEMS NAMED BELOW.
C
C   CALL STINDX(11, INDEX, 1, 0)
C   CALL WRITMS(11, INDEX, 1, 0)
C   RETURN
C
C   END
C   SUBROUTINE INFSUB (BOT,FVI,FWI,FUI)
COMMON /INSUB23/ PSII,APHII,XXX,YYY,ZZZ,SNN,TOLRNC
FC=COS(PSII)
FS=SIN(PSII)
FT=FS/FC
C
C
FPC=COS(APHII)
FPS=SIN(APHII)
FTP=FPS/FPC
F1=XXX+SNN*FT*FPC
F2=YYY+SNN*FPC
F3=ZZZ+SNN*FPS
F4=XXX-SNN*FT*FPC
F5=YYY-SNN*FPC
F6=ZZZ-SNN*FPS
FFA=(XXX**2+(YYY*FPS)**2+FPC**2*((YYY*FT)**2+(ZZZ*FC)**2*(ZZZ*FC)*2-2.*XXX*YYY*INF SUB 13
1*FT)-2.*ZZZ*FPC*(YYY*FPS+XXX*FT*FPS))
FFB=(F1*F1+F2*F2+F3*F3)***.5
FFC=(F4*F4+F5*F5+F6*F6)***.5
FFD=F5*F5+F6*F6
FFE=F2*F2+F3*F3
FFF=(F1*FPC*FT+F2*FPC+F3*FPS)/FFC
INF SUB 24
INF SUB 25
INF SUB 26
INF SUB 27
INF SUB 28
INF SUB 29
INF SUB 30
INF SUB 31
INF SUB 32
INF SUB 33
INF SUB 34
INF SUB 35
C
C   THE TOLERANCE SET AT THIS POINT IN THE PROGRAM MAY NEED TO BE
C   CHANGED FOR COMPUTERS OTHER THAN THE CDC 6000 SERIES
C
C
IF (ABS(FFA).LT.(BGT*15.E-5)**2) GO TO 10
FVONE=(XXX*FPS-ZZZ*FT*FPC)*FFF/FFA
FWONE=(YYY*FT-XXX)*FFF/FFA*FPC
FUONE=(ZZZ*FPC-YYY*FPS)*FFF/FFA
GO TO 20

```

```

10
C
20
C      IF (ABS(FVONE).LT.TOLRNC) GO TO 30
C      FVTWO=F6*(1.-F4/FFC)/FFD
C      FWTHRE=--F3*(1.-F4/FFC)/FFD
C      GO TO 40
C      FVTWJ=FWTWO=0.
C
30
C      IF (ABS(FFE).LT.TOLRNC) GO TO 50
C      FVTRE=--F1/FFB)/FFE
C      FWTHRE=--F2*(1.-F1/FFB)/FFE
C      GO TO 60
C      FVTRE=FWTHRE=0.
C
40
C      FVI=FVONE+FVTWO+FVTRE
C      FWI=FWONE+FWTWO+FWTHRE
C      FUI=FUONE
C      RETURN
C      END
C
50
C      SUBROUTINE GEOMETRY
C      DIMENSION NUMBER(4)
C      DIMENSION XREF(50),YREF(50),SAR(50),A(50),RSAR(50),
C      $ X(50), Y(50), SA(4), VBORD(102), SPY(50,4),
C      $ KFX(4), IYL(50,4), IYT(50,4),
C      COMMON /ALL/ BOT, BOTSV(4), M, BETA, PTEST, QTEST,
C      $ STA(4), TBLSCW(100),
C      $ YYCP(4),
C      $ Q(400), PN(400), PV(400), ALP(400), S(400), PSI(400),
C      $ PHI(100), ZH(100), CP(400), STLOND(4)
C
60
C      COMMON /ONETHRE/ T4IST(4), CREF, SREF, CAVE, CLDSE, STRUE, AR,
C      $ ARTRUE, RTCDHT(4), CONFIG(2), NSSNSV(4),
C      $ MSV(4), KBOT, PLAN, IPLAN, MACH,
C      $ SSWWA(100), XL(4), XI(4), CL4B, CMCL, CLAI(4), BLAIR(100),
C      $ CLAMARI(4), CLWIN(4), CLANG(4), XLOCIN,
C      $ YINNIE(4), YOUTER(4)
C
C      INTEGER CONFIG
C
C      COMMON /MAINONE/ ICODEOF, TOTAL, AAN(4), XS(4), YS(4), KFCTS(4),
C      $ XREG(25,4), YREG(25,4), AREG(25,4), DIH(25,4), MCD(25,4),
C      $ XX(25,4), YY(25,4), AS(25,4), TTWD(25,4), AN(4),
C      $ ZZ(25,4), ITIPCD, ICAMTST
C
C      ONETHRE8
C      ONETHRE9
C      ONETHRE10
C      MAINNONE2
C      MAINNONE3
C      MAINNONE4
C      MAINNONE5
C      MAINNONE6
C      GEOMTR10
C      NOTES 2
C      NOTES 3
C      NOTES 4
C      NOTES 5
C      NOTES 6
C
C      1. 80TH TOTAL RESULTS AND THOSE FROM THE LEADING

```



```

C SET PLAN EQUAL TO 2. FOR A WING - TAIL COMBINATION
C SET PLAN = 3 OR 4 FOR CANARDS ETC.
C SET TOTAL EQUAL TO THE NUMBER OF SETS
C OF GROUP TWO DATA PROVIDED
C
C READ(5,885)
      $ PLAN, TOTAL, CREF, SREF, XLOCTN, CTILDA, XTILDA, DISTALE
      IF (EOF(5)) 830,10
      IPLAN=PLAN
      XTILDA=XTILDA-XLOCTN
      10
C
C SET AAN(IT) EQUAL TO THE MAXIMUM NUMBER OF CURVES REQUIRED TO
C DEFINE THE PLANFORM PERIMETER OF THE (IT) PLANFORM.
C
C SET RTCDHT(IT) EQUAL TO THE ROOT CHORD HEIGHT OF THE LIFTING
C SURFACE (IT), WHOSE PERIMETER POINTS ARE BEING READ IN, WITH
C RESPECT TO THE WING ROOT CHORD HEIGHT
C
C WRITE (6, 860)
      PRTCON = 10H
      DD 60 IT=1,IPLAN
      STLOIND(IT) = 0.0
      READ(5,885)
      $ AAN(IT), XS(IT), YS(IT), RTCDHT(IT), STLOIND(IT)
      N=AAN(IT)
      N1=N+1
      MAK=0
      IF(IPLAN.GT.1) PRTCON = NUMBER(IT)
      WRITE (6,870) PRTCON,N,RTCOTH(IT),XS(IT),YS(IT)
      WRITE (6,990)
      DO 50 I=1,N1
      READ(5,885)
      $ XREG(I,IT), YREG(I,IT), DIH(I,IT), AMCD
      50
      N=N+1
      MAK=0
      IF(IPLAN.GT.1) PRTCON = NUMBER(IT)
      WRITE (6,870) PRTCON,N,RTCOTH(IT),XS(IT),YS(IT)
      WRITE (6,990)
      DO 50 I=1,N1
      READ(5,885)
      $ XREG(I,IT), YREG(I,IT), DIH(I,IT), AMCD
      50
      N=N+1
      MAK=0
      IF (AMCD .NE. 2.) AMCD = 1.0
      XREG(I,IT)=XREG(I,IT)-XLOCTN
      MCD(I,IT)=AMCD
      IF (I.EQ.1) GO TO 50
      IF (MAK.NE.0.OR.MCD(I-1,IT).NE.2) GO TO 20
      MAK=I-1
      IF (ABS(YREG(I-1,IT))-YREG(I,IT)).LT.YTOL) GO TO 30
      APREG(I-1,IT)=(XREG(I-1,IT)-XREG(I,IT))/(YREG(I-1,IT)-YREG(I,IT))
      ASWP=ATAN(APREG(I-1,IT))*RAD
      GO TO 40
      20
      YREG(I,IT)=YREG(I-1,IT)
      APREG(I-1,IT)=AZY
      ASWP=90.
      30

```

```

40      J=I-1
C
C      WRITE PLANFORM PERIMETER POINTS AND ANGLES
C
C      WRITE (6,960) J,XREG(J,IT),YREG(J,IT),ASWP,DIH(J,IT),MCD(J,IT)
C      DIH(J,IT)=TAN(DIH(J,IT))/RAD
C      CONTINUE
C
50      KFCIS(IT)=MAK
      WRITE (6,960) N1,XREG(N1,IT),YREG(N1,IT)
C      CONTINUE
C
60
C      READ GROUP 2 DATA AND COMPUTE DESIRED WING POSITION
C
C      SET SA(1-IPLAN) EQUAL TO SWEET ANGLE IN DEGREES
C      FOR THE FIRST
C      CURVE(S) THAT CAN CHANGE SWEET FOR EACH PLANFORM
C
C      IF A PARTICULAR VALUE OF CL IS DESIRED AT WHICH THE LOADINGS ARE
C      TO BE COMPUTED, SET CLOES EQUAL TO THIS VALUE
C      SET CLOES EQUAL TO 11. FOR A DRAG POLAR AT CL VALUES OF -1 TO 1.0
C      SET CLOES EQUAL TO 11. FOR A DRAG POLAR AT CL VALUES OF -1 TO 1.0
C
C      IF PTEST IS SET EQUAL TO ONE THE PROGRAM WILL COMPUTE CLP
C      IF QTEST IS SET EQUAL TO ONE THE PROGRAM WILL COMPUTE CMQ AND CLQ
C      DO NOT SET BOTH PTEST AND QTEST TO ONE FOR A SINGLE CONFIGURATION
C      SET TWIST(1-IPLAN) EQUAL TO 0. FOR A FLAT PLANFORM
C      AND TO 1.
C      FOR A PLANFORM THAT HAS TWIST AND/OR CAMBER
C
C      SET ATPCOD TO ONE IF THE CONTRIBUTIONS TO LIFT,DRAG AND MOMENT
C      FROM SEPERATED FLOW AROUND THE LEADING AND/OR SIDE EDGES IS
C      DESIRED. OTHERWISE SET ATPCOD TO ZERO.
C
C
70      READ(5,950) CONFIG(1), CONFIG(2), SCW, VIC, MACH, CLOES,
      S (SA(I),I=1,4),(T4IST(J),J=1,4),PTEST,
      QTEST,ATPCOD
C
71      IF (EOF(5)) 830, 71
      IF (VIC .GE. 10.) GO TO 72
      WRITE(6,1070)
      H = -1
      GO TO 2000
C
72      IF( CLOES .NE. 100. .OR. ATPCOD .NE. 1.) GO TO 73
      IF (CLDES .EQ. 100. .AND. ATPCOD .EQ. 1. .AND.
      S ,SCW .GE. 2.) GO TO 73
      WRITE(6,1080)
C
      GEOMTR92
      GEOMTR93
      GEOMTR94
      GEOMTR95
      GEOMTR96
      GEOMTR97
      GEOMTR98
      GEOMTR99
      GEOMT100
      GEOMT101
      GEOMT102
      GEOMT103
      GEOMT104
      GEOMT105
      GEOMT106
      GEOMT107
      GEOMT108
      GEOMT109
      GEOMT110
      GEOMT111
      GEOMT112
      GEOMT113
      GEOMT114
      GEOMT115
      GEOMT116
      GEOMT117
      GEOMT118
      GEOMT119
      GEOMT120
      GEOMT121
      GEOMT122
      GEOMT123
      GEOMT124
      GEOMT125
      GEOMT126
      GEOMT127
      GEOMT128
      GEOMT129
      GEOMT130
      GEOMT131
      GEOMT132
      GEOMT133
      GEOMT134
      GEOMT135
      GEOMT136
      GEOMT137
      GEOMT138
      GEOMT139
      GEOMT140

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```

M = -1
GO TO 2000
73 ICAMTST = 0
    IF(TWIST(ITT) .NE. 0.) ICAMTST = 1
74 CONTINUE
    IF(ATPCOD .EQ. 1.) ICAMTST = ICAMTST + 1
    IF(CLDES .NE. 100.) ICAMTST = ICAMTST + 1
    IF(ICAMTST .NE. 3) GO TO 75
    WRITE(6,1060)
    GO TO 2000
75 ITIPCOD = ATPCOD
    IF (ATPCOD .NE. 2.) GO TO 90
    IF (CLDES .NE. 11. .OR. CLDES .NE. 100.) GO TO 90
    M = -1
    WRITE(6,1100) CLDES
    GO TO 2000
C   90 IF (ITIPCOD .NE. 1) GO TO 110
C READ IN THE LIMITS OF INTEGRATION ON
C THE SIDE EDGES, AND ON THE LEADING/TRAILING
C EDGES
C   (IF ATPCOD = 1)
C
C   READ(5,885) (YINNER(ITT),YOUTER(ITT),IT=1,IPLAN)
C   READ(5,885) (XL(ITT),XT(ITT),IT=1,IPLAN)
DO 100 IT= 1,IPLAN
XL(ITT) = XL(ITT) - XLOCIN
XT(ITT) = XT(ITT) - XLOCIN
100 CONTINUE
IF (SCW .NE. 0.) GO TO 110
I = 1
DO 107 ITT= 1,IPLAN
    IF (XL(ITT) .NE. XT(ITT)) I = I + 1
    DO 107 ITT= 1,IPLAN
        IF (XL(ITT) .NE. XT(ITT)) I = I + 1
107 CONTINUE
IF (I .EQ. 0) GO TO 110
M = -1
WRITE(6,1110)
GO TO 2000
C   110 CONTINUE
    WRITE(6,890) CONFIG
    IF (PTEST .EQ. 1. .AND. QTEST .EQ. 1.) GO TO 850
    IF (SCW.EQ.0.) GO TO 140
    DO 125 I = 1,100
        TALSCW(I) = SCW
125 CONTINUE
    GO TO 150

```

```

C READ IN THE -STA- AND -TBLSCW- VALUES
C 140 ISTART = 0
IEND = 0
NSTA = 0
DO 145 ITT = 1,IPLAN
READ(5,680) STA(ITT)
NSTA = NSTA + STA(ITT)
ISTART = IEND + 1
IEND = NSTA
READ(5,690) (TBLSCW(IKK),IKK=ISTART,IEND)

145 CONTINUE
C
C
150 DO 410 IT=1,IPLAN
N=AAN(IT)
N=N+1
DO 160 I=1,N
XREF(I)=XREG(I,IT)
YREF(I)=YREG(I,IT)
A(I)=APEG(I,IT)
RSAR(I)=ATAN(A(I))
IF (A(I).EQ.AZY) RSAR(I)=PIT
CONTINUE
XREF(N1)=XREG(N1,IT)
YREF(N1)=YREG(N1,IT)
IF (KFCTS(IT).GT.0) GO TO 170
K=1
SA(IT)=RSAR(1)*RAD
GO TO 180
170 K=KFCTS(IT)
180 WRITE (6,920) K,SA(IT),IT
SB=SA(IT)/RAD
IF (ARS(SB-RSAR(K)).GT.(.1/RAD)) GO TO 210
C REFERENCE PLANFORM COORDINATES ARE STORED UNCHANGED FOR WINGS
C WITHOUT CHANGE IN SAEEP
DO 200 I=1,N
X(I)=XREF(I)
Y(I)=YREF(I)
IF (RSAR(I).EQ.PIT) GO TO 190
A(I)=TAN(RSAR(I))
GO TO 200
190 A(I)=AZY
SAR(I)=RSAR(I)
X(N1)=XREF(N1)
Y(N1)=YREF(N1)
GO TO 390

C CHANGES IN WING SWEEP ARE MADE HERE
GEMT190
GEMT191
GEMT192
GEMT193
GEMT194
GEMT195
GEMT196
GEMT197
GEMT198
GEMT199
GEMT200
GEMT201
GEMT202
GEMT203
GEMT204
GEMT205
GEMT206
GEMT207
GEMT208
GEMT209
GEMT210
GEMT211
GEMT212
GEMT213
GEMT214
GEMT215
GEMT216
GEMT217
GEMT218
GEMT219
GEMT220
GEMT221
GEMT222
GEMT223
GEMT224
GEMT225
GEMT226
GEMT227
GEMT228
GEMT229
GEMT230
GEMT231
GEMT232
GEMT233
GEMT234
GEMT235
GEMT236
GEMT237
GEMT238

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C      IF (MCD(K,IT).NE.2) GO TO 840
210     KA=K-1
        DO 220 I=1,KA
          X(I)=XREF(I)
          Y(I)=YREF(I)
220     SAR(I)=RSAR(I)
        C      DETERMINE LEADING EDGE INTERSECTION BETWEEN FIXED AND VARIABLE
        C      SWEEP WING SECTIONS
        SAR(K)=SB
        A(K)=TAN(SB)
        SAI=SB-RSAR(K)
        X(K+1)=XS(IT)+(XREF(K+1)-XS(IT))*COS(SAI)+(YREF(K+1)-YS(IT))*SIN(SGEMT251
        1AI)           GEOMT249
        Y(K+1)=YS(IT)+(YREF(K+1)-YS(IT))*COS(SAI)-(XREF(K+1)-XS(IT))*SIN(SGEMT252
        1AI)           GEOMT250
        IF (ABS(SB-SAR(K-1)).LT..1/RAD) GO TO 230
        Y(K)=X(K+1)-X(K-1)-A(K)*Y(K+1)+A(K-1)*Y(K-1)
        Y(K)=Y(K)/(A(K-1)-A(K))
        X(K)=A(K)*X(K-1)-A(K-1)*X(K+1)+A(K-1)*A(K)*(Y(K+1)-Y(K-1))
        X(K)=X(K)/(A(K)-A(K-1))
        GO TO 240
C      ELIMINATE EXTRANEOUS BREAKPOINTS
        X(K)=XREF(K-1)
        Y(K)=YREF(K-1)
        SAR(K)=SAR(K-1)
240     K=K+1
        C      SWEEP THE BREAKPOINTS ON THE VARIABLE SWEEP PANEL
        C      (IT ALSO KEEPS SWEEP ANGLES IN FIRST OR FOURTH QUADRANTS)
250     SAR(K-1)=SAI+RSAR(K-1)
        IF (SAR(K-1).LE.PIT) GO TO 270
        SAR(K-1)=SAR(K-1)-3.1415927
        GO TO 260
270     IF (SAR(K-1).GE.(-PIT)) GO TO 280
        SAR(K-1)=SAP(K-1)+3.1415927
        GO TO 270
        IF ((SAR(K-1).LT..0) GO TO 290
        IF (SAR(K-1)-PIT) 320,300,300
        IF (SAR(K-1)+PIT) 310,310,320
300     A(K-1)=AZY
        GO TO 330
310     A(K-1)=AZY
        GO TO 330
320     A(K-1)=TAN(SAR(K-1))
330     KK=MCD(K,IT)
        IF (KK .EQ. 1) GO TO 350
        Y(K)=YS(IT)+(YREF(K)-YS(IT))*COS(SAI)-(XREF(K)-XS(IT))*SIN(SAI)
        X(K)=XS(IT)+(XREF(K)-XS(IT))*COS(SAI)+(YREF(K)-YS(IT))*SIN(SAI)
340

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GO TO 250
C DETERMINE THE TRAILING EDGE INTERSECTION
C BETWEEN FIXED AND VARIABLE SWEEP WING SECTIONS
350 IF (ABS(RSAR(K)-SAP(K-1)).LT.(.1/RAD)) GO TO 360
Y(K)=XREF(K+1)-X(K)-A(K)*YREF(K+1)+A(K-1)*Y(K-1)
Y(K)=Y(K)/(A(K-1)-A(K))
X(K)=A(K)*X(K-1)-A(K-1)*XREF(K+1)+A(K-1)*A(K)*YREF(K+1)-Y(K-1)
X(K)=X(K)/(A(K)-A(K-1))
GO TO 370
360 X(K)=XREF(K+1)
Y(K)=YREF(K+1)
370 K=K+1
C STORE REFERENCE PLANFORM COORDINATES ON INBOARD FIXED TRAILING
C EDGE
DO 380 I=K,N1
X(I)=XREF(I)
Y(I)=YREF(I)
SAP(I-1)=RSAR(I-1)
380 DO 430 I=1,N
XX(I,IT)=X(I)
YY(I,IT)=Y(I)
MMCD(I,IT)=MCD(I,IT)
TTWD(I,IT)=DIH(I,IT)
430 AS(I,IT)=A(I)
XX(N1,IT)=X(N1)
YY(N1,IT)=Y(N1)
AN(IT)=AN(IT)
410 CONTINUE
C LINE UP BREAKPOINTS AMONG PLANFORMS
C
BOTSV(1) = 0.0
BOTSV(2) = 0.0
BOTSV(3) = 0.0
BOTSV(4) = 0.0
WPITE(6,980)
DO 530 IT=1,IPLAN
NIT=AN(IT)+1
DO 470 ITT=1,IPLAN
IF (ITT.EQ.IT) GO TO 470
NITT=AN(ITT)+1
DO 460 I=1,NITT
JPSV=0
DO 520 JP=1,NIT
IF (YY(JP,IT).EQ.YY(I,ITT)) GO TO 460
420 CONTINUE
DO 430 JP=1,NIT
IF (YY(JP,IT).LT.YY(I,ITT)) GO TO 440
430 CONTINUE
C
GEMT288
GEMT289
GEMT290
GEMT291
GEMT292
GEMT293
GEMT294
GEMT295
GEMT296
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GEMT330
GEMT331
GEMT332
GEMT333
GEMT334
GEMT335
GEMT336

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GO TO 460
IF (JP .EQ. 1) GO TO 460
JPSV = JP
IND=NIT-(JPSV-1)
DO 450 JP=1,IND
K2=NIT-JP+2
K1=NIT-JP+1
XX(K2,IT)=XX(K1,IT)
YY(K2,IT)=YY(K1,IT)
MMCD(K2,IT)=MMCD(K1,IT)
AS(K2,IT)=AS(K1,IT)
TTWD(K2,IT)=TTWD(K1,IT)
YY(JPSV,IT)=YY(L,IT)
AS(JPSV,IT)=AS(JPSV-1,IT)
TTWD(JPSV,IT)=TTWD(JPSV-1,IT)
XX(JPSV,IT)=(YY(JPSV,IT)-YY(JPSV-1,IT))*AS(JPSV-1,IT)+XX(JPSV-1,IT)*GEOMT352
1) MMCD(JPSV,IT)=MMCD(JPSV-1,IT)
AN(1)=AN(1)+1.
NIT=NIT+1
460 CONTINUE
470 CONTINUE
C SEQUENCE WING COORDINATES FROM TIP TO ROOT
C
N1=AN(1)+1.
DO 480 I=1,N1
480 Q(I)=YY(L,IT)
DO 520 J=1,N1
HIGH=1.
DO 490 I=1,N1
IF ((Q(I)-HIGH).GE.0.) GO TO 490
HIGH=Q(I)
IH=I
490 CONTINUE
IF (I.J.NE.1) GO TO 500
BOTSV(IT)=HIGH
KFX(IT)=IH
Q(IH)=1.
SPY(J,IT)=HIGH
IF ((IH.GT.KFX(IT))) GO TO 510
IYL(J,IT)=1
IFT(J,IT)=0
GO TO 520
IYL(J,IT)=0
IFT(J,IT)=1
500 CONTINUE
520 CONTINUE
530 CONTINUE
C
GEOMT337
GEOMT338
GEOMT339
GEOMT340
GEOMT341
GEOMT342
GEOMT343
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GEOMT346
GEOMT347
GEOMT348
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GEOMT375
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GEOMT377
GEOMT378
GEOMT379
GEOMT380
GEOMT381
GEOMT382
GEOMT383
GEOMT384
GEOMT385

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C   SELECT MAXIMUM B/2 AS THE WING SEMISSPAN. IF BOTH FIRST AND      GEOMT386
C   SECOND PLANFORMS HAVE SAME SEMISSPAN THEN THE SECOND PLANFORM IS      GEOMT387
C   TAKEN TO BE THE WING.                                                 GEOMT388
C
C   KBOT=1
DO 535 IT = 1,IPLAN
IF(BOTSV(IT)).GE.ABS(BOTSV(KBOT)) KBOT = IT
535 CONTINUE
BOT=BOTSV(KBOT)

C   COMPUTE NOMINAL HORSESHOE VORTEX WIDTH ALONG WING SURFACE
C
C   DO 570 IT = 1,IPLAN
TSPAN(IT) = 0.0
ISAVE = KFX(IT) - 1
I = KFX(IT) - 2
540 IF(I.EQ.0.) GOTO 550
IF(ITTWO(IT,IT).EQ.TTWD(ISAVE,IT)) GOTO 560
550 CTWD = COS(ATAN(ITT4D(ISAVE,IT)))
TLGTH = (YY((ISAVE+1,IT)-YY(I+1,IT))/CTWD
TSPAN(IT) = TSPAN(IT) + TLGTH
IF (I.EQ.0.) GO TO 570
ISAVE = I
560 I=I-1
GO TO 540
570 CONTINUE
VI = TSPAN(KBOT) / VIC
VSTOL = VI/2

C   ELIMINATE PLANFORM BREAKPOINTS WHICH ARE WITHIN (B/2)/2000 UNITS
C   LATERALLY
C
C   DO 630 IT=1,IPLAN
N=AN(IT)
N1=N+1
DO 630 J=1,N
AA=ABS(SPY(J,IT)-SPY(J+1,IT))
IF((AA.EQ.0.OR AA.GT.ABS(TSPAN(KBOT)/2000.)) GOTO 630
IF (AA.GT.YTOL) WRITE (6,1010) SPY(J+1,IT),SPY(J,IT)
DO 620 I=1,N1
IF (YY(I,IT).NE.SPY(J+1,IT)) GO TO 620
YY(I,IT)=SPY(J,IT)
620 CONTINUE
SPY(J+1,IT)=SPY(J,IT)
630 CONTINUE
C   COMPUTE Z COORDINATES
C
DO 670 IT=1,IPLAN

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      JM=NL=AN(IT)+1.
      DO 640 JZ=1,N1
      ZZ(JZ,IT)=RTCDHT(IT)
      JZ=1
      JZ=JZ+1
      IF (JZ.GT.KFX(IT)) GO TO 660
      ZZ(JZ,IT)=ZZ(JZ-1,IT)+(YY(JZ,IT)-YY(JZ-1,IT))*TTWD(JZ-1,IT)
      GO TO 650
      JM=JM-1
      IF (JM.EQ.KFX(IT)) GO TO 670
      ZZ(JM,IT)=ZZ(JM+1,IT)+(YY(JM,IT)-YY(JM+1,IT))*TTWD(JM,IT)
      GO TO 660
      CONTINUE
C     WRITE PLANFORM PERIMETER POINTS ACTUALLY USED IN THE COMPUTATIONS
C
      WRITE (6,900)
      DO 690 IT=1,IPLAN
      N=AN(IT)
      N1=N+1
      IF(IPLAN.GT.1) WRITE(6,1000) NUMBER(IT)
      DO 680 KK=1,N
      TOUT=ATAN(UTWO(KK,IT))*RAD
      AOUT=ATAN(AS(CK,IT))*RAD
      IF (AS(CK,IT).EQ.AZY) AOUT=90.
      WRITE (6,910) KK,XX(KK,IT),YY(KK,IT),ZZ(KK,IT),AOUT,TOUT,MMC0(KK,1)GEOMT460
      IT)
      CONTINUE
      WRITE (6,910) N1,XX(N1,IT),YY(N1,IT),ZZ(N1,IT)
      CONTINUE
C     PART ONE - SECTION THREE - LAY OUT YAWED HORSESHOE VORTICES
C
      TRUE=0.
      DO 695 IT = 1,IPLAN
      NSSWSV(IT) = 0
      MSV(IT) = 0
      MSTOT = 0
      NS4TOT = 0
      DO 780 IT=1,IPLAN
      N1=AN(IT)+1.
      I=0
      J=1
      YIN=BOTSV(IT)
      ILEITE=KFX(IT)
      DETERMINE SPANWISE BORDERS OF HORSESHOE VORTICES
      IXL=IXT=0
      I=I+1
      GEOMT435
      GEOMT436
      GEOMT437
      GEOMT438
      GEOMT439
      GEOMT440
      GEOMT441
      GEOMT442
      GEOMT443
      GEOMT444
      GEOMT445
      GEOMT446
      GEOMT447
      GEOMT448
      GEOMT449
      GEOMT450
      GEOMT451
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      GEOMT472
      GEOMT473
      GEOMT474
      GEOMT475
      GEOMT476
      GEOMT477
      GEOMT478
      GEOMT479
      GEOMT480
      GEOMT481
      GEOMT482
      GEOMT483
      695
      CONTINUE
      680
      CONTINUE
      690
      CONTINUE

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CPHI = COS(ATAN(TTWD(ILE,IT)))
IF (YIN.GE.(SPY(J,IT)+VSTOL*CPHI)) GO TO 710
C BORDER IS WITHIN VORTEX SPACING TOLERANCE (VSTOL) OF BREAKPOINT
C THEREFORE USE THE NEXT BREAKPOINT INBOARD FOR THE BORDER
VBORD(I)=YIN
GO TO 740
C USE NOMINAL VORTEX SPACING TO DETERMINE THE BORDER
710 VBORD(I)=SPY(J,IT)
C COMPUTE SUBSCRIPTS ILE AND IT TO INDICATE WHICH
C BREAKPOINTS ARE ADJACENT AND WHETHER THEY ARE ON THE WING LEADING
C EDGE OR THE TRAILING EDGE
720 IF (J.GE.NI) GO TO 730
IF (SPY(J,IT).NE.SPY(J+1,IT)) GO TO 730
IXL=IXL+IYL(J,IT)
IXT=IXT+IYT(J,IT)
J=J+1
GO TO 720
730 YIN=SPY(J,IT)
IXL=IXL+IYL(J,IT)
IXT=IXT+IYT(J,IT)
J=J+1
CONTINUE
IPHI=ILE-IXL
IF (J.GE.NI) IPHI=1
YIN=YIN-VI*COS(ATAN(TTWD(IPHI,IT)))
IF (I.NE.1) GO TO 760
750 ILE=ILE-IXL
ITE=ITE+IXT
GO TO 700
C COMPUTE COORDINATES FOR CHORDWISE ROW OF HORSESHOE VORTICES
760 YO=(VBORD(I-1)+VBORD(I))/2.
HW=(VBORD(I)-VBORD(I-1))/2.
IM1=I+NSWTOT
ZH((IM1)=Z(Z(ILE,IT)+(YQ-YY(ILE,IT))*TTWD(ILE,IT))
PHI((IM1)=TTWD(ILE,IT))
SSW((IM1)=AS(ILE,IT)
XLE=XX(ILE,IT)+AS(ILE,IT)*(YO-YY(ILE,IT))
XTE=XX(ITE,IT)+AS(ITE,IT)*(YO-YY(ITE,IT))
XLOCAL=(XLE-XTE)/TBLSCW(IM1)
C COMPUTE WING AREA PROJECTED TO THE X - Y PLANE
780 STRUE=TRUE*XLOCAL*TBLSCW(IM1)*(HW*2.)*2.
C NSCW=TBLSCW(IM1)
DO 770 JCW=1,NSCW
AJCW=JCW-1
XLE=XLE-AJCW*XLOCAL
NTS=JCW+MSTOT
GEOMT532

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PN(NTS)=XLEL-.25*XLOCAL
PY(NTS)=XLEL-.75*XLOCAL
PSI(NTS)=((XLE-PN(NTS))*AS(ITE,IT)+(PN(NTS)-XTE)*AS(ILE,IT))/(XLE-GEOFIT)
1 XTE
      S(NTS)=HW/C PHI
      Q(NTS)=YQ
      CONTINUE
      MSV(IT)=MSV(IT)+NSCN
      MSTOT = MSTOT + NSCN
C      TEST TO DETERMINE WHEN WING ROOT IS REACHED
C      IF (VBORD(1).LT.YREG(1,IT)) GO TO 750
C
      NSSWSV(IT)=1-1
      NSWTOT = NSWTOT + NSSWSV(IT)
C      CONTINUE
      M = 0
      DO 781 IT = 1,IPLAN
      M = M + MSV(IT)
      781 CONTINUE
C      COMPUTE ASPECT RATIO AND AVERAGE CHORD
C
      BOT=-BOT
      AR=4.*BOT*BOT/SREF
      ARTRUE=4.*BOT*BOT/STRUE
      CAVE=STTRUE/(2.*BOT)
      BETA=(1.-MACH*MACH)**.5
C
      READ IN THE -ALP- VALUES. IF TWIST(ITT) = 0.,
      THEN BYPASS THE READ AND SIMPLY SET THEM TO 0.
C
      DEGRAD = 1. / RAD
      ISTART = 0
      IEND = 0
      INDXTBL = 0
      DO 810 ITT = 1,IPLAN
      JPANGE = NSSWSV(ITT)
      DO 805 J = 1,JRANGE
      INDXTBL = INDXTBL + 1
      NUMJALP = TBLSCW(INDXTBL)
      ISTART = IEND + 1
      IEND = IEND + NUMJALP
      IF (TWIST(ITT) .EQ. 0.) GO TO 795
      READ(5,985) (ALP(I TOE),ITOE=ISTART,IEND)
      IF (TWIST(ITT) .EQ. 1.) GO TO 805
      DO 790 ITDE = ISTART,IEND
      ALP(I TOE) = ALP(I TOE) * DEGRAD
      CONTINUE
      985

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    GO TO 805
  795  DO 800 ITOE = ISTART,IEND
        ALP(ITOE) = 0.0
  800    CONTINUE
  805    CONTINUE
  810    CONTINUE
C
C
C      WRITE (6,1040) M
      WRITE (6,1050) (IT,MSV(IT)),NSSWSV(IT),IT-1,IPLAN)
      NUMHORV = SCW
      IF ( SCW .NE. 0. ) GO TO 815

C      SCW = 0, SO THE USER INPUT THE VALUES OF -TBLSCW-.
C      CHECK THE NUMBER OF INPUT STATIONS, -STA-, AGAINST
C      THE NUMBER COMPUTED IN -NSSWSV-
C
      WRITE(6,1030) (TBLSCW(I),I=1,NSTA)
      I = 0
      DO 813 ITT = 1,IPLAN
        J = STA(ITT)
        IF (J .NE. NSSWSV(ITT)) I = 1
  813    CONTINUE
        IF (I .EQ. 0) GO TO 815
        M = -1
        WRITE(6,1090)
        GO TO 2000

C      815 WRITE(6,1020) NUMHORV
      817 CONTINUE

C      PLOT PLANFORM CONFIGURATIONS ON THE
C      LINE PRINTER
C
C      CALL PLANPLT(IPLAN,XX,YY,AN,O,O)
C
C      APPLY PRANDTL-GLAUERT CORRECTION
C
      DO 820 NV=1,M
        PSI(NV)=ATAN(PSI(NV)/BETA)
        PN(NV)=PN(NV)/BETA
        PV(NV)=PV(NV)/BETA
        GD TO 2000
  820    ICODEOF=1
        WRITE (6,930) CONFIG
        GO TO 2000
  830    ICODEOF=2
        WRITE (6,940) K,IT
  840

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      GO TO 2000
  850  ICODEOF=3
      WRITE (6,970) PTEST,QTEST
      GO TO 2000
C
C
  860  FORMAT (1H1//63X,13HGEOMETRY DATA)
  870  FORMAT (//45X,A10,22HREFERENCE PLANFORM HAS,I3,7H CURVES//12X,19HGEOMT631
          1ROOT CHORD HEIGHT *,F12.5,4X,29HVARIABLE SWEEP PIVOT POSITION,4X,6GEOMT632
          2HX(S) *,F12.5,5X,6HY(S) *,F12.5//46X,40HBREAK POINTS FOR THE REFERGEOMT633
          3ENCE PLANFORM /)
          GEOMT634
          880  FORMAT(16F5.1)
          GEOMT635
          885  FORMAT(8F10.6)
          GEOMT636
          890  FORMAT(1H1,/,47X,16HCONFIGURATION :,2A10)
          GEOMT637
          900  FORMAT (22X,5HPOINT,6X,1HX,11X,1HY,11X,1H2,10X,5HSWEEP,7X,8HDIHEDRGEDOMT638
          1AL,4X,4HMOVE/68X,5HANGLE,8X,5HANGLE,6X,4HCODE/)
          GEOMT639
          910  FORMAT (20X,15,3F12.5,2F14.5,16)
          GEOMT640
          920  FORMAT (/40X,5HCURVE,13,5H IS SWEEP,F12.5,20H DEGREES ON PLANFORM,GEOMT641
          1I3)
          GEOMT642
          930  FORMAT(1H1,/,41X,
          $ 43HEND OF FILE ENCOUNTERED AFTER CONFIGURATION '1X,2A10)
          GEOMT643
          940  FORMAT (1H1//1RX,45HTHE FIRST VARIABLE SWEEP CURVE SPECIFIED (K =GEOMT644
          1,I3,44H ) DOES NOT HAVE AN M CODE OF 2 FOR PLANFORM,I4)
          GEOMT645
          950  FORMAT(2A10.8F5.2,7F2.0)
          GEOMT646
          960  FORMAT (26X,15,2F12.5,2F16.5,4X,14)
          GEOMT647
          970  FORMAT (1H1//30X,3BERROR - PROGRAM CANNOT PROCESS PTEST *,F5.1,12GEOMT648
          1H AND QTEST *,F5.1)
          GEOMT649
          980  FORMAT (//48X,35HBREAK POINTS FOR THIS CONFIGURATION//)
          GEOMT650
          990  FORMAT (28X,5HPOINT,6X,1HX,11X,1HY,11X,5HSWEEP,10X,8HDIHEDRAL,7X,4GEOMT651
          1HMOVE/38X,3HREF,9X,3HREF,10X,5HANGLE,11X,5HANGLE,9X,4HCODE/)
          GEOMT652
          1000  FORMAT (//52X,A10,22H PLANFORM BREAK POINTS/)
          GEOMT653
          1010  FORMAT (//725X,34HTHE BREAKPOINT LOCATED SPANNWISE AT,F11.5,3X,20HGEOMT654
          1HAS BEEN ADJUSTED TO,F9.5//)
          GEOMT655
          1020  FORMAT(1H0,43X,15,
          $ 41H HORSESHOE VORTICES IN EACH CHORDWISE ROW )
          GEOMT656
          1030  FORMAT (//23X,96HTABLE OF HORSESHOE VORTICES IN EACH CHORDWISE ROW
          1(FROM TIP TO ROOT BEGINNING WITH FIRST PLANFORM)/25F5.0)
          GEOMT657
C
          1040  FORMAT(//,53X,
          $ 30H HORSESHOE VORTEX SUMMARY TABLE ,/,
          $ 33X, 15, 37H HORSESHOE VORTICES USED ON THE LEFT,
          $ 27H HALF OF THIS CONFIGURATION ,/,
          $ 50X,EPLANFORM,7X,5HTOTAL,8X,8HSPANWISE,/)
          GEOMT658
          1050  FORMAT (52X,14,10X,13,11X,14)
          GEOMT659
          1060  FORMAT(1H1, 9X, 22H A T A L E R R O R ,/,
          $ 10X, 46H YOU ARE REQUESTING A VORTEX LIFT SOLUTION FOR ,/,
          $ 10X, 46H A CAMBERED WING WITH -CLOSES- NOT EQUAL TO 100. ,/
          GEOMT660
          GEOMT661
          GEOMT662
          GEOMT663
          GEOMT664
          GEOMT665
          GEOMT666
          GEOMT667
          GEOMT668
          GEOMT669
          GEOMT670
          GEOMT671
          GEOMT672
          GEOMT673
          GEOMT674
          GEOMT675
          GEOMT676
          GEOMT677
          GEOMT678
          GEOMT679

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      S 10X, 46HTHIS WILL NOT YIELD ACCURATE RESULTS. PLEASE ,/, )
      S 10X, 46HRESUBMIT WITH -CLDES- = 100.
      1070 FORMAT(1H1,9X,22HF A T A L E R R O R ,/
      S 10X,39HTHE VALUE OF -VIC- IS TOO SCALL. PLEASE ,/, )
      S 10X,30HMAKE CORRECTIONS AND RESUBMIT. )

C   1080 FORMAT(1H1,9X,22HF A T A L E R R O R ,/, )
      S 10X,34HTHE VALUE OF -SCH- MUST BE GREATER ,/, )
      S 10X,28H THAN 2 FOR THIS COMBINATION. )

C   1090 FORMAT(1H1,9X,22HF A T A L E R R O R ,/, )
      S 10X,*YOUR INPUT VALUES FOR -STA- DID NOT *,/, )
      S 10X,*MATCH UP WITH THE NUMBER OF SPANWISE*,/, )
      S 10X,*STATIONS COMPUTED. REFEF TO THE HORSESHOE *,/, )
      S 10X,*VOPTEX SUMMARY TABLE ABOVE TO OBTAIN THE *,/, )
      S 10X,*PROPER VALUES FOR -STA- PER PLANFORM*,/, )

C   1100 FORMAT(1H1,9X,22HF A T A L E R R O R ,/, )
      S 10X,*YOU HAVE REQUESTED THE FLOWFIELD OPTION, BUT*,/, )
      S 1CX,*HAVE SPECIFIED -CLDES- INCORRECTLY (*,F5,1,*) *,/, )
      S 10X,*PLEASE MAKE CORRECTIONS AND RESUBMIT. *,/, )

C   1110 FORMAT(1H1,9X,22HF A T A L E R R O R ,/, )
      S 10X,*THE SIDE-EDGE FORCE IS NOT PROPERLY COMPUTED *)
      2000 CONTINUE
      END
      SUBROUTINE PLANPL(IPLAN,XX,YY,AN,ICON,ITHETA)

C   THIS ROUTINE PREPARES A PLOT DIAGRAM OF THE
C   INPUT PLANFORM CONFIGURATION(S) FOR THE LINE
C   PRINTER

C   IPLAN--NUMBER OF PLANFORMS TO BE PLOTTED
C   XX --X COORDINATE ARRAY DIMENSIONED 25 X 4
C   YY --Y COORDINATE ARRAY DIMENSIONED 25 X 4
C   AN --NUMBER OF POINTS IN PLANFORM LESS ONE

C   ICON --O REQUESTS CONTOUR DRAWINGS.
C   ITHETA--ANGLE OF ROTATION DESIRED IN DEGREES,
C           O FOR NO ROTATION

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C   DIMENSION XX(25,4), YY(25,4), AN(4)
C   DIMENSION NARRAY(100)
C   DIMENSION XXX(25,4), YY(25,4)
C   DIMENSION NXX(26,4), NY(26,4), NCHAR(4)
C   DIMENSION IXPTS(50)
C   PLANPL17
C   PLANPL18
C   PLANPL19
C   PLANPL20
C   PLANPL21
C   PLANPL22
C   PLANPL23

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C      DATA NARRAY /100*1H /
C      DATA IPLUS /1H+/          PLANPL24
C      DATA IBLANK /10H          PLANPL25
C      DATA NCHAR/1H#,1H#,1H#/    PLANPL26
C      DATA YMIN /99999.0/, YMAX /-99999.0/   PLANPL27
C      DATA XMIN /99999.0/, XMAX /-99999.0/   PLANPL28
C
C      ROTATE PLANFORM($)
C
C      THETA = ITHETA * (3.14159/180)          PLANPL29
C      CANS = COS (THETA)                      PLANPL30
C      SANS = SIN (THETA)                      PLANPL31
C      DO 5 I = 1, IPLAN                      PLANPL32
C      M = AN(I) + 1                          PLANPL33
C      DO 5 N = 1,M                          PLANPL34
C      XXX(N,I) = XX(N,I) * CANS - YY(N,I) * SANS
C      YYY(N,I) = XX(N,I) * SANS + YY(N,I) * CANS          PLANPL35
C
C      5  CONTINUE
C
C      RESCALE ALL X AND Y COORDINATES          PLANPL36
C      Y IS 6 PER INCH ON THE LINE PRINTER, MAX 7 INCHES
C      X IS 10 PER INCH, MAX 10 INCHES          PLANPL37
C
C      FIND MINIMUM AND MAXIMUM COORDINATES
C      DO 10 I = 1,IPLAN                      PLANPL38
C      M = AN(I) + 1                          PLANPL39
C      DO 20 N = 1,M                          PLANPL40
C      IF (YYY(N,I) .LT. YMIN) YMIN = YYY(N,I)
C      IF (YYY(N,I) .GT. YMAX) YMAX = YYY(N,I)
C      IF (XXX(N,I) .LT. XMIN) XMIN = XXX(N,I)
C      IF (XXX(N,I) .GT. XMAX) XMAX = XXX(N,I)
C
C      10  CONTINUE
C
C      VALUES USED AS SUBSCRIPTS SHOULD BE GREATER
C      THAN OR EQUAL TO 1                         PLANPL41
C
C      IF (YMIN .GT. 0.0) YUP= 0.0 - YMIN
C      IF (YMIN .LE. 0.0) YUP = ABS(YMIN)          PLANPL42
C      DO 70 I = 1,IPLAN
C      M = AN(I) + 1
C      DO 80 N = 1,M
C      YYY(N,I) = YYY(N,I) + YUP + 1.0          PLANPL43
C
C      70  CONTINUE
C      YMAX = YMAX + YUP + 1
C      YMIN = YMIN + YUP + 1.0          PLANPL44
C
C      80  CONTINUE
C
C      90  CONTINUE
C
C      70  CONTINUE
C
C      YMAX = YMAX + YUP + 1
C      YMIN = YMIN + YUP + 1.0          PLANPL45
C
C      90  CONTINUE
C
C      70  CONTINUE
C
C      YMAX = YMAX + YUP + 1
C      YMIN = YMIN + YUP + 1.0          PLANPL46
C
C      90  CONTINUE
C
C      70  CONTINUE
C
C      YMAX = YMAX + YUP + 1
C      YMIN = YMIN + YUP + 1.0          PLANPL47
C
C      90  CONTINUE
C
C      70  CONTINUE
C
C      YMAX = YMAX + YUP + 1
C      YMIN = YMIN + YUP + 1.0          PLANPL48
C
C      90  CONTINUE
C
C      70  CONTINUE
C
C      YMAX = YMAX + YUP + 1
C      YMIN = YMIN + YUP + 1.0          PLANPL49
C
C      90  CONTINUE
C
C      70  CONTINUE
C
C      YMAX = YMAX + YUP + 1
C      YMIN = YMIN + YUP + 1.0          PLANPL50
C
C      90  CONTINUE
C
C      70  CONTINUE
C
C      YMAX = YMAX + YUP + 1
C      YMIN = YMIN + YUP + 1.0          PLANPL51
C
C      90  CONTINUE
C
C      70  CONTINUE
C
C      YMAX = YMAX + YUP + 1
C      YMIN = YMIN + YUP + 1.0          PLANPL52
C
C      90  CONTINUE
C
C      70  CONTINUE
C
C      YMAX = YMAX + YUP + 1
C      YMIN = YMIN + YUP + 1.0          PLANPL53
C
C      90  CONTINUE
C
C      70  CONTINUE
C
C      YMAX = YMAX + YUP + 1
C      YMIN = YMIN + YUP + 1.0          PLANPL54
C
C      90  CONTINUE
C
C      70  CONTINUE
C
C      YMAX = YMAX + YUP + 1
C      YMIN = YMIN + YUP + 1.0          PLANPL55
C
C      90  CONTINUE
C
C      70  CONTINUE
C
C      YMAX = YMAX + YUP + 1
C      YMIN = YMIN + YUP + 1.0          PLANPL56
C
C      90  CONTINUE
C
C      70  CONTINUE
C
C      YMAX = YMAX + YUP + 1
C      YMIN = YMIN + YUP + 1.0          PLANPL57
C
C      90  CONTINUE
C
C      70  CONTINUE
C
C      YMAX = YMAX + YUP + 1
C      YMIN = YMIN + YUP + 1.0          PLANPL58
C
C      90  CONTINUE
C
C      70  CONTINUE
C
C      YMAX = YMAX + YUP + 1
C      YMIN = YMIN + YUP + 1.0          PLANPL59
C
C      90  CONTINUE
C
C      70  CONTINUE
C
C      YMAX = YMAX + YUP + 1
C      YMIN = YMIN + YUP + 1.0          PLANPL60
C
C      90  CONTINUE
C
C      70  CONTINUE
C
C      YMAX = YMAX + YUP + 1
C      YMIN = YMIN + YUP + 1.0          PLANPL61
C
C      90  CONTINUE
C
C      70  CONTINUE
C
C      YMAX = YMAX + YUP + 1
C      YMIN = YMIN + YUP + 1.0          PLANPL62
C
C      90  CONTINUE
C
C      70  CONTINUE
C
C      YMAX = YMAX + YUP + 1
C      YMIN = YMIN + YUP + 1.0          PLANPL63
C
C      90  CONTINUE
C
C      70  CONTINUE
C
C      YMAX = YMAX + YUP + 1
C      YMIN = YMIN + YUP + 1.0          PLANPL64
C
C      90  CONTINUE
C
C      70  CONTINUE
C
C      YMAX = YMAX + YUP + 1
C      YMIN = YMIN + YUP + 1.0          PLANPL65
C
C      90  CONTINUE
C
C      70  CONTINUE
C
C      YMAX = YMAX + YUP + 1
C      YMIN = YMIN + YUP + 1.0          PLANPL66
C
C      90  CONTINUE
C
C      70  CONTINUE
C
C      YMAX = YMAX + YUP + 1
C      YMIN = YMIN + YUP + 1.0          PLANPL67
C
C      90  CONTINUE
C
C      70  CONTINUE
C
C      YMAX = YMAX + YUP + 1
C      YMIN = YMIN + YUP + 1.0          PLANPL68
C
C      90  CONTINUE
C
C      70  CONTINUE
C
C      YMAX = YMAX + YUP + 1
C      YMIN = YMIN + YUP + 1.0          PLANPL69
C
C      90  CONTINUE
C
C      70  CONTINUE
C
C      YMAX = YMAX + YUP + 1
C      YMIN = YMIN + YUP + 1.0          PLANPL70
C
C      90  CONTINUE
C
C      70  CONTINUE
C
C      YMAX = YMAX + YUP + 1
C      YMIN = YMIN + YUP + 1.0          PLANPL71
C
C      90  CONTINUE
C
C      70  CONTINUE
C
C      YMAX = YMAX + YUP + 1
C      YMIN = YMIN + YUP + 1.0          PLANPL72
C
C
C

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C
C      IF (XMIN .GT. 0.0) XUP = 0.0 - XMIN
C      IF (XMIN .LE. 0.0) XUP = ABS(XMIN)
DO 85 I = 1, IPLAN
  M = AN(I) + 1
  DO 90 N = 1,M
    XXX(N,I) = XXX(N,I) + XUP + 1.0
    CONTINUE
  85  CONTINUE
    XMAX = XMAX + XUP + 1.0
    XMIN = XMIN + XUP + 1.0
C
C      C FIND Y SCALING FACTOR--MAXIMUM 42 LINES
C      YDIM = YMAX
C      YSCALE = 42.0/YDIM
C      FIND X SCALING FACTOR--10 CHARACTERS PER INCH
C      AND IN PROPORTION TO Y INCHES
C      XSCALE = YSCALE * 1.666
C      XDIM = XMAX * XSCALE
C      IF (XDIM .LE. 100.49) GO TO 30
C      SCALED X DIMENSION IS GREATER THAN 100, RESCALE
C      RESCALE = 100.0/XDIM
C      YSCALE = YSCALE * RESCALE
C      XSCALE = XSCALE * RESCALE
C
C      COMPUTE ALL RESCALED X AND Y COORDINATES,
C      ROUNDING EACH
DO 40 I = 1, IPLAN
  M = AN(I) + 1
  DO 50 N = 1,M
    QXX = XXX(N,I) * XSCALE * 10.0 + 5.0
    NXX(N,I) = PXX/10.0
    RYY = YYY(N,I) * YSCALE * 10.0 + 5.0
    NYY(N,I) = RYY/10.0
    CONTINUE
  40  CONTINUE
C
C      FIND INTEGER MAXIMA AND MINIMA
C      YMAX = YMAX * YSCALE * 10.0 + 5.0
      MAXYY = YMAX/10.0
      YMIN = YMIN * YSCALE * 10.0 + 5.0
      MINYY = YMIN/10
      XMAX = XMAX * XSCALE * 10.0 + 5.0
      MAXXX = XMAX/10.0
      XMIN = XMIN * XSCALE * 10.0 + 5.0
      MINXX = XMIN/10.0
C
PLANPL73
PLANPL74
PLANPL75
PLANPL76
PLANPL77
PLANPL78
PLANPL79
PLANPL80
PLANPL81
PLANPL82
PLANPL83
PLANPL84
PLANPL85
PLANPL86
PLANPL87
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PLANPL90
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PLANPL104
PLANPL105
PLANPL106
PLANPL107
PLANPL108
PLANPL109
PLANPL110
PLANPL111
PLANPL112
PLANPL113
PLANPL114
PLANPL115
PLANPL116
PLANPL117
PLANPL118
PLANPL119
PLANPL120
PLANPL121

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C CENTER THE DATA
C
C ICNTER = ((100 - (MAXXX - MINXX)) / 2) - MINXX
C   DO 65 I = 1,IPLAN
C     M = AN(I) + 1
C     DO 65 N = 1,M
C       NXX(N,I) = NXX(N,I) + ICNTER
C
C 65  CONTINUE
C
C   WRITE HEADING
C   60  WRITE(6,802) (I,NCHAR(I),I=1,IPLAN)
C   802 FORMAT(1H1,51X,34HAPPROXIMATE PLANFORM CONFIGURATION,/ *
C             *(4X,9HPLANFORM ,12,6H IS ,A1))
C
C   DRAW THE INPUT PLANFORM CONFIGURATIONS
C
C   FOR EACH SCAN LINE
C
C   DO 500 ISCAN = MINYY,MAXYY
C     CARRIAGE CONTROL FOR THE FIRST PLANFORM ON A LINE
C     * IS BLANK, AFTERWARDS IT IS A PLUS
C
C   ICC = 1BLANK
C
C   FOR EACH PLANFORM
C     FIND POINTS ON THIS SCAN LINE
C
C   DO 400 I = 1,IPLAN
C     M = AN(I) + 1
C     FIND BREAKPOINTS ON THIS LINE
C
C   DO 110 N = 1,M
C     IF (NYY(N,I) .EQ. ISCAN) NARRAY (NXX(N,I)) = NCHAR(I)
C
C   110  CONTINUE
C
C     INSURE A CLOSED PLANFORM
C     NXX(I+1,I) = NXX(1,I)
C     NYY(M+1,I) = NYY(1,I)
C
C     OFFSET SCAN LINE TO INSURE VERTICES ARE NOT INTERSECTED
C
C     SCAN = ISCAN + 0.1
C
C     FIND POINTS AT WHICH SCAN LINE INTERSECTS LINE
C     SEGMENTS
C
C     ICOOUNT = 0
C     FOR EACH LINE SEGMENT...
C     DO 300 N = 1,M
C       IF THIS SEGMENT IS HORIZONTAL, IT MUST BE
C
C   PLANP122
C   PLANP123
C   PLANP124
C   PLANP125
C   PLANP126
C   PLANP127
C   PLANP128
C   PLANP129
C   PLANP130
C   PLANP131
C   PLANP132
C   PLANP133
C   PLANP134
C   PLANP135
C   PLANP136
C   PLANP137
C   PLANP138
C   PLANP139
C   PLANP140
C   PLANP141
C   PLANP142
C   PLANP143
C   PLANP144
C   PLANP145
C   PLANP146
C   PLANP147
C   PLANP148
C   PLANP149
C   PLANP150
C   PLANP151
C   PLANP152
C   PLANP153
C   PLANP154
C   PLANP155
C   PLANP156
C   PLANP157
C   PLANP158
C   PLANP159
C   PLANP160
C   PLANP161
C   PLANP162
C   PLANP163
C   PLANP164
C   PLANP165
C   PLANP166
C   PLANP167
C   PLANP168
C   PLANP169
C   PLANP170

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C FILLED SEPARATELY.
C
C IF (ISCAN .NE. NYX(N,I) ) GO TO 120
C IF (NYY(N+1,I) .NE. NYY(N,I) ) GO TO 120
C ILEFT = MINO(NXX(N,I),NXX(N+1,I))
C IRIGHT = MAXO(NXX(N,I),NXX(N+1,I))
C DO 130 J = ILEFT,IRIGHT
C     NAPRAY(J) = NICHAR(I)
C CONTINUE
C ICOUNT = ICOUNT + 1
C MAXXX = MAXO(NXX(N,I),NXX(N+1,I))
C MINXXX = MINO(NXX(N,I),NXX(N+1,I))
C IXPTS(ICOUNT) = MINXXX
C ICOUNT = ICOUNT + 1
C IXPTS(ICOUNT) = MAXXXX
C
C 120 RYMAX = AMAXO(NYY(N,I),NYY(N+1,I))
C      RYMIN = AMINO(NYY(N,I),NYY(N+1,I))
C      IF (SCAN .LT. RYMIN .OR. SCAN .GT. RYMAX ) GO TO 300
C
C THE SCAN LINE WILL INTERSECT
C THIS SEGMENT
C
C A = SCAN - NYY((N+1),I)
C B = NXX((N+1),I) - NXX(N,I)
C C = NYY((N+1),I) - NYY(N,I)
C      IF SEGMENT IS HORIZONTAL,
C          IGNORE IT
C      IF (NYY((N+1),I) .EQ. NYY(N,I)) GO TO 300
C          D = A * B/C
C
C THE POINT OF INTERSECTION IS
C (IPTINT,SCAN)
C
C RPTINT = (D + NXX(N+1,I)) * 10.0 + 5.0
C IPTINT = RPTINT/10.0
C MAXXXX = MAXO(NXX(N,I),NXX((N+1),I))
C MINXXX = MINO(NXX(N,I),NXX((N+1),I))
C
C IF INTERSECTION IS TO THE LEFT OR
C RIGHT OF ENDPOINTS, IGNORE IT
C
C IF (IPTINT .GT. MAXXXX .OR. IPTINT .LT. MINXXX) GO TO 300
C
C STORE AND COUNT IPTINT
C
C ICOUNT = ICOUNT + 1
C IXPTS(ICOUNT) = IPTINT
C CONTINUE
C
C

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C IF ONLY ONE INTERSECTION
C FOUND, GO TO NEXT PLANFORM OR SCANLINE
C
C IF (ICOUNT .LE. 1) GO TO 400
C
C SORT THE INTERSECTIONS. THEY
C WILL BE FILLED LEFT TO RIGHT.
C
C ICT = ICOUNT - 1
DO 310 K = 1,ICT
  INDX = ICT - K + 1
  DO 310 J = 1,INDX
    IF (IXPTS(J) .LT. IXPTS(J+1)) GO TO 310
    ITMP = IXPTS(J)
    IXPTS(J) = IXPTS(J+1)
    IXPTS(J+1) = ITMP
  310 CONTINUE
C CONTOUR DRAWING REQUESTED, PLACE
C INTERSECTION POINTS IN NARRAY
C
C IF (ICON .NE. 0) GO TO 320
DO 315 N = 1,ICOUNT
  NARRAY(IXPTS(N)) = NCHAR(I)
CONTINUE
GO TO 340
C
C CONTRAST DRAWING REQUESTED, FILL IN
C BETWEEN INTERSECTION POINTS
C
DO 330 N = 1,ICOUNT,2
  ILEFT = IXPTS(N)
  IRIGHT = IXPTS(N+1)
  DO 330 IX = ILEFT,IRIGHT
    NARRAY(IX) = NCHAR(I)
  330 CONTINUE
C
C WRITE THE LINE
C 340 WRITE(6,804) ICC,NARRAY
FORMAT (A1,10X,100A1)
C   PREPARE TO OVERWRITE THE NEXT PLANFORM
ICC = IPPLUS
C   CLEAR NARRAY FOR NEXT PLANFORM
DO 350 N = 1,100
  NARRAY(N) = IBANK
  350 CONTINUE
C 400 CONTINUE
C

```

```

      500 CONTINUE
C   RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE MATXSOL
DIMENSION YY(2),FV(2),FW(2),FVN(400)
COMMON /ALL/ BOT, BOTSV(4), H, BETA, PTEST, QTEST,
      STA(4), TBLSCW(100), YYCP(4),
      Q(400), PN(400), PV(400), ALP(400), S(400),
      PHI(100), ZH(100), CP(400), STLOIND(4),
      ALL 2
      ALL 3
      ALL 4
      ALL 5
      ALL 6
      TOTHRE 2
      TOTHRE 3
      MATXSOL6
      MATXSOL7
      MATXSOL8
      MATXSOL9
      MATXSOL10
      MATXSOL11
      MATXSOL12
      MATXSOL13
      MATXSOL14
      MATXSOL15
      MATXSOL16
      MATXSOL17
      MATXSOL18
      MATXSOL19
      MATXSOL20
      MATXSOL21
      MATXSOL22
      MATXSOL23
      MATXSOL24
      MATXSOL25
      MATXSOL26
      MATXSOL27
      MATXSOL28
      MATXSOL29
      MATXSOL30
      MATXSOL31
      MATXSOL32
      MATXSOL33
      MATXSOL34
      MATXSOL35
      MATXSOL36
      MATXSOL37
      MATXSOL38
      MATXSOL39
      MATXSOL40
      MATXSOL41

      COMMON /TOTHREE/ CIR(400,2)

      COMMON /INSUB23/ APSI,APHI,XX,YYY,ZZ,SNN,TOLC
      DIMENSION WA(200000), INDEX(2)

C   PART 2 - COMPUTE CIRCULATION TERMS

C   THE TOLERANCE SET AT THIS POINT IN THE PROGRAM MAY NEED TO BE
C   CHANGED FOR COMPUTERS OTHER THAN THE CDC 6000 SERIES

C   TOLC=(BOT*15.E-05)**2
DO 10 NV=1,M
CIR(NV,1)=12.5663704*ALP(NV)
CIR(NV,2)=12.5663704
IF (PTEST.NE.0.) CIR(NV,2)=-1.0964155*Q(NV)/BOT
IF (QTEST.NE.0.) CIR(NV,2)=-1.0964155*PV(NV)*BETA
CONTINUE
IZZ=1
NNV=TBLSCW(IZZ)
RFWIND 10
DO 70 NV=1,M
DO 20 I=1,M
FVN(I)=0.
IZ=1
NNV=TBLSCW(IZ)
DO 60 NN=1,M
      APHI=ATAN(PHI(IZ))
      APSI=PSI(NN)
      XX=PV(NV)-PN(NN)
      YY(1)=Q(1,V)-Q(NN)
      YY(2)=Q(NV)+Q(NN)
      ZZ=ZH(IZZ)-ZH(IZ)
      SNN=S(NN)
      DO 30 I=1,2
      YYYY=YY(I)

```

```

CALL INFSUB (BOT,FV(I),FW(I),FUI)
APHI=-APHI
APSI=-APSI
      CONTINUE
      IF (PTEST.NE.0.) GO TO 40
      FVN(NN)=FW(1)+FW(2)-(FV(1)+FV(2))*PHI(IIZZ)
      GO TO 50
      FVN(NN)=FW(1)-FW(2)-(FV(1)-FV(2))*PHI(IIZZ)
      40   IF (NN.LT.NNN.OR.NN.EQ.M) GO TO 60
      50   IZ=IZ+1
      NNN=NNN+TBLSCH(IZ)
      CONTINUE
      DUMB=-CIR(NV,1)
      DUMY=-CIR(NV,2)
      WRITE(10) (FVN(I),I=1,M)
      IF (NV.LT.NNV.OR.NV.EQ.M) GO TO 70
      IZZ=IZZ+1
      NNV=NNV+TBLSCH(IZZ)
      CONTINUE
      LWA = 20000
      CALL GIVENS(M,M,2,WA,LWA,CIR,10,11,IERR)
      CALL STINDX(IZ,INDEX,1,0)
      END
      SUBROUTINE GIVENS(NR,NC,NS,W,KORE,B,LSEQ,LRAF,FLAG)

C SOLVE A LARGE SET OF LINEAR EQUATIONS OF THE FORM AX = B
C IN A SMALL CENTRAL MEMORY WORKING AREA USING GIVENS
C TRIANGULARIZATION. THE SET MAY BE JVERDETERMINED. THE
C A-MATRIX IS STORED BY ROWS ON A SEQUENTIAL FILE. THE WORK-
CING AREA IS DYNAMICALLY MANAGED USING A RANDOM ACCESS
C FILE CREATED WITHIN THE MODULE.
C
C ON ENTRY
C   NR = NUMBER OF PWS OF A.
C   NC = NUMBER OF COLUMNS OF A.
C   NS = NUMBER OF RIGHT HAND SIDES.
C   W = WORKING AREA ARRAY.
C   KORE = LENGTH OF THE WORKING AREA, GE 4 * (NC + NS)
C          <IF NEGATIVE, KORE IS SET TO (CFL - W(1)) >
C   B = NP * NS MATRIX OF RIGHT HAND SIDES.
C   LSEQ = LOGICAL UNIT NUMBER OF FILE HOLDING ROWS OF A.
C   LRAF = LOGICAL UNIT NUMBER OF RANDOM ACCESS FILE.
C          (GIVENS SUBINDEXES THIS FILE. THE USER
C          MUST RESTORE THE MASTER INDEX UPON RETURN)
C
C UPON RETURN
C   B HOLDS THE NS SOLUTION VECTORS, EACH STORED OVER THE
C   FIRST NC WORDS OF THE CORRESPONDING COLUMN.
C   FLAG = 0, EXECUTION PROCEEDED NORMALLY.
C
      MATXS042
      MATXS043
      MATXS044
      MATXS045
      MATXS046
      MATXS047
      MATXS048
      MATXS049
      MATXS050
      MATXS051
      MATXS052
      MATXS053
      MATXS054
      MATXS055
      MATXS056
      MATXS057
      MATXS058
      MATXS059
      MATXS060
      MATXS061
      MATXS062
      MATXS063
      MATXS064
      GIVENS 2
      GIVENS 3
      GIVENS 4
      GIVENS 5
      GIVENS 6
      GIVENS 7
      GIVENS 8
      GIVENS 9
      GIVENS10
      GIVENS11
      GIVENS12
      GIVENS13
      GIVENS14
      GIVENS15
      GIVENS16
      GIVENS17
      GIVENS18
      GIVENS19
      GIVENS20
      GIVENS21
      GIVENS22
      GIVENS23
      GIVENS24
      GIVENS25
      GIVENS26
      GIVENS27

```

```

C      = -> WORKING AREA TOO SMALL, -(FLAG) WORDS NEEDED.
C      = +, MATRIX SINGULAR, FLAG = NUMBER OF SINGULAR ROW
C
C C.W.BOLZ AND R.W.HAMM, COMPUTER SCIENCES CORP., 1974.
C
C      DIMENSION W(KORE),B(400,2)
COMMON/HDATA/R,KM,NBLK,NRAF,NROWS,NSEQ,TOL
C      INTEGER FLAG
C      INITIALIZE
DO 4 I=1,KORE
4   W(I)=0.0
      FLAG=0
      NSEQ=LSEQ
      NRAF=LRAF
      NCS=NC+NS
      TOL=1.0E-100
      C SIZE THE WORKING AREA.
      NWA=4*(NC+NS)
      IF (KORE.GE.NWA) GO TO 1
      FLAG=-NWA
      RETURN
C
C PARTITION THE WORKING AREA. NROWS IS NUMBER OF ROWS TO BE
C PROCESSED PER REDUCTION PASS. KM IS PORTION OF WORKING
C AREA AVAILABLE FOR HOUSEKEEPING ARRAYS AND SCRATCH STORAGE
C NBLK IS NUMBER OF BLOCKS OF THE TRIANGULARIZED MATRIX.
C
1   NROWS=KORE/(2*NCS)+1
2   KM=KORE-NROWS*NCS
      NBLK=NC*NCS/(2*KM)+1
      KM=KM-3*NBLK-2
      IF (KM.GE.2*NCS-1) GO TO 3
      C NROWS OVERESTIMATED. REDUCE.
      NROWS=NROWS-1
      GO TO 2
C
C COMPUTE PARTITION (BLOCK) SIZES AND NUMBER OF ROWS IN EACH
3   NB=NBLK
      CALL BLOCKR(W,NB,NC,NCS,KORE)
C
C NOW DYNAMICALLY ALLOCATE THE WORKING AREA...
      LB=1
      LI=LB+2*NBLK
      LR=LI+NBLK+2
      LW=LW+NROWS*NCS
C
C SUBINDEX THE PANDOM ACCESS FILE.
      CALL STINDX(NRAF,W(LI),NRLK+1,0)
C
C AND SOLVE USING GIVENS TRIANGULARIZATION.
      GIVENS28
      GIVENS29
      GIVENS30
      GIVENS31
      GIVENS32
      GIVENS33
      GIVENS34
      GIVENS35
      GIVENS36
      GIVENS37
      GIVENS38
      GIVENS39
      GIVENS40
      GIVENS41
      GIVENS42
      GIVENS43
      GIVENS44
      GIVENS45
      GIVENS46
      GIVENS47
      GIVENS48
      GIVENS49
      GIVENS50
      GIVENS51
      GIVENS52
      GIVENS53
      GIVENS54
      GIVENS55
      GIVENS56
      GIVENS57
      GIVENS58
      GIVENS59
      GIVENS60
      GIVENS61
      GIVENS62
      GIVENS63
      GIVENS64
      GIVENS65
      GIVENS66
      GIVENS67
      GIVENS68
      GIVENS69
      GIVENS70
      GIVENS71
      GIVENS72
      GIVENS73
      GIVENS74
      GIVENS75
      GIVENS76

```

```

CALL TRIANG(W(LB),W(LR),W(LW),B,NR,NC,NS,NCS,NBLK,
NROWS,KM,FLAG)          GIVENS 77
C
      RETURN             GIVENS 78
      END                GIVENS 79
      SUBROUTINE BLOCKR(LBLK,NB,NC,NCS,KORE)    GIVENS 80
C
C COMPUTE SIZE OF, NUMBER OF ROWS IN, EACH PARTITION
C OF THE TRIANGULARIZED MATRIX.
C
C R.W.HAMM, COMPUTER SCIENCES CORP., 1974
C
      DIMENSION LBLK(2,NS)           GIVENS 81
      COMMON/HDATA/R_KH,NBLK,NRAF,NROWS,NSEQ,TOL   GIVENS 82
      1 NT=NC                 GIVENS 83
      IC=NC                 GIVENS 84
      NBLK=0                 GIVENS 85
      MAXW=0                 GIVENS 86
      LNG=0                  GIVENS 87
      IRW=0                  GIVENS 88
      KW=KM                  GIVENS 89
      LNG=0                  GIVENS 90
      IRW=0                  GIVENS 91
      IC=NC                 GIVENS 92
      NBLK=0                 GIVENS 93
      MAXW=0                 GIVENS 94
      LNG=0                  GIVENS 95
      IRW=0                  GIVENS 96
      KW=KM                  GIVENS 97
      LNG=0                  GIVENS 98
      IRW=0                  GIVENS 99
      IC=NC                 GIVENS 100
      NBLK=0                 GIVENS 101
      MAXW=0                 GIVENS 102
      LNG=0                  GIVENS 103
      IRW=0                  GIVENS 104
      KW=KM                  GIVENS 105
      LNG=0                  GIVENS 106
      IRW=IRW+1              GIVENS 107
      NT=NT-1                GIVENS 108
      LNG=LNG+NT            GIVENS 109
      IRW=IRW+1              GIVENS 110
      KW=KW-NT               GIVENS 111
      LNG=LNG+NT            GIVENS 112
      IRW=IRW+1              GIVENS 113
      KW=KW-NT               GIVENS 114
      LNG=LNG+NT            GIVENS 115
      IRW=IRW+1              GIVENS 116
      IC=IC-IRW              GIVENS 117
      IF((IC.GT.0) GO TO 2  GIVENS 118
C
C TEST IF WORKING AREA OVERRUN. MAXW = MAX.PARTITION SIZE.
C
      NW=JPOS*MAXW+NCS*NPOWS+3*NBLK+2
      NOIF=KCRE-NWPODS
      IF(NOIF) 5,7,6
      5 WORKING AREA OVERRUN. REDUCE BLOCK SIZE AND REITERATE.
      7 KM=KM+NOIF
      GO TO 1
      GIVENS 119
      GIVENS 120
      GIVENS 121
      GIVENS 122
      GIVENS 123
      GIVENS 124
      GIVENS 125

```

```

C UNDERESTIMATED. CAN WE INCREASE NROWS...
6 NROWS=NROWS+NDIFF/NCS
  KM=MAXW
7 RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE TRIANG(LBLK,ROWS,W,B,NR,NC,NS,NCS,NB,
NRW,KMAX,FLAG)

C TRIANGULARIZE THE AUGMENTED MATRIX USING PLANE
C ROTATIONS, THEN BACK-SUBSTITUTE FOR SOLUTIONS.

C R.W.HAMM AND C.W.BOLZ, COMPUTER SCIENCES CORP., 1974.

C
DIMENSIONLBLK(2,NB),ROWS(NCS,NRW),W(KMAX),B(400,2)
COMMON/HDATA/R/KM,NBLK,NRAF,NROWS,NSEQ,TOL
INTEGER FLAG

C INITIALIZE SCRATCH FILE NRAF TO SIMPLIFY LATER LOGIC.
DC 1 I=1,KM
1 W(I)=0.0
DO 2 N=1,NBLK
LNG=LBLK(1,N)
CALL WPIIMS(NRAF,W,LNG,N)
2 CONTINUE
NCSP=NCS+1
IR=0

C TRIANGULARIZATION LOOP. READ NROWS ROWS PER PASS, AUGMENT.
REWIND NSEQ
DO 15 IRSET=1,NR,NROWS
DO 4 JRR=1,NROWS
CALL BUFFIN(NSEQ,ROWS(1,JRR),NC,IEOF)
IF (IEOF.EQ.0) GO TO 5
JR=JPR
IS=IP+JR
DO 3 J=1,NS
NCJ=NC+J
ROWS(NCJ,JR)=B(IS,J)
3 CONTINUE
4
5 IRZ=IR+JR
IR=IR+1
NRWZ=0

C READ IN A BLOCK AND SET ITS ROW INDICES.
DO 13 I=1,NBLK
LNG=LBLK(1,N)
NRW=NRWZ+
NRWZ=LBLK(2,N)+NRWZ
IF (I>R.LT.NPWA) GO TO 14
TRIANG45
TRIANG44
TRIANG43
TRIANG42
TRIANG41
TRIANG40
TRIANG39
TRIANG38
TRIANG37
TRIANG36
TRIANG35
TRIANG34
TRIANG33
TRIANG32
TRIANG31
TRIANG30
TRIANG29
TRIANG28
TRIANG27
TRIANG26
TRIANG25
TRIANG24
TRIANG23
TRIANG22
TRIANG21
TRIANG20
TRIANG19
TRIANG18
TRIANG17
TRIANG16
TRIANG15
TRIANG14
TRIANG13
TRIANG12
TRIANG11
TRIANG10
TRIANG9
TRIANG8
TRIANG7
TRIANG6
TRIANG5
TRIANG4
TRIANG3
TRIANG2
TRIANG1

```

```

      CALL READMS(INRAF,W,LNG,N)
C LOOP THROUGH ROWS READ IN THIS PASS,
      LP=0
      DO 12 I=IR,IRR
         LR=LR+1
         JJ=1
C AND PROCESS ROWS OF THIS BLOCK.
         DO 11 J=NRWA,NRWZ
            IF(I-J) 12,9,6
            AB=RROWS(J,LR)
            IF(ABS(AB).LT.TOL) GO TO 8
            R=SQRT(AB*AB+W(JJ)*W(JJ))
            IF(R.LT.TOL) GO TO 8
            C=W(JJ)/R
            S=AB/R
            W(JJ)=R
            JP=J+1
            KK=JJ+1
C ELIMINATE ELEMENT J OF INPUT ROW.
            DO 7 K = JP,NCS
               T = C*W(KK) + S*RROWS(K,LR)
               RROWS(K,LR) = C*RROWS(K,LR) - S*W(KK)
               W(KK) = T
               KK = KK + 1
               CONTINUE
               7
C     8    CONTINUE
               JJ=JJ+NCSP-J
               DO 11 K=JP,NCS
                  P=SIGN(1.0,RROWS(J,LR))
                  DO 10 K=J,NCS
                     W(KK)=R*RROWS(K,LR)
                     KK=KK+1
                     CONTINUE
                     10
                     11    CONTINUE
                     12    CALL WRITMS(INRAF,W,LNG,N,1)
                     13    CONTINUE
                     14    IR=IRR
                     15    CONTINUE
C BACK-SUBSTITUTE FOR SOLUTION
         CALL SOLVER(ILBLK,W,B,NR,NC,NS,NB,KMAX,FLAG)
         RETURN
         END
C SUBROUTINE SOLVER(ILBLK,W,B,NR,NC,NS,NB,KMAX,FLAG)

```

```

C BACK SUBSTITUTION FOR X. STORE OVER B.
C C.W.BOLZ AND R.W.HAMM, COMPUTER SCIENCES CORP., 1974.
C
C DIMENSIONLBLK(2,NB),W(KMAX),B(400,2)
COMMON/HDATA/ KM,NBLK,NRAF,NROWS,NSEQ,TOL
INTEGER FLAG
C
LE=0
NKB=NBLK+1
NSP=NS+1
MR=NC
C
C BLOCK LOOP. LAST BLOCK FIRST.
DO 6 NN=1,NBLK
NANK=NN
LNG=LBLK(1,N)
CALL READMS(NRAF,W,LNG,N)
NRW=LBLK(2,N)
KK=LNG-NS
C
C ROWS IN THIS BLOCK.
DO 5 I=1,NRW
DO 1 JS=1,NS
KK=KK+JS
B(MR,JS)=W(KKS)
1
C SOLUTIONS
DO 4 JS=1,NS
TEPH=0.0
LN=LE
LR=NC
JJ=KK
C SUBSTITUTION
2 IF(LN.EQ.0) GO TO 3
TERM=TERM+W(JJ)*B(LR,JS)
LR=LR-1
LN=LN-1
JJ=JJ-1
GO TO 2
C TEST FOR SINGULAR ROW
3 IF(W(JJ).LT.TOL) GO TO 7
B(LR,JS)=(B(LR,JS)-TERM)/W(JJ)
4
MP=M P-1
LE=LE+1
KK=JJ-NSP
CONTINUE
5
6 CONTINUE
SOLVER 3
SOLVER 4
SOLVER 5
SOLVER 6
SOLVER 7
SOLVER 8
SOLVER 9
SOLVER 10
SOLVER 11
SOLVER 12
SOLVER 13
SOLVER 14
SOLVER 15
SOLVER 16
SOLVER 17
SOLVER 18
SOLVER 19
SOLVER 20
SOLVER 21
SOLVER 22
SOLVER 23
SOLVER 24
SOLVER 25
SOLVER 26
SOLVER 27
SOLVER 28
SOLVER 29
SOLVER 30
SOLVER 31
SOLVER 32
SOLVER 33
SOLVER 34
SOLVER 35
SOLVER 36
SOLVER 37
SOLVER 38
SOLVER 39
SOLVER 40
SOLVER 41
SOLVER 42
SOLVER 43
SOLVER 44
SOLVER 45
SOLVER 46
SOLVER 47
SOLVER 48
SOLVER 49
SOLVER 50
SOLVER 51

```

```
SOLVER52
SOLVER53
SOLVER54
SOLVER55
SOLVER56
SOLVER57
BUFFIN 2
BUFFIN 3
BUFFIN 4
BUFFIN 5
BUFFIN 6
BUFFIN 7
BUFFIN 8
BUFFIN 9

RETURN
C ERROR
    7 FLAG=LR
    RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE BUFFIN(LUN,A,N,IER)
DIMENSION A(1)
IER=N
READ(LUN) (A(I),I=1,N)
IF(EOP(LUN)) 1,2
1 IER=0
2 RETURN
END
```

SUBROUTINE AERODYN

```

C      DIMENSION CLCC(400,2), CH(2,100), SUM(3), YCP(4), CROLL(4),
C      $ AC(4), CLCL(2,100), P(400), SMDAD(2,100),
C      $ SLDT(100), SMLD(2,100), SCT(5), SAT(5)
C      COMMON /ALL/, BOTSV(4), M, BETA, PTEST, QTEST,
C      $ STA(4), TBLSW(100), YYCP(4),
C      $ Q(400), PN(400), PV(400), ALP(400), S(400), PSI(400),
C      $ PHI(100), ZH(100), CP(400), STQIND(4)
C      COMMON /THRE/ CIR(400,2)
C      COMMON /THREFOR/ CCAV(2,100), CLT, CLNT, NSSW, ALPD
C      COMMON /ONETHRE/ TWIST(4), CREF, SREF, CAVE, CLDES, STRUE, AR,
C      $ ARTRUE, RTCOHT(4), CONFIG(2), NSSWSV(4),
C      $ MSV(4), KBOT, PLAN, IPLAN, MACH,
C      $ SSWA(100), XL(4), XI(4), CLWB, CMCL, CLA(4), BLAIR(100),
C      $ CLAMAR(4), CLWIN(4), CLWNG(4), XLOCN,
C      $ YINNER(4), YOUTER(4)
C      INTEGER CONFIG
C      COMMON /THRECDIV/ SLOAD(3,100)
C      COMMON /INSUB23/ APST, APHI, XXX, YYY, ZZZ, SNN, TOLC
C      COMMON /MAINONE/ ICODEDF, TOTAL, AAN(4), XS(4), YS(4), KFCTS(4),
C      $ XREG(25,4), YREG(25,4), AREG(25,4), D1H(25,4), MC0(25,4),
C      $ XX(25,4), YY(25,4), AS(25,4), TTWD(25,4), MNCD(25,4), AN(4),
C      $ ZZ(25,4), ITIPCD, ICMTST
C      DIMENSION NUMBER(4)
C      DATA NUMBER/5HFIRST, 6HSECOND, 5HTHIRD, 6HFOURTH/
C
C      PART 3 - COMPUTE OUTPUT TERMS
C
C      CLSAVE=CLDES
C      IF(CLDES.EQ.100.) CLDES=1.

```

```

RAD=57.295778
ALREF=1
QINF=1.
TWST = 0.0
NSSW = 0
DO 5 IT = 1,IPLAN
TWST = TWST + TWIST(IT)
NSSW = NSSW + NSSWSW(IT)
CLWNG(IT) = 0.0
CLAMAR(IT) = 0.0
CLWIN(IT) = 0.0
YCP(IT) = 0.0
CROLL(IT) = 0.0
YYCP(IT) = 0.0
      5 CONTINUE
C
C          PART 3 - SECTION 1
C          COMPUTE LIFT AND PITCHING MOMENT HERE
C
I2=1
      NNN=TBLSCW(I2)
      DO 10 I=1,M
      P(I)=S(I)*COS(ATAN(PHI(I2)))
      IF (I.LT.NNN.OR.I.EQ.M) GO TO 10
      IZ=I2+1
      NNN=NNN+TBLSCW(I2)
      CONTINUE
      10 IT = 1
      SUM(1) = 0.0
      SUM(2) = 0.0
      SUM(3) = 0.0
      MSUM = MSV(IT)
      DO 20 I=1,M
      SUM(1) = SUM(1) + CIR(I,1) * P(I)
      SUM(2) = SUM(2) + CIR(I,2) * P(I)
      SUM(3) = SUM(3) + CIR(I,3) * P(I) + Q(I)
      IF (I.EQ.MSUM) GOTO 15
      GOTO 20
      15 CLWNG(IT) = SUM(1) * 8. / SREF
      CL4IN(IT) = SUM(2) * 8. / SREF
      CPOLL(IT) = SUM(3) * 8. / (SREF*BOT)
      IT = IT + 1
      MSUM = MSUM + MSV(IT)
      CONTINUE
      20 CLR=8.*SUM(1)/SREF
      CLNT=3.*SUM(2)/SREF
      IF (KBOT.EQ.1) GO TO 30
      CLNGT = CLWNG(KBOT) - CLWNG(KBOT-1)
      CLWING = CLWIN(KBOT) - CLWIN(KBOT-1)

```

```

      GOTO 35
  30    CLWNGT = CLWNG(1)
        CLWING = CLWIN(1)
  35    CRL = 0.0
        DO 40 I=1,M
          CRL=CRL+(Q(I)*CIR(I,2)*2.*P(I))*2.
          CLCC(I,1)=CIR(I,1)*2./CAVE
          CLCC(I,2)=CIR(I,2)*2./CAVE
  40    C
        COMPUTE CLP
  C
  CLP=CRL/(SREF*B01*0.08725)
        CLA(2)=CLNT
        DO 120 IAX=1,2
          SA=S3=SC=0.
          I=0
          IT = 0
          JB=NSSWSV(1)
  50    CONTINUE
        SD=SE=0
        SLOAD(IXX,JSSW)=0
        NSCW=TBLSCW(JSSW)
        DO 70 JSCW=1,NSCW
          IF (TWST.EQ.0..AND.IXX.EQ.1) GO TO 60
          I=I+1
          AA = P(I) / S(I)
          SD = SD + CIR(I,IXX)*P(I)
          SE = SE + CIR(I,IXX)*Q(I)*P(I)
          SC = SC + CIR(I,IXX)*PN(I)*P(I)*BETA
          SLOAD(IXX,JSSW)=SLOAD(IXX,JSSW)+(BOT*CIR(I,IXX)*1.)/(2.*SUM
          1(IXX))
          AA = P(I) / S(I)
          SD = SD + CIR(I,IXX) * AA
          SE = SE + CIR(I,IXX) * PN(I) * BETA * AA
          IF (JSCW.NE.NSCW) GO TO 70
          SLOAD(IXX,JSSW)=SE
          SMLD(IXX,JSSW)=SD
          GO TO 70
  60    SLOAD(1,JSSW)=SLOAD(1,JSSW)=SMLD(1,JSSW)=0.
  70    CONTINUE
          IT = IT + 1
          IF (JSSW.GE.NSSW) GO TO 80
          JA = JA + NSSWSV(IT)
          JB = JB + NSSWSV(IT + 1)
          IF (IXX.EQ.1) GO TO 50
          IF (IT.EQ.1) GOTO 75
          SCT(IT) = SC
          SAT(IT) = SA
          AER00120
          AER00121
          AER00121
          AER00119
          AER00118
          AER00117
          AER00116
          AER00115
          AER00114
          AER00113
          AER00112
          AER00111
          AER00110
          AER00109
          AER00108
          AER00107
          AER00106
          AER00105
          AER00104
          AER00103
          AER00102
          AER00101
          AER00100
          AER00199
          AER00198
          AER00197
          AER00196
          AER00195
          AER00194
          AER00193
          AER00192
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          AER00188
          AER00187
          AER00186
          AER00185
          AER00184
          AER00183
          AER00182
          AER00181
          AER00180
          AER00179
          AER00178
          AER00177
          AER00176
          AER00175
          AER00174
          AER00173

```

```

CLAMAR(IT) = (SCT(IT) - SCT(IT-1)) / ((SAT(IT) - SAT(IT-1)) * CREF) AEROD122
GOTO 50
AEROD123
AEROD124
AEROD125
AEROD126
AEROD127
AEROD128
AEROD129
AEROD130
AEROD131
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AEROD153
AEROD154
AEROD155
AEROD156
AEROD157
AEROD158
AEROD159
AEROD160
AEROD161
AEROD162
AEROD163
AEROD164
AEROD165
AEROD166
AEROD167
AEROD168
AEROD169
AEROD170

50      SCT(IT) = SC
      SAT(IT) = SA
      CLAMAR(IT) = SCT(IT) / (SAT(IT) * CREF)
      GO TO 50
CONTINUE
      IF (IXX.EQ.1) GO TO 100
      IF (IPLAN.EQ.1) GO TO 90
      SCT(IT) = SC
      SAT(IT) = SA
      CLAMAR(IT) = (SCT(IT) - SCT(IT-1)) / ((SAT(IT) - SAT(IT-1)) * CREF) AEROD133
      GO TO 100
      CLAMAP(1)=SC/(SA*CREF)
CONTINUE
      IF (TMST.EQ.0..AND.IXX.EQ.1) GO TO 110
      YCP(IXX)*SB/(SA+BOT)
      AC(IXX)*SC/(SA*BOT)
      AC(IXX)*SC/(SA+CREF)
      GO TO 120
      YCP(1)=AC(1)=0.
CONTINUE
      CMCL=AC(2)
      CMDO=(AC(1)-AC(2))*CLT
C
C           COMPUTE OTHER-          PART 3 - SECTION 2
C           AND PRINT ALL FINAL-    OUTPUT DATA HERE
C
C           DO 140 IXX=1,2
C           JN=0
      DO 140 JSSW=1,NSSW
      CH(IXX,JSSW)=0
      NSCW=TBLSW(JSSW)
      DO 130 JSCW=1,NSCW
      JN=JN+1
      CH(IXX,JSSW)=(-2.0)*(PV(JN)-PN(JN))+BETA+CH(IXX,JSSW)
CONTINUE
      CCAV(IXX,JSSW)=CH(IXX,JSSW)/CAVE
      CLCL(IXX,JSSW)=SLOAD(IXX,JSSW)/CCAV(IXX,JSSW)
CONTINUE
      CLD=CLOES
      IF (CLD.EQ.11) CLD=1.
      DO 150 I=1,M
      CP(I)=(CLCC(I,1)+CLCC(I,2)*(CLD-CLT)/CLNT)*CAVE/(2.*((PN(I)-PV(I))*AEROD164
      1*Beta))
CONTINUE
      WRITE (6,240) CONFIG
      IF (PTEST.NE.0.) WRITE (6,350)
      IF (QTEST.NE.0.) WRITE (6,330)
      IF (PTEST.EQ.0..AND.QTEST.EQ.0.) WRITE (6,340)
150

```

```

      WRITE (6,360) CLD
      HEAD=8H
      IF (CLDES.EQ.11.) HEAD=8H
      IEND=11
      IF (CLDES.NE.11.) IEND=1
      DO 190 IUTK=1,IEND
      IF (IEND.EQ.11) CLDES=(FLOAT(IUTK)-1.)/10.
      IF (CLDES.EQ.0.) CLDES=-.1
      NR=0
      DO 160 NV=1,NSSW
      NSCW=TBLSCW(NV)
      NP=NR+1
      NR=NR+NSCW
      PHIPR=ATAN(PHI(NV))*RAD
      SLOAD(3,NV)=0.
      IF (IUTK .NE. 1) GO TO 155
      NVS = 1
      DO 154 IT = 1,IPLAN
      JJ = IT - 1
      IF (JJ .EQ. 0) GOTO 153
      NVS = NVS + NSSWSV(JJ)
      153 IF (NV.NE.NVS) GOTO 154
      WRITE(6,230) NUMBER(IT)
      GOTO 155
      154 CONTINUE
      155 CONTINUE
      DO 160 I=NP,NR
      IF (IUTK.GT.1) GO TO 160
      PNPR=PN(I)*BETA
      PVPR=PV(I)*BETA
      PSIPR=ATAN(BETA*TAN(PSI(I))*RAD)
      WRITE (6,370) PNPR,PVPR,Q(I),ZH(NV),SII),PSIPR,PHIPR,ALP(I),CP(I),CP(I)
      SLOAD(3,NV)=SLOAD(3,NV)+CLCC(I,2)*CLCC(I,1)-CLCC(I,1)*CLCC(I,2)
      160   CLNT
      IF (IUTK.GT.1) GO TO 170
      WRITE (6,270)
      WRITE (6,280) CREF,CAVE,STTRUE,SREF,BOT,AR,ARTRUE,MACH
      170   CONTINUE
      C
      C   IF (PTEST.NE.0.) WRITE (6,380) CLP
      IF (PTEST.NE.0.) GO TO 220
      C
      COMPUTE CMQ,CLQ
      C
      C   CMQ=2.0*CMCL*CLNT/(0.08725*CREF)
      CLQ=2.0*CLNT/(0.08725*CREF)
      IF (QTEST.NE.0.) WRITE (6,390) CMQ,CLQ
      IF (QTEST.NE.0.) GO TO 220
      AER00219

```

C COMPUTE INDUCED DRAG FOR FLAT WING-BODY WITH NO DIHEDRAL

```

C
C
C NSV = 1
C MTOT = 1
C DO 180 IT = 1,KBOT
C MTOT = MTOT + MSV(IT)
C NSV = NSV + NSSWSV(IT)
180 CONTINUE
CALL CDICLS(AR,ARTRUE,NSSWSV(KBOT),MTOT,NSV,CDI,CDIT)
CLAPD=CLA(2)/57.29578
ALPO=-(CLT/CLA(2))*57.29578
ALPD=CLDES/CLAPD+ALPO
ALPN=1./CLAPD
CLWB=CLWING*ALPD/57.29578+CLWNGT
CDIW3=CDI/(CLWB*CLWB)
IF (IUTK.EQ.1) WRITE (6,250) HEAD,CDIT
250 WRITE (6,260) CLDES,ALPD,CLWB,CDI,CDIW3
WRITE (6,290) CLA(2),CLAPD,CLT,ALPO,YCP(2),CMCL,CMO
YCP(1) = YCP(2)
IF (IPLAN.EQ.1) GOTO 194
DO 193 IT=1,IPLAN
IF (IT.GT.1) GOTO 191
CLTWST = CLWNG(1)
CLALPHA = CLWIN(1)
YYCP(1) = CPOLL(1) / CLALPHA
GOTO 192
191 CLTWST = CLWNG(IT) - CLWNG(IT-1)
CLALPHA = CLWIN(IT) - CLWIN(IT-1)
YYCP(IT) = (CROLL(IT) - CROLL(IT-1)) / CLALPHA
192 CLAPDIT = CLALPHA / 57.29578
ALPOIT = -( CLTWST / CLALPHA ) * 57.29578
WRITE(6,400) NUMBER(IT),CLALPHA, CLAPDIT, CLTWST,
           ALPOIT, YYCP(IT)
      CONTINUE
193 CONTINUE
WRITE (6,300) CLT
N0 = J=0
D0 210 NV=1,NSSW
ACLCC=ADLAE=BASLD=0.
NSCW=TBLSCW(NV)
NP=NR+1
NR=NP+NSCW
      00 220 I=NP,NR
ADLAE=CLLCC(1,2)*CLT/CLNT
BSDL=CLCC(1,1)-ADLAE
BCLCC=BCLCC+CLCC(1,1)
BADLAE=BADLAE+ADLAE
BASLD=BASLD+BSDL

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```

200  CONTINUE
      SLDT(NV)*(SMLOAD(1,NV)*SMLOAD(2,NV)*(CLDES-CLT)/CLNT)/(SMLOAD(1,NV)+SMLOAD(2,NV))
      ILD(2,NV)*(CLDES-CLT)/CLNT)          AER00269
      J=J+NSC
      YQ=Q(J)/BOT
      NVS = 1                                AER00270
      DO 205 IT = 1,IPLAN
         JJ = IT - 1                          AER00271
         IF(JJ.EQ.0) GOTO 204
         NVS = NVS + NSSWSV(JJ)
204     IF(NV.NE.NVS) GOTO 205
         WRITE(6,310) NUMBER(IT)              AER00272
         GOTO 206
205     CONTINUE
206     CONTINUE
210     WRITE(6,320) NV,YQ,SLOAD(2,NV),CLCL(2,NV),CCAV(2,NV),BCLCC,BADLAE
         AER00273
         1,BASLD,SLOAD(3,NV),SLDT(NV)        AER00274
220     CONTINUE
         CLDES CLSAVE
         IF(ITIPCD.EQ.2) CALL FLOWFL
C
C
C
230     FORMAT(12X,A6,39H PLANFORM HORSESHOE VORTEX DESCRIPTIONS/)
240     FORMAT(1H1,1//,55X,16HEODYNAMIC DATA ,1//,54X,
         $ 15HCNFIGURATION : ,2A10)           AER00275
250     FORMAT(1H1,18X,22HCOMPLETE CONFIGURATION,31X,25HWING-BODY CHARACTA
         ER00276
         ERISTICS/64X,4HLLIFT,9X,33HINDUCED DRAG (FAR FIELD SOLUTION)/16X
         AER00277
         2,21H CL COMPUTED ALPHA,19X,6HCL(WB),7X,13HCDI AT CL(WB),4X,15HCA
         ERC00278
         SDI/(CL(WB)**2),/,88X,16H(1/PI*AR REF) = ,F8.5,1H)
         AER00279
260     FORMAT(11X,2F15.5,15X,3F15.5)          AER00280
270     FORMAT(1//4X,11H RFF. CHORD,6X,25HC AVERAGE TRUE AREA ,2X,1AER0300
         14HC PREFERENCE AREA,9X,3H8/2,8X,7HREF. AR,8X,11HMACCH NUMAER00301
         2AER/)
280     FORMAT(8F15.5)                         AER00281
290     FORMAT(1//47X,38HCOMPLETE CONFIGURATION CHARACTERISTICS//36X,8HCL
         AER00282
         1 ALPHA,8X,53HCL(TWIST) ALPHA AT CL=0 Y CP CM/CL CMAER00304
         2/27X,23HPER RADIAN PER DEGREE/24X,7F12.5)          AER00283
300     FORMAT(1//25X,18HADDITIONAL LOADING/24X,24HWITH CL BASED ON S(1
         TRUEAER00307
         1)7IX,11H-AT CL DES-/67X,34HLOAD DUE ADD. LOAD AT BASIC LOAD3X,27AER00308
         2HSPAN LOAD AT X LOCATION OF/8H STATION6X,5H 2Y/89X,9H SL COEF '4XAER00309
         3.8HCL RATIO4X,7HC RATIO,7X,14HTO TWIST CL=,F9.5,3X,7HAT CL=05X,2AER00310
         4.6HDESIGNED CL LOCAL CENT PR)          AER00311
310     FORMAT(1,47X,A6,32H PLANFORM SPAN LOAD DISTRIBUTION ,)
320     FORMAT(4X,14,F12.5,5X,3F12.5,3X,3F12.5,3X,2F12.5)          AER00312
330     FORMAT(1/54A,24HCMQ AND CLO ARE COMPUTED//)          AER00313
340     FORMAT(1/38X,57HSTATIC LONGITUDINAL AERODYNAMIC COEFFICIENTS ARE CA
         ERC00314
         1DHPUTED//)          AER00315
350     FORMAT(1/59X,15HCLP IS COMPUTED//)          AER00316
                                         AER00317

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360 FORMAT (/20X,1HX,11X,1HX,11X,1HY,11X,1HZ,12X,1HS,5X,9HC/4 SWEET,4XAEROD318
1,8HDIHEDRAL,2X,11HLOCAL ALPHA,2X,19HDELTA CP AT DESIRED/19X,3HC/4,AEROD319
29X,4H3C/4,42X,5HANGLE,7X,5HANGLE,4X,10HIN RADIAN,4X,4HCL =,F10.5/AEROD320
3) AEROD321
370 FORMAT (12X,9F12.5)
380 FORMAT (/////////////56X,4HCLP=,F12.4,/////)
390 FORMAT (/////////////42X,4HCMQ=,F12.5,10X,4HCLQ=,F12.5,////)
400 FORMAT (/, 1X, A10, 8HPLANFORM, 5X, 5F12.5)
END
SUBROUTINE FLOWFL
COMMON /ALL/ BOT, 90TSV(4), M, BETA, PTEST, QTEST,
      STA(4), TBLSCW(100), YTCP(4),
      Q(400), PN(400), PV(400), ALP(400), PSI(400),
      PHI(100), ZH(100), CP(400), STLDIND(4)
C
COMMON /MAINNONE / ICODEOF, TOTAL, AN(4), XS(4), KFACTS(4),
      XREG(25,4), YPEG(25,4), AREG(25,4), DIH(25,4), MCD(25,4),
      XX(25,4), YY(25,4), AS(25,4), TTND(25,4), MMCD(25,4), AN(4),
      ZZ(25,4), ITIPCOD, ICAMST
C
COMMON /CNETHRE/ TWIST(4), CREF, SREF, CAVE, CLDES, STRUE, AR,
      ARTRUE, RTCOHT(4), CONFIG(2), NSSNSV(4),
      HSV(4), KBOT, PLAN, IPLAN, MACH,
      SSWWA(100), XL(4), XT(4), CLWB, CMCL, CLA(4), BLAIR(100),
      CLAMAR(4), CLWIN(4), CLWNG(4), XLOCTN,
      YINNER(4), YOUTER(4)
C
C INTEGER CONFIG
C
C COMMON /TOTHREE/ CIR(400,2)
C
C COMMON /CLNT, CLNT, NSSN, ALPO
C
C COMMON / HEAP / BREAKPT(75,9), INDEXL, INDEXR, NUMSTA, NUMSTOT
C
C DIMENSION YFL(75), XCYLE(75), XCYTE(75)
C EQUIVALENCE (BREAKPT(1,1),YFL(1)),
      S (BREAKPT(1,2),XCYLE(1)),
      S (BREAKPT(1,3),XCYTE(1))
C
C COL1    COL2    COL3    COL4    COL5    COL6    COL7    COL8    COL9
C YFL     XLE1   XTE1   XLE2   XTE2   XLE3   XTE3   XLE4   XTE4
C
C COMMON / INSUB23 / APSI,APHI,XXX,YYY,ZZZ,SNN,TOLC
C LOGICAL SKIPIT
C DIMENSION GAMP(400,4), YA(21), FV(21), FW(2), FU(2)
C LOGICAL OFFPLAN(75)

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```

C      DIMENSION MM(4),NUMBER(4)
C      DIMENSION INDEXES(400,2), YFLOW(75), XFLOW(75)
C
C      REAL MACH
C      DATA NUMBER/SHFIRST,SHSECOND,SHTHIRD,SHFOURTH/
C
C      NUMSTA = 75
C      NUMSTOT = 75
C      DO 15 J = 1,9
C      DO 10 I = 1,NUMSTA
C      3BREAKPT(I,J) = 0.
C 10   CONTINUE
C 15   CONTINUE
C
C      TDLC = (BOT * 15.E - 05) ** 2
C      WRITE (6,630)
C      WRITE (6,620)
C
C      PI = 4. * ATAN(1.)
C      RAD = 180. / PI
C      CONST = 4. * PI
C
C      ALPW AND ALPO USED HEREIN IN RADIANS
C
C      ALPW = 1. / CLNT
C      ALPO = -(CLT / CLNT)
C      ALPW = ALPW * CLDES
C      ALPO = ALPW + ALPO
C
C      GAMP(J,1) IS THE BASIC LOAD INITIALLY
C      GAMP(J,2) IS THE ADDITIONAL LOAD AT CL = 1.
C      GAMP(J,3) IS THE TOTAL LOAD AT CLDES
C      GAMP(J,4) IS THE ADDITIONAL LOAD AT CLDES
C
C      DO 20 I = 1,M
C      GAMP(I,1) = CIR(I,1) + CIR(I,2) * (- CLT / CLNT)
C      GAMP(I,2) = CIR(I,2) / CLNT
C 20   CONTINUE
C      DO 30 K = 1,M
C      GAMP(K,4) = GAMP(K,2) * CLDES
C      GAMP(K,3) = GAMP(K,1) + GAMP(K,4)
C 30   CONTINUE
C
C      FLOWFL15
C      FLOWFL16
C      FLOWFL17
C      FLOWFL18
C      FLOWFL19
C      FLOWFL20
C      FLOWFL21
C      FLOWFL22
C      FLOWFL23
C      FLOWFL24
C      FLOWFL25
C      FLOWFL26
C      FLOWFL27
C      FLOWFL28
C      FLOWFL29
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C      FLOWFL46
C      FLOWFL47
C      FLOWFL48
C      FLOWFL49
C      FLOWFL50
C      FLOWFL51
C      FLOWFL52
C      FLOWFL53
C      FLOWFL54
C      FLOWFL55
C      FLOWFL56
C      FLOWFL57
C      FLOWFL58
C      FLOWFL59
C      FLOWFL60
C      FLOWFL61
C      FLOWFL62
C      FLOWFL63

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```

      WRITE(6,640) CONFIG
      WRITE(6,670) CLDES,CLDSE
C
      NN = 1
      LMA = TBLSCW(1)
      MMM(1) = 1
      MMM(2) = 1 + MSV(1)
      MMM(3) = 1 + MSV(1) + MSV(2)
      MMM(4) = 1 + MSV(1) + MSV(2) + MSV(3)
      DO 60 I = 1,NSSW
      J = NN
      J1 = J + 1
C
      DO 40 IT=1,IPLAN
      IF(J.EQ.MMM(IT)) WRITE(6,720) NUMBER(IT)
      CONTINUE
      WRITE(6,680) I,Q(J),GAMP(J,1),GAMP(J,2),GAMP(J,3),GAMP(J,4)
C
      IF(TBLSCW(IT).EQ.1) GO TO 50
C
      WRITE(6,690) (GAMP(L,1),GAMP(L,2),GAMP(L,3),GAMP(L,4)),L = J1,LMA) FLOWFL 84
C
      IF (I .EQ. NSSW) GO TO 60
      LMA=TBLSCW(I)+LMA
      NN=TBLSCW(I)+NN
      50 CONTINUE
C
      LL = 1
      MM = 0
      K = 0
C
      DO 80 ITT = 1,IPLAN
      JRANGE = NSSWSV(ITT)
      DO 70 J = 1,JRANGE
      K = K + 1
      MH = MH + TBLSCW(K)
      INDEXES(K,2) = MM
      XCYLE(K) = .5 * BETA * (3. * PN(LL) - PV(LL))
      XCYT(K) = .5 * BETA * (3. * PV(MM) - PN(MM))
      INDEXES(K,1) = LL
      YFL(K) = Q(LL)
      LL = LL + TBLSCW(K)
      70 CONTINUE
      80 CONTINUE
C
      SORT THE VALUES IN -YFL- AND REMOVE THE DUPLICATES. NOTE
      FOR DUPLICATES, THEIR XLE AND XTE VALUES ARE STORED IN THE
      NEXT AVAILABLE COLUMNS OF THE -BREAKPT- MATRIX
C
      FLOWFL 64
      FLOWFL 65
      FLOWFL 66
      FLOWFL 67
      FLOWFL 68
      FLOWFL 69
      FLOWFL 70
      FLOWFL 71
      FLOWFL 72
      FLOWFL 73
      FLOWFL 74
      FLOWFL 75
      FLOWFL 76
      FLOWFL 77
      FLOWFL 78
      FLOWFL 79
      FLOWFL 80
      FLOWFL 81
      FLOWFL 82
      FLOWFL 83
      FLOWFL 84
      FLOWFL 85
      FLOWFL 86
      FLOWFL 87
      FLOWFL 88
      FLOWFL 89
      FLOWFL 90
      FLOWFL 91
      FLOWFL 92
      FLOWFL 93
      FLOWFL 94
      FLOWFL 95
      FLOWFL 96
      FLOWFL 97
      FLOWFL 98
      FLOWFL 99
      FLOWF100
      FLOWF101
      FLOWF102
      FLOWF103
      FLOWF104
      FLOWF105
      FLOWF106
      FLOWF107
      FLOWF108
      FLOWF109
      FLOWF110
      FLOWF111
      FLOWF112

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```

NUMSTA = K
CALL HEAPSR
NUMPNTS = NUMSTA
REMAIND = NUMSTOT - NUMPNTS
DELTAY = 2.*BOT/REMAIND
C
C      READ IN TOTAL NUMBER OF FIELD LINES
C      READ(5,610) TOTFL
C
C      NTOTFL = TOTFL
DO 160 NTOT = 1,NTOTFL
RSTA = NTOT
SKIPIT = .FALSE.
C
C      FIELD LINE DESCRIPTION
C
C      XDOWN IS THE X LOCATION AT THE PLANE OF SYMMETRY
C      SWEP IS THE SWEEP ANGLE IN DEGREES
C      ZREF IS THE Z LOCATION AT THE PLANE OF SYMMETRY
C      DIHED IS THE DIHEDRAL ANGLE IN DEGREES
C
C      READ (5,610) XDOWN,SWEP,ZREF,DIHED
XDOWN=XDOWN-XLOCIN
C
C      TANFL = TAN(SWEP / RAD)
DIHED = TAN(DIHED / RAD)
WRITE (6,650)
ALPWW = ALPD * RAD
C
C      WRITE(6,660) RSTA,XDOWN,SWEP,ZREF,DIHED,ALPWW,CDES
WRITE (6,700)
C
C      NOTE THAT THE PLANFORM OF MAXIMUM
C      SEMI-SPAN MUST EXTEND TO THE PLANE
C      OF SYMMETRY.
DO 110 I = 1,NUMPNTS
OFFPLAN(I) = .TRUE.
FLOWF113
FLOWF114
FLOWF115
FLOWF116
FLOWF117
FLOWF118
FLOWF119
FLOWF120
FLOWF121
FLOWF122
FLOWF123
FLOWF124
FLOWF125
FLOWF126
FLOWF127
FLOWF128
FLOWF129
FLOWF130
FLOWF131
FLOWF132
FLOWF133
FLOWF134
FLOWF135
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FLOWF141
FLOWF142
FLOWF143
FLOWF144
FLOWF145
FLOWF146
FLOWF147
FLOWF148
FLOWF149
FLOWF150
FLOWF151
FLOWF152
FLOWF153
FLOWF154
FLOWF155
FLOWF156
FLOWF157
FLOWF158
FLOWF159
FLOWF160
FLOWF161

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```

YFLOW(I) = YFL(I)
XFLOW(I) = YFL(I) * TANFL + XDOWN
DO 100 J=1,4
  JT2 = J * 2
  JT2P1 = J * 2 + 1
  XLE = BREAKPT(I,JT2)
  XTE = BREAKPT(I,JT2P1)
  IF ((ABS(XLE) .LT. ABS(XFLOW(I))) .AND.
      (ABS(XFLOW(I)).LT. ABS(XTE))) OFFPLAN(I) = .FALSE.
100  CONTINUE
110 CONTINUE
115 J = 0
K = NUMPNTS + 1
DO 120 I = K,NUMSTOT
  J = J + 1
  OFFPLAN(I) = .TRUE.
  YFLOW(I) = -BOT - J*DELTAY
  XFLOW(I) = YFLOW(I) * TANFL + XDOWN
120 CONTINUE

DO 150 II = 1,NUMSTOT
  IF (.OFFPLAN(II)) GO TO 125
  ZFL = ZREF + YFLOW(II) * TDIMED
  WRITE(6,730) II, XFLOW(II), YFLOW(II), ZFL
  SKIPIT = .TRUE.
  GO TO 150
125 WOU = 0.
  ZFL = ZREF + YFLOW(II) * TDIMED
  UDU = 0
  VDU = 0
  DWUDUA = 0
  DNUDUA = 0
  XFLOW(II) = XFLOW(II) / BETA
  IZ = 1
  NNN = TBLSCW(IZ)
  DO 140 NN = 1,M
    SNN = SIN(NN)
    XXX = XFLOW(II) - PN(NN)
    ZZZ = ZFL - ZH(IZ)
    APHI = ATAN(PHI(IZ))
    APSI = PSI(NNN)
    YA(1) = YFLOW(II) - 2(NN)
    YA(2) = YFLOW(II) + 0(NN)
    DO 130 I = 1,2

```



```

X2 = XCVTE(1)
YFL(1) = YFL(INDEXR)
XCVLE(1) = XCVLE(INDEXR)
XCVTE(1) = XCVTE(INDEXR)
YFL(INDEXR) = Y1
XCVLE(INDEXR) = X1
XCVTE(INDEXR) = X2
INDEXR = INDEXR - 1
CALL SHIFT
GO TO 20
30 CONTINUE
C REMOVE THE DUPLICATE -YFL- VALUES BY COMBINING THEIR
C XLE AND XTE VALUES IN -BREAKPT-
C
N = 1
KK = 4
TEMP1 = YFL(1)
DO 50 J=2,NUMSTA
IF(TEMP1 .EQ. YFL(J)) GO TO 40
KK = 4
N = N + 1
YFL(N) = YFL(J)
XCVLE(N) = XCVLE(J)
XCVTE(N) = XCVTE(J)
TEMP1 = YFL(J)
GO TO 50
CONTINUE
BREAKPT(N,KK) = XCVLE(J)
BREAKPT(N,KK+1) = XCVTE(J)
KK = KK + 2
50 CCNTINUE
NUMSTA = N
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE SHIFT
COMMON /HEAP/ BREAKPT(75,9), INDEXL, INDEXR, NUMSTA, NUMSTOT
C
DIMENSION YFL(75), XCVLE(75), XCVTE(75)
EQUIVALENCE (BREAKPT(1,1),YFL(1)),
(BREAKPT(1,2),XCVLE(1)),
(BREAKPT(1,3),XCVTE(1))
S
C
C COL1 COL2 COL3 COL4 COL5 COL6 COL7 COL8 COL9
C XLE1 XLE2 XLE3 XLE4 XLE5 XLE6 XLE7 XLE8 XLE9
C YFL
C INDEXI = INDEXL
INDEXJ = 2 * INDEXI
Y1 = YFL(INDEXI)
X1 = XCVLE(INDEXI)

```

```

X2 = XCVTE(INDEXI)
10 CONTINUE
  IF (INDEXJ .GT. INDEXR) GO TO 30
    IF (INDEXJ .EQ. INDEXR) GO TO 20
      JP1 = INDEXJ + 1
      ABSYJ = ABS(YFL(INDEXJ))
      ABSYJP1 = ABS(YFL(JP1))
      IF (ABSYJ .LT. ABSYJP1) INDEXJ = JP1
      GO TO 10
    CONTINUE
    IF (ARS(Y1) .GE. ABS(YFL(INDEXJ))) GO TO 30
    YFL(INDEXI) = YFL(INDEXJ)
    XCYLE(INDEXI) = XCYLE(INDEXJ)
    XCVLE(INDEXI) = XCVLE(INDEXJ)
    XCVTE(INDEXI) = XCVTE(INDEXJ)
    INDEXI = INDEXJ
    INDEXJ = INDEXI + 2
    GO TO 10
C   30 YFL(INDEXI) = Y1
    XCYLE(INDEXI) = X1
    XCVLE(INDEXI) = X2
    RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE FTLUP (X,Y,M,N,VARI,VARD)
*** DOCUMENT DATE 09-12-69   SUBROUTINE REVISED 07-07-69 ****
*** MODIFICATION OF LIBRARY INTERPOLATION SUBROUTINE FTLUP
DIMENSION VARI(1), VARD(1), V(3), Y(2)
DIMENSION II(43)
C   INITIALIZE ALL INTERVAL POINTERS TO -1.0   FOR MONOTONICITY CHECK
DATA (II(J),J=1,43)/43*-1/
MA=IABS(M)
FTLUP1 2
FTLUP1 3
FTLUP1 4
FTLUP1 5
FTLUP1 6
FTLUP1 7
FTLUP1 8
FTLUP1 9
FTLUP1 10
FTLUP1 11
FTLUP1 12
FTLUP1 13
FTLUP1 14
FTLUP1 15
FTLUP1 16
FTLUP1 17
FTLUP1 18
FTLUP1 19
FTLUP1 20
FTLUP1 21
FTLUP1 22
FTLUP1 23
FTLUP1 24
FTLUP1 25
FTLUP1 26
FTLUP1 27
FTLUP1 28
C   ASSIGN INTERVAL POINTER FOR GIVEN VARI TABLE
C   THE SAME POINTER WILL BE USED ON A GIVEN VARI TABLE EVERY TIME
LI=MOD(LOCF(VARI(1)),43)+1
II(II)=1
IF (I.GE.0) GO TO 50
IF (N.LT.2) GO TO 60
C   MONOTONICITY CHECK
IF (VARI(2)-VARI(1)) 20,20,40
  ERROR IN MONOTONICITY
10  K=LOCF(VARI(1))
  POINT 17G, J,K,(VARI(J),J=1,N),(VARD(J),J=1,N)
  STOP
C   MONOTONIC DECREASING
20  DO 30 J=2,N
    IF (VARI(J)-VARI(J-1)) 30,10,10
  CONTINUE

```

```

      GO TO 60
      C MONOTONIC INCREASING
      40 DO 50 J=2,N
      IF (VARI(J)-VARI(J-1)) 10,10,50
      50 CONTINUE
      C
      C INTERPOLATION
      60 IF (I.LE.0) I=1
      IF (I.GE.N) I=N-1
      IF (N.LE.1) GO TO 70
      IF (MA.NE.0) GO TO 80
      C ZERO ORDER
      70 Y=VARD(1)
      GO TO 160
      C LOCATE I INTERVAL (X(I).LE.X.LT.X(I+1))
      80 IF ((VARI(I)-X)*(VARI(I+1)-X)) 110,110,90
      C IN GIVES DIRECTION FOR SEARCH OF INTERVALS
      90 IN=SIGN(1.0,(VARI(I+1)-VARI(I))*(X-VARI(I)))
      C IF X OUTSIDE ENDPOINTS, EXTRAPOLATE FROM END INTERVAL
      100 IF ((I+IN).LE.0) GO TO 110
      IF ((I+IN).GE.N) GO TO 110
      I=I+IN
      IF ((VARI(I)-X)*(VARI(I+1)-X)) 110,110,100
      110 IF (MA.EQ.2) GO TO 120
      C FIRST ORDER
      Y=(VARD(I)*(VARI(I+1)-X)-VARD(I+1)*(VARI(I)-X))/(VARI(I+1)-VARI(I))
      120 GO TO 160
      C SECOND ORDER
      120 IF (N.EQ.2) GO TO 10
      IF (I.EQ.(N-1)) GO TO 140
      IF (I.EQ.1) GO TO 130
      C PICK THIRD POINT
      SK=VARI(I+1)-VARI(I)
      IF ((SK*(X-VARI(I-1))).LT.(SK*(VARI(I+2)-X))) GO TO 140
      130 L=I
      GO TO 150
      140 L=L-1
      V(1)=VARI(L)-X
      V(2)=VARI(L+1)-X
      V(3)=VARI(L+2)-X
      YY(1)=(VARD(L)*V(2)-VARD(L+1)*V(1))/(VARI(L+1)-VARI(L))
      YY(2)=(VARD(L+1)*V(3)-VARD(L+2)*V(2))/(VARI(L+2)-VARI(L+1))
      Y=(YY(1)*V(3)-YY(2)*V(1))/(VARI(L+2)-VARI(L))
      150 L=L-1
      RETURN
      C
      FTL UP129
      FTL UP130
      FTL UP131
      FTL UP132
      FTL UP133
      FTL UP134
      FTL UP135
      FTL UP136
      FTL UP137
      FTL UP138
      FTL UP139
      FTL UP140
      FTL UP141
      FTL UP142
      FTL UP143
      FTL UP144
      FTL UP145
      FTL UP146
      FTL UP147
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      FTL UP168
      FTL UP169
      FTL UP170
      FTL UP171
      FTL UP172
      FTL UP173
      FTL UP174
      FTL UP175
      FTL UP176
      FTL UP177

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C   FORMAT (1H1,50H TABLE BELOW OUT OF ORDER FOR FTLUP, AT POSITION ,FTLUP178
170   115 /31H X TABLE IS STORED IN LOCATION ,06, //((BG15,8))
END
      FTLUP179
      FTLUP180
      FTLUP181
      CDICLS 2
      CDICLS 3
      CDICLS 4
      CDICLS 5
      CDICLS 6
      CDICLS 7
      CDICLS 8
      CDICLS 9
      CDICLS10
      CDICLS11
      CDICLS12
      CDICLS13
      CDICLS14
      CDICLS15
      CDICLS16
      CDICLS17
      CDICLS18
      CDICLS19
      CDICLS20
      CDICLS21
      CDICLS22
      CDICLS23
      CDICLS24
      CDICLS25
      CDICLS26
      CDICLS27
      CDICLS28
      CDICLS29
      CDICLS30
      CDICLS31
      CDICLS32
      CDICLS33
      CDICLS34
      CDICLS35
      CDICLS36
      CDICLS37
      CDICLS38
      CDICLS39
      CDICLS40
      CDICLS41
      CDICLS42

      SUBROUTINE CDICLS (AR,ARTRUE,ISEMSP,MTOT,NSV,CDI,CDIT)
      DIMENSION ETAN(51), GAMPR(51,1), ETA(41), GAMMA(41), VE(41), B(41)
      1, FVN(41,41)
      COMMON /ALL/ BOT, BOTSV(4), M, BETA, PTEST, QTEST,
      S STA(4), TBLSCW(100), YCPC(4),
      S Q(400), PN(400), PV(400), ALP(400), S(400), PSI(400),
      S PHI(100), ZH(100), CP(400), STLOIND(4)

      C
      COMMON /THRECDI/ SLOAD(3,100)
      DO 10 I=1,41
      DO 10 J=1,41
      10 FVN(I,J)=0
      SPAN=2.*BOT
      CAVB=SPAN*ARTRUE
      PI=.314159265E+01
      NST=ISEMSP+1
      NN=MTOT
      DO 20 N=1,ISEMSP
      NM=NSV-N
      NSCW=TBLSCW(NM)
      NN=NN-NSCW
      FTAN(N)=ASIN(-Q(NN)*2./SPAN)
      GAMPR(N,1)=SLOAD(3,NM)*CAVB/(2.*SPAN)
      CONTINUE
      ETAN(NST)=PI/2.
      GAMPR(NST,1)=0
      DO 30 NP=1,41
      ANP=NP
      ETA(NP)=(ANP-21.)*PI/42.
      20
      DO 40 JK=21,41
      CALL FTLUP (ETA(JK),GAMMA(JK),1,NST,ETAN,GAMPR)
      CONTINUE
      DO 50 NY=22,41
      ETA(NY)=SIN(ETA(NY))
      NR=42-NY
      ETA(NR)=-ETA(NY)
      GAMMA(NP)=GAMMA(NY)
      DO 90 NU=21,41
      ANU='IU
      DO 80 NU=1,41
      AN=N
      NNUD=IABS(N-NU)
      VE(N)=COS(((AN-21.)*PI)/42.)
      IF (NNUD.NE.0) GO TO 60
      40
      50
      60

```

```

      B(N)=(42.)/(4.0*COS(((ANU-21.)*PI)/42.))
      GO TO 80
 60   IF (MOD(NUUD,2).EQ.0) GO TO 70
      B(N)=VE(N)/((42.)*(ETA(N)-ETA(NU))**2)
      GO TO 80
 70   B(N)=0.0
      CONTINUE
 80   DO 90 NP=21,41
      NUST=IABS(NU-21)
      IF (NUST.EQ.0) GO TO 90
      IF (MOD(NUST,2).EQ.0) GO TO 90
      NPST=IABS(NP-20)
      IF (MOD(NPST,2).EQ.0) GO TO 90
      NPNUD=IABS(NP-NU)
      IF (NPNUD.EQ.0) GO TO 90
      IF (MOD(NPNUD,2).EQ.0) GO TO 90
      IF (NPNUD.EQ.0) GO TO 90
      FVN(NU,NP)=2.0*B(NP)/21.*COS((ANU-21.)*PI/42.)
      IT=42-NP
      FVN(NU,IT)=2.0*B(IT)/21.*COS((ANU-21.)*PI/42.)
      FVN(IT,NP)=FVN(NU,IT)
      FVN(IT,IT)=FVN(NU,NP)
      CONTINUE
 90   CONTINUE
      CCC=0.0
      DO 100 N=1,41
      CCC=CCC+ (GAMMA(N)*GAMMA(N))
 100  CCD=0.0
      DO 110 NUP=1,41
      DO 110 N=1,41
      CCD=CCD-2.0*FVN(NUP,N)*(GAMMA(NUP)*GAMMA(N))
      CONTINUE
      CDI=PI*AR/4.**(CCC+CCD)
      CDI=1./ (PI*AR)
      RETURN
      END
      SUBROUTINE CDRAGNF
      DIMENSION GAM(1100),XC4(1100),YQ(1100),CCR(40),
      $ FW(2),FV(2),XXCC(40),CCC(400),CRR(400),
      $ YB(1CC),CR(102),NMA(4),XCC4(400),CHD(100),
      $ XC44(100),YY(2),PHI(100),ZZH(100),Z(1100),
      $ PHI(1100),SA(100),SSA(1100),ALUP(400),ALLP(100),
      $ ALPP0(1100),ALD(40),YC(102),YQ(100),BOTL(4),NSUMSV(4),
      $ NSUMSV(4),NMSUMS(4),NUMBER(4)
      CG4M)N / ALL / RDT, ROTS(4), H, BETA, PTEST, QTEST,
      $ STA(4), T9LSCW(100), YYCP(4),
      $ 2(40C), PN(400), PV(400), ALP(400), S(400), PSI(400),
      $ PHI(100), CP(400), STLOIND(4)
      $
```

```

COMMON /ONETHRE/ TWIST(4), CREF, SREF, CAVE, CLOES, STRUE, AR,
S  ARTRUE, RTCDFHT(4), CONFIG(2), NSSWSV(4),
S  MSV(4), KBOT, PLAN, IPLAN, MACH,
S  SSWA100), XL(4), XT(4), CLWB, CMCL, CLA(4), BLAIR(100),
S  CLAMAR(4), CLWIN(4), CLNG(4), XLOCIN,
S  YINNER(4), YOUTER(4)

C  INTEGER CONFIG
C  COMMON /TOTHREE/ CIR(400,2)
C
C  COMMON /INSUB23/ APSI,APHI,XX,YYY,ZZ,SNN,TOLCSQ
C  COMMON /THREFOR/ CCAV(2,100), CLT, CLNT, NSSW, ALPD
C  COMMON/CCRRDD/ TSPAN(4), TSPAN, KBIT, CTILDA, XTILDA, DISTALE
C
C  DATA NUMBER/SHFIRST,6HSECOND,5HTHIRD,6HFOURTH/
C
C  WRITE (6,250)
APS1=TOLCSQ=TBLS=0.
PI=4.*ATAN(1.)
FP1=4.*PI
DO 5 IT=1,IPLAN
BOTL(IT)=ABS(ITSPLAN(IT))
CONTINUE
5  SNN=BOTL(KBOT) / ( 2. * NSSWSV(KBOT) )
DELTYP=2.*SNN
NSMS=0
MSMS=0
NMSMS=0
NMAX=0
D7 7 IT=1,IPLAN
NMA(IT)=BOTL(IT) / DELTYP
NSMS=NSMS+NSSWSV(IT)
NSUMSV(IT)=NSMS
MSMS=MSMS+MSV(IT)
MSUMSV(IT)=MSMS
NMMS=NMMS+NA(IT)
NSUMS(IT)=NMMS
CONTINUE
NMAX=NMSUMS(IPLAN)
D0 10 I=1,N
CIR(I)=CIR(I,1)+CIR(I,2)*(CLDES-CLT)/CLNT
10 CONTINUE
SC4MIN=20.
D0 20 I=1,NSSW
SCWMIN=AMIN(SCWMIN,TBLSNW(I))
NSCWMIN=SCWMIN
7

```

```

MM=NSCWMIN*NMAX
DELTXOC=1./SCWMIN
DO 100 LA=1,NSSV
  CHD(LA)*CCAV(2,LA)*CAVE/BETA
  DELTXX=1./TBLSCW(LA)
  XC=-.75*DELTXX
  IT3L=TBLSCW(LA)
  DN 30 LB=1,ITBL
  XC=XC+DELTXX
  XXCC(LB)=XC
  LC=L9+TBLS
  ALD(LB)=ALP(LL)
  XLE=P(N(LC)+CHO(LL)*(1.-.75/TBLSCW(LA)))
  XOC=-.75*DELTXOC
  KCODE=L9=0
  DO 90 K=1,NSCWMIN
    J=K+(LA-1)*NSCWMIN
    XOC=XOC+DELTXOC
    XC4(J)=XOC*CHD(LL)+XLE
    CALL FTLP(XOC,ALOP(J),+1,ITBL,XXCC,AL0)
    AXMN=K*DELTXOC
    CAT=0.
    IF ((KCODE.EQ.2) CAT=CCR(LB)-CUT
    KCODE=0
    LB=L9+1
    LC=L9+TBLS
    CCP(LLB)=CCR(LL)
    AXITBL=LB*DELTXX
    IF ((AXMN-AXITBL) 50,60,70
      CUT=CCP(LLB)*(AMMN-(LB-1)*DELTXX)/DELTXX
      KCODE=2
      GO TO 80
    60   KCODE=1
    70   CUT=CCP(LLB)
    80   CAT=CAT+CUT
    IF ((KCODE.EQ.1) GO TO 90
    IF (LB.LT.ITBL) GO TO 40
    90   CCC(J)=CAT
    TBLS=TRLS+TBLSCW(LL)
    100  CONTINUE
    I=1
    DO 150 I=1,IPLAN
    IUX=MSSV(I)
    IUX=IUX*2+1
    IF (STLCIND(I).EQ.1.) IUX = IUX
    IC = MSLSV(I)
    IC = IC+1
    IZ = NMSV(I)
    YCAT=0.
  100

```

```

CDRAGN49
CDRAGN50
CDRAGN51
CDRAGN52
CDRAGN53
CDRAGN54
CDRAGN55
CDRAGN56
CDRAGN57
CDRAGN58
CDRAGN59
CDRAGN60
CDRAGN61
CDRAGN62
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CDRAGN85
CDRAGN86
CDRAGN87
CDRAGN88
CDRAGN89
CDRAGN90
CDRAGN91
CDRAGN92
CDRAGN93
CDRAGN94
CDRAGN95
CDRAGN96
CDRAGN97

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```

IAMI = NMA(I)
IF(I.EQ.1) GOTO 142
NST = NSUMS(I-1)
NST = NMSSMS(I-1)
GOTO 143
142 NST = 0
      NST = 0
143 CONTINUE
DO 140 LA=1,NSCWMIN
IF (STLIND(I).EQ. 1.) GO TO 144
YC(I)=PI/2.
CRI(I)=0.
144 DO 120 J= 1,IUZ
      L=J+1
      IF (STLIND(I).EQ. 1.) L= J
      LU = LA + (J-1 * NST) * NSCWMIN
      ALLP(J)=ALOP(LU)
      XC44(J)=XCC4(LU)
      CRI(L)=CCC(LU)
      IF ((LA.NE.*1) GO TO 120
      JJ = J + NST
      ZZH(J)=ZH(JJ)
      SA(J)=SSWA(JJ)
      PPH(J)=PHI(JJ)
      YQQ(J)=Q(JJ)
      II=II+TBLSCW(JJ)
      IE=IUZ-J+1
      ITL=TBLSCW(IZ)
      ID=ID+ITL
      IA=ID+ITL
      IF ((IA.GT.IC) YCAT=YCAT-S(ID)
      IF ((IA.GT.IC) GO TO 110
      YCAT=YCAT-S(ID)-S(IA)
      IZ=IZ-1
      YB(IE)=YCAT
      CONTINUE
120   DO 130 JP=1,IUZ
      JZ=JP+1
      IF (STLIND(I).EQ. 1.) JZ = JP
      YC(JZ)= ASIN(YB(JP)/BOTL(I))
      CONTINUE
      YOB=-YMA(I)*2.*SNN-SNN
      D0 140 K=1,IAMM
      KP = LA + (K-1 * NSTT) * NSCWMIN
      YOB=YOB+DELTA
      YOC = ASIN(YOB/BOTL(I))
      CALL FTFLUP (YOB,YO(KP),+1,IUZ,YB,YQQ)
      CALL FTFLUP (YOB,ALPD(KP),+1,IUZ,YB,ALLP)
      CALL FTFLUP (YOB,SSA(KP),+1,IUZ,YB,SA)

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```

CALL FTLUP (YOB,XC4(KP),+1,IUZ,YB,XC44)
CALL FTLUP (YOB,Z(KP),+1,IUZ,YB,ZZH)
CALL FTLUP (YOB,PHII(KP),+1,IUZ,YB,PPHI)
CALL FTLUP (YOC,GAM(KP),+1,IUX,YC,CRI)
IF (YOB,GT,YB(IUZ)) GAM(KP)=CRI(IUX)
140 CONTINUE
150 CONTINUE
CDRAG=CTHRUST=CSUCT=0.
CONST=16.*SNN*BOT/SREF
DO 190 LI=1,NMAX
LA=(LI-1)*NSCWMIN+1
LB=LI*NSCWMIN
CDRAGIT=CTT=0.
DO 180 NV=LA,LB
CPT=COS(ATAN(PHII(NV)))
VELIN=0.
DO 170 NN=1,MM
XX=XC4(NV)-XC4(NN)
YY(1)=YQ(NV)-YQ(NN)
YY(2)=YQ(NV)+YQ(NN)
ZZ=Z(NV)-Z(NN)
APHI=ATAN(PHII(NN))
DO 160 I=1,2
YYY=YY(I)
CALL INFSUB (BOT,FV(I),FW(I),FV(I))
APHI=-APHI
160 CONTINUE
VELIN=-(FW(1)+FW(2))-(FV(1)+FV(2))*PHII(NV)*GAM(NN)/FPI+VELIN
170 CONTINUE
CIT=CTT+GAM(NV)*(ALPD/57.29578+ALPPD(NV))*CPT/(2.*BOT)
180 CDRAGIT=CDRAGIT+VELIN*GAM(NV)*CPT/(2.*BOT)
CTT=CTT-CDRAGIT
SWLE=ATAN(SSL(A))
CST=CTT/COS(SWLE)
CCC(LI)=CDRAGIT
CRR(LI)=CTT
XCC4(LI)=CST
CDRAG=CDRAG+CDPAGIT*CONST
CTHRUST=CTHRUST+CTT*CONST
CSUCT=CSUCT+CST*CONST
CONTINUE
TBL=II=0
LI=0
LBL=0
DO 220 I=1,IPLAN
LA=M-NMA(I)
IF (I.EQ.1) GOTO 225
NST = NSUMSV(I-1)
NSTT = NSTSUMS(I-1)
225
CDRAG147
CDRAG148
CDRAG149
CDRAG150
CDRAG151
CDRAG152
CDRAG153
CDRAG154
CDRAG155
CDRAG156
CDRAG157
CDRAG158
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CDRAG186
CDRAG187
CDRAG188
CDRAG189
CDRAG190
CDRAG191
CDRAG192
CDRAG193
CDRAG194
CDRAG195

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1 260 FORMAT (20X,I10,5X,5F12.5)
270 FORMAT (//,57X,18HTOTAL COEFFICIENTS//36X,12HCII/CL**2 *F10.5,5X,CDRAG246
      13HCT-,F10.5,5X,3HCS-,F10.5)
END
C
SUBROUTINE TIPSUCT
DIMENSION YY(2), WVOU(60), FV(2), FA(2), XTELEG(60),
      ZLEGSV(50,4), CIRSUM(50,4), YLEGSV(50,4)
COMMON /ALL/, BOT, ROTSV(4), M, RETA, PTEST, QTEST,
      STA(4), TBLSCH(100), YYCP(4),
      Q(400), PN(400), PV(400), ALP(400), S(400), PSI(400),
      PHI(100), ZH(100), CP(400), STLDIND(4)
ALL
TIPSUCT
TIPSUCT2
TIPSUCT3
TIPSUCT4
ALL 2
ALL 3
ALL 4
ALL 5
ALL 6
TIPSUCT5
NOTES 2
NOTES 3
NOTES 4
NOTES 5
NOTES 6
NOTES 7
NOTES 8
NOTES 9
NOTES 10
NOTES 11
NOTES 12
NOTES 13
NOTES 14
NOTES 15
NOTES 16
NOTES 17
NOTES 18
NOTES 19
NOTES 20
NOTES 21
NOTES 22
NOTES 23
TIPSUCT8
TOTTHR 2
TOTTHR 3
ONETHR E2
ONETHR E3
ONETHR E4
ONETHR E5
ONETHR E6
ONETHR E7
ONETHR E8
ONETHR E9
ONETHR 10
THREFOR2
THREFOR3
C
COMMON /TOTHREE/ CIR(400,2)
C
COMMON /ARTRUE/ TWIST(4), CREF, SREF, CAVE, CLDES, STRUE, AR,
      MSV(4), KBOT, PLAN, IPLAN, MACH,
      SSMWA(100), XL(4), XT(4), CLWB, CMCL, CLA(4), BLAIR(100),
      CLAMAR(4), CLWIN(4), CLWNG(4), XLOCIN,
      YINER(4), YUTER(4)
C
INTEGER CONFIG
C
COMMON /THREFOR/ CCAV(2,100), CLT, CLNT, NSSW, ALPD
C

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COMMON /INSUB23/ APHI,XX,YY,ZZ,SNN,TOLCS0          TIPSLC12
DIMENSION CLL(26),CDD0(26),CMMM(26),ALPH(26),CDCLZ(26),CDCLF(26)   TIPSLC13
          COCLV(26)                                TIPSLC14
1      REAL KVSE(4)                                TIPSLC15
      DIMENSION CENTR(4), TIPSUM(4)                TIPSLC16
      DATA XTLEG / 60*0.0/                         TIPSLC17
      DATA ZLEGSV, CIRSUM, YLEGSV                 TIPSLC18
      S / 200*0.0, 200*0.0, 200*0.0 /             TIPSLC19
      J = 0                                         TIPSLC20
      DO 1 ITT = 1, IPLAN                         TIPSLC21
      CENTR(ITT) = 0.0                             TIPSLC22
      KVSE(ITT) = 0.0                               TIPSLC23
      TIPSUM(ITT) = 0.0                            TIPSLC24
      IF(XL(ITT) .EQ. XT(ITT)) J = J + 1        TIPSLC25
1      CONTINUE                                     TIPSLC26
C
C     IF(J .EQ. IPLAN) GO TO 540                  TIPSLC27
C
C     BLAMAR = 1.0/BETA                           TIPSLC28
      NSSW = 0                                       TIPSLC29
      DO 2 ITT = 1, IPLAN                         TIPSLC30
      XT(ITT) = XT(ITT) * BLAMAR                  TIPSLC31
      XL(ITT) = XL(ITT) * BLAMAR                  TIPSLC32
      NSSW = NSSW + NSSWSV(ITT)                    TIPSLC33
2      CONTINUE                                     TIPSLC34
C
C     THE TOLERANCE SET AT THIS POINT IN THE PROGRAM MAY NEED TO BE
C     CHANGED FOR COMPUTERS OTHER THAN THE CDC 6000 SERIES           TIPSLC35
C
C     TOLC=.0100*BOT                                TIPSLC36
      TOLCS0=TOLC*TOLC                            TIPSLC37
      TIPSI = 0.0                                    TIPSLC38
      TIPSU=PITCH=0.                                TIPSLC39
C
C     GEOMETRY FOR TIP TRAILING LEGS               TIPSLC40
C
C     IM = 0                                         TIPSLC41
      IMM = 0                                       TIPSLC42
      NSSW1 = 0                                       TIPSLC43
      NSSW2 = 0                                       TIPSLC44
      EPS = 1.E-6                                     TIPSLC45
      CTSW = 0.0                                     TIPSLC46
      CM2 = 0.0                                     TIPSLC47
      CCIRS = 0.0                                    TIPSLC48
C
C     TIPSLC51                                     TIPSLC49
      TIPSLC52                                     TIPSLC50
      TIPSLC53                                     TIPSLC51
      TIPSLC54                                     TIPSLC52
      TIPSLC55                                     TIPSLC53
      TIPSLC56                                     TIPSLC54
      TIPSLC57                                     TIPSLC55
      TIPSLC58                                     TIPSLC56
      TIPSLC59                                     TIPSLC57
      TIPSLC60                                     TIPSLC58

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```

      DO 535 ITT = 1,IPLAN
C
      NSCW = MSV(ITT)/NSSWSV(ITT)
      NSSW2 = NSSW2 + NSSWSV(ITT)
      IF(ITT .EQ. IPLAN .AND. XL(ITT) .EQ. XT(ITT)) GO TO 475
      20   I=IMM+1
           IMP = 0
           J=IMM+2
           IUU = 2
           APHI=ATAN(PHI(IM+1))
           SA = SIN(APHI)
           CA=COS(APHI)
           TLX1=PN(I)-S(I)*TAN(PSI(I))*CA
           TLX2=PN(J)-S(J)*TAN(PSI(J))*CA
           CLFTLG=TLX1-TLX2
           XTLEG(1)=TLX1/2.+TLX2/2.
           YLEG=Q(I)-S(I)*CA
           YLEGSV(1,ITT) = YLEG
           ZLEG=ZH(IM+1)-S(I)*SA
           ZLEGSV(1,ITT) = ZLEG
           IF (XL(ITT).EQ.XT(ITT)) GO TO 100
           DO 30 NV=2,NSCW
           30   XTLFG(NV)=XTLEG(NVT)-CLFTLG
           NCTL=0
           NA=1
           NB=NSCW
           DO 70 NV=NA,NB
           70
C
C     THE RATIO OF W/U IS INITIALIZED TO -1 BECAUSE IN THE TERM
C     -U*ALPHA/U, USED IN THIS SUMMATION, ALPHA IS SET TO 1 RADIAN
C     SO THAT THE RESULTING TIP SUCTION CAN BE USED DIRECTLY TO FIND
C     KV SIDE EDGE
C
C     WVOU(NV)=-1.
C     IZ=1
C     NNN=TALSCH(IZ)
C     DO 60 NN=1,M
C       AP-I=ATAN(PHI(IZ))
C       PSI=PSI(NN)
C       XX=XTLEG(NV)-PN(NN)
C       YY(1)=YLEG-Q(NN)
C       YY(2)=YLEG+Q(NN)
C       ZZ=ZLEG-ZH(IZ)
C       SNH=S(NN)
C       DO 50 I=1,2
C         YY=YY(I)
C
      TIPSUC 61
      TIPSUC 62
      TIPSUC 63
      TIPSUC 64
      TIPSUC 65
      TIPSUC 66
      TIPSUC 67
      TIPSUC 68
      TIPSUC 69
      TIPSUC 70
      TIPSUC 71
      TIPSUC 72
      TIPSUC 73
      TIPSUC 74
      TIPSUC 75
      TIPSUC 76
      TIPSUC 77
      TIPSUC 78
      TIPSUC 79
      TIPSUC 80
      TIPSUC 81
      TIPSUC 82
      TIPSUC 83
      TIPSUC 84
      TIPSUC 85
      TIPSUC 86
      TIPSUC 87
      TIPSUC 88
      TIPSUC 89
      TIPSUC 90
      TIPSUC 91
      TIPSUC 92
      TIPSUC 93
      TIPSUC 94
      TIPSUC 95
      TIPSUC 96
      TIPSUC 97
      TIPSUC 98
      TIPSUC 99
      TIPSU100
      TIPSU101
      TIPSU102
      TIPSU103
      TIPSU104
      TIPSU105
      TIPSU106
      TIPSU107
      TIPSU108
      TIPSU109

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CALL INFSUB (BOT,FV(I),FW(I),FUI)
APHI = -APHI
APSI = -APSI
CONTINUE
WVOU(NV)=WVOU(NV)+(FW(1)+FW(2))*CIR(NN,2)/12.5663704
IF (NN.LT.NNN.OR.NN.EQ.M) GO TO 60
IZ=IZ+1
NN=NNN*TBLSCW(IZ)
CONTINUE
CONTINUE
NCTL=NCTL+1
IF (NCTL-2) 80,100,150
C
C GEOMETRY FOR SPANWISE BOUND VORTICES
C
80 NA=NSCW+1
NB=2*NSCW
JA=IMM+1
YLEG=0(JA)
ZLEG=ZH(IM+1)
DO 90 J=1,NSCW
JK=IMM+J
NV=J+NSCW
XTLEG(NV)=PN(JK)
GO TO 40
C
C GEOMETRY ALONG RIGHT TRAILING LEGS
C
100 NA=2*NSCW+1
NB=3*NSCW
CCIR=0.
JK=IMM+1
APHI=ATAN(PHI(IM+1))
SA=SIN(APHI)
CA=COS(APHI)
YLEG=Q(JK)+S(JK)*CA
YLEGSV(IUU,ITT)=YLEG
ZLEG=ZH(IM+1)+S(JK)*SA
ZLEGSV(IUU,ITT)=ZLEG
IF (XL(ITT)*EO*XT(ITT)) GO TO 150
TLX1=PN(JK)+S(JK)*TAN(PSI(JK))*CA
JK=JK+1
TLX2=PN(JK)+S(JK)*TAN(PSI(JK))*CA
C*TLLG=TLX1-TLX2
YLEG(NA)=TLX1/2.+TLX2/2.
NA=N+1
T(ITT)=EO, 1) GO TO 130
LIM=ITT-1
DO 125 ITLEG = 1,LIM
TIPSU10
TIPSU11
TIPSU12
TIPSU13
TIPSU14
TIPSU15
TIPSU16
TIPSU17
TIPSU18
TIPSU19
TIPSU20
TIPSU21
TIPSU22
TIPSU23
TIPSU24
TIPSU25
TIPSU26
TIPSU27
TIPSU28
TIPSU29
TIPSU30
TIPSU31
TIPSU32
TIPSU33
TIPSU34
TIPSU35
TIPSU36
TIPSU37
TIPSU38
TIPSU39
TIPSU40
TIPSU41
TIPSU42
TIPSU43
TIPSU44
TIPSU45
TIPSU46
TIPSU47
TIPSU48
TIPSU49
TIPSU50
TIPSU51
TIPSU52
TIPSU53
TIPSU54
TIPSU55
TIPSU56
TIPSU57
TIPSU58

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L = NSSWSV(ITLEG) + 1
DO 120 I = 2,L
  I0 = I - 1
  IF((ABS(YLEGSV(I,ITLEG))-YLEG).LT.TOLC)
     *AND.
     *      (ABS(ZLEGSV(I,ITLEG)-ZLEG).LT.TOLC))
  S  CCIRS = CCIRS + CIRSUM(I0,ITLEG)
  S  IF(CCIRS .NE. 0)GO TO 125
  120  CONTINUE
  125  CONTINUE
C
C   130  DO 140 NV=NAA,NB
        NVT=NV-1
  140  XTELEG(NV)=XTELEG(NVT)-CRTTLG
        GO TO 40
C
C   150  CONTINUE
        IF (CCIRS .NE. 0.) GO TO 160
        GO TO 270
  160  IJ=2*NSCW+1
        XLT=XTELEG(IJ)+CRTTLG/2.
        XRT=XTELEG(IJ)+CRTTLG/2.
        XRL=XPT+CRTTLG/4.
        XLL=XLT+CLFTLG/4.
        IF (XLL.GE.XL(ITT)).AND.XLT.LE.XT(ITT)) GO TO 170
        IF (XLL.LE.XL(ITT)).AND.XLT.GE.XT(ITT)) GO TO 190
        IF (XLL.GT.XL(ITT)).AND.XLT.GE.XL(ITT)) GO TO 200
        IF (XLL.LE.XT(ITT)) GO TO 200
        IF (XLL.GT.XL(ITT)).AND.XLT.LT.XL(ITT)) GO TO 180
        CON4=(XT(ITT)-XLL)/(XLT-XLL)
        GO TO 210
  170  CON4=(XL(ITT)-XT(ITT))/(XLL-XLT)
        GO TO 210
  180  CON4=(XL(ITT)-XT(ITT))/(XLL-XLT)
        GO TO 210
  190  CON4=1.
        GO TO 210
  200  CON4=0.0
        GO TO 210
  210  CONTINUE
        IF ((XRL.GE.XL(ITT)).AND.XRT.LE.XT(ITT)) GO TO 220
        IF ((XPL.LE.XL(ITT)).AND.XRT.GE.XT(ITT)) GO TO 240
        IF ((XQL.GT.XL(ITT)).AND.XPT.GE.XL(ITT)) GO TO 250
        IF ((XPL.LE.XT(ITT)) GO TO 250
        IF ((XL.GT.XL(ITT)).AND.XRT.LT.XL(ITT)) GO TO 230
        CON5=(XT(ITT)-XRL)/(XRT-XRL)
        GO TO 260
  220  CON5=(XL(ITT)-XT(ITT))/(XRL-XRT)
        GO TO 260
  230  CONTINUE
        TIPSU159
        TIPSU160
        TIPSU161
        TIPSU162
        TIPSU163
        TIPSU164
        TIPSU165
        TIPSU166
        TIPSU167
        TIPSU168
        TIPSU169
        TIPSU170
        TIPSU171
        TIPSU172
        TIPSU173
        TIPSU174
        TIPSU175
        TIPSU176
        TIPSU177
        TIPSU178
        TIPSU179
        TIPSU180
        TIPSU181
        TIPSU182
        TIPSU183
        TIPSU184
        TIPSU185
        TIPSU186
        TIPSU187
        TIPSU188
        TIPSU189
        TIPSU190
        TIPSU191
        TIPSU192
        TIPSU193
        TIPSU194
        TIPSU195
        TIPSU196
        TIPSU197
        TIPSU198
        TIPSU199
        TIPSU200
        TIPSU201
        TIPSU202
        TIPSU203
        TIPSU204
        TIPSU205
        TIPSU206
        TIPSU207

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230    CONS=(XL(ITT)-XRT)/(XRL-XRT)
        GO TO 260
240    CONS=1.
        GO TO 260
250    CONS=0.0
260    CONTINUE
        TIPSI = CCIRS*0.25*(CONS*WVOU(1)*CLFTLG-CONS*WVOU(IJ)*CRTTLG)
        , *2./SREF*BETA
        IF(TIPSI .GT. 0 .AND. SSWA(IM+1) .LT. 0) GO TO 270
        IF(TIPSI .GT. 0) TIPSUM(ITT) = TIPSUM(ITT) + TIPSI
        TIPSI = TIPSI + TIPSI
        PITCH+PITCH+CCIRS*0.25*(-CONS*WVOU(1)*CLFTLG+CREF)+CONS*WVOU(IJ)*TIPSI
        1)*CRTTLG*XTELEG(IJ))+2./((SREF*CREF)+BETA)**2
270    CIPCS=CCIRS
        00 450 NPOS=1,NSCW
        JK=IMM+NPOS
        JN=2*NSCW+NPOS
        NPIS=NSCW+NPOS
        CIRCJS=CIRCUS+CIR(JK,2)
        IF (XL(ITT).EQ.XT(ITT)) GO TO 460
        XLEG=XTELEG(NPOS)
        XLEG=XTELEG(JN)
        XLEG=XTELEG(NPOS)+CLFTLG/2.
        XLT=XTELEG(NPOS)-CLFTLG/2.
        XRL=XTELEG(JN)+CRTTLG/2.
        XRT=XTELEG(JN)-CRTTLG/2.
        IF (XL.GE.XL(ITT).AND.XLT.LE.XT(ITT)) GO TO 280
        IF (XL.LE.XL(ITT).AND.XLT.GE.XT(ITT)) GO TO 300
        IF (XL.GT.XL(ITT).AND.XLT.GE.XL(ITT)) GO TO 310
        IF (XL.LE.XT(ITT)) GO TO 310
        IF (XL.GT.XL(ITT).AND.XLT.LT.XL(ITT)) GO TO 290
        CONI=(XT(ITT)-XLL)/(XLT-XLL)
        XLEG=XT(ITT)+CONI*CLFTLG/2.
        GO TO 320
        CONI=(XL(ITT)-XT(ITT))/(XLL-XLT)
        XLEG=(XL(ITT)+XT(ITT))/2.
        GO TO 320
290    CONI=(XL(ITT)-XLT)/(XLL-XLT)
        XLEG=XL1+CONI*CLFTLG/2.
        GO TO 320
300    CONI=1.
        GO TO 320
310    CONI=0.0
320    CONTINUE
        IF (NPOS.EQ.NSCW.AND.CONI.EQ.1.) GO TO 360
        IF (XL.GE.XL(ITT).AND.XRT.LE.XT(ITT)) GO TO 330
        IF (XL.LE.XL(ITT).AND.XRT.GE.XT(ITT)) GO TO 350
        IF (XPL.GT.XL(ITT).AND.XPT.GE.XL(ITT)) GO TO 370
        IF (XPL.LE.XT(ITT)) GO TO 370
        TIPSI208
        TIPSI209
        TIPSI210
        TIPSI211
        TIPSI212
        TIPSI213
        TIPSI214
        TIPSI215
        TIPSI216
        TIPSI217
        TIPSI218
        TIPSI219
        TIPSI220
        TIPSI221
        TIPSI222
        TIPSI223
        TIPSI224
        TIPSI225
        TIPSI226
        TIPSI227
        TIPSI228
        TIPSI229
        TIPSI230
        TIPSI231
        TIPSI232
        TIPSI233
        TIPSI234
        TIPSI235
        TIPSI236
        TIPSI237
        TIPSI238
        TIPSI239
        TIPSI240
        TIPSI241
        TIPSI242
        TIPSI243
        TIPSI244
        TIPSI245
        TIPSI246
        TIPSI247
        TIPSI248
        TIPSI249
        TIPSI250
        TIPSI251
        TIPSI252
        TIPSI253
        TIPSI254
        TIPSI255
        TIPSI256

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      IF (XRL.GT.XL(ITT).AND.XRT.LT.XL(ITT)) GO TO 340
      CON2=(XT(ITT)-XRL)/(XRT-XRL)
      XRL=XT(ITT)+CON2*CRTLG/2.
      GO TO 380
  330  CON2=(XL(ITT)-XT(ITT))/(XRL-XRT)
      XRL=XL(ITT)+XT(ITT)/2.
      GO TO 380
  340  CON2=(XL(ITT)-XRT)/(XRL-XRT)
      XPLEG=XRT+CON2*CRTLGLG/2.
      GO TO 380
  350  CON2=1.
      GO TO 380
  360  CON1=.75
      CON2=.75
      GO TO 380
  370  CON2=0.0
      IF (XRL.GT.XLL) GO TO 390
      XSIGN=-1.0
      XBLI=XLL
      XBLT=XRL
      GO TO 400
  390  XBLI=XRL
      XBLT=XLL
      XSIGN=1.
      BVDLG=ABS(XBLI-XBLT)
      IF (XBLI.GE.XL(ITT)) GO TO 440
      IF (XBLI.LE.XT(ITT)) GO TO 440
      IF (XBLI.GE.XL(ITT).AND.XBLT.LE.XT(ITT)) GO TO 430
      IF (XBLI.LE.XL(ITT).AND.XBLT.GE.XT(ITT)) GO TO 420
      IF (XBLI.GT.XL(ITT).AND.XBLT.GE.XT(ITT)) GO TO 410
      CON3=(XT(ITT)-XBLI)/(XBLI-XBLT)
      XTLES(NPISI-XT(ITT))+CON3*BVDLG/2.
      CON3=CON3*XSIGN
      GO TO 450
  410  CON3=(XL(ITT)-XBLT)/(XBLI-XBLT)
      XPLEG(NPISI)=XBLT+CON3*BVDLG/2.
      CON3=CON3*XSIGN
      GO TO 450
  420  CON3=1.*XSIGN
      GO TO 450
  430  CON3=(XL(ITT)-XT(ITT))/(XBLI-XBLT)
      XPLEG(NPISI)=(XL(ITT)+XT(ITT))/2.
      CON3=CON3*XSIGN
      GO TO 450
  440  CON3=0.0
      TIPSI=(CIRCUS*(WVOU(NPOS)*CLFTLG*CONI-CON2*WVOU(JNI)*CRTTLG)
      , +CIR(JK,2)*(WVOU(NPISI)*CON3*BVDLG)*2./SREF*BETA
      , IF (TIPSI.GT.0.AND.SSWWA(1M+1).LT.0) GO TO 460
      IF (TIPSI.GT.0) OTIPSUM(ITT)=TIPSUM(ITT)+TIPSI

```

```

TIPSU = TIPSU + TIPSI
PITCH=PITCH+(CIRCUS*(-WVOU(NPOS)*CLFTLG*CON1*XLLEG+WVOU(JN))*CON2*C
1RTLG*XRLEG)-CIR(JK,2)*(WVOU(NPIS)*CON3*BVDLG*XTELEG(NPIS)))*2./($RTIPSU308
2EF*CREF)*BETA#*2
460  CONTINUE
IM=IM+1
IMM=IMM+TBLSCW(IM)
IMP = IMP + 1
CIRSUM(IMP,ITT) = CIRCUS - CCIRS
IUU = IMP + 2
465 IF(IM *EQ. NSSW2)GO TO 475
IF(XXL(ITT).EQ. XT(ITT))GO TO 100
C
        IF(TBLSCW(IM+1) .NE. TBLSCW(IM))GO TO 471
NCTL = 1
CLFTLG = CLFTLG
DJ 470 NV = 1,NSCW
NY = NV +
Z*NSCW
XTLEG(NV) = XTELEG(NY)
WVOU(NV) = WVOU(NY)
470 CONTINUE
GO TO 80
471 NSCW = TBLSCW(IM+1)
I = IMM +
1
J = I +
1
APHI = ATAN(PHI(IM+1))
GO TO 25
C
        475 CONTINUE
KVSE(ITT) = 2.0 * ABS(TIPSU - CTSW)
IF(KVSE(ITT) .LT. EPS)GO TO 510
CENTR(ITT) = (PITCH - CMW) * CREF/ABS(TIPSU - CTSW)
C
        510 CMW = PITCH
CTSW = TIPSU
NSSW1 = NSSWSV(ITT)
C
        535 CONTINUE
C
C
        540 IF(CLDOS .EQ. 100.) GO TO 541
CALL WRTANS(KVSE, CENTR, TIPSUM)
GO TO 575
541 RAD=4.*ATAN(1.)/180.
WRITE(6,690)
DO 580 IK=1,IPLAN
      WRITE(6,700) IK
      DO 580 IK=1,IPLAN
      WRITE(6,700) IK

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```

      XL(IK) = XL(IK) * BETA
      XT(IK) = XT(IK) * BETA
      WRITE(6,710) XL(IK), XT(IK),
      KVSE(IK), CENTR(IK), BOTSV(IK)
      $ TIP$U355
      TIP$U356
      TIP$U357
      TIP$U358
      TIP$U359
      TIP$U360
      TIP$U361
      TIP$U362
      TIP$U363
      TIP$U364
      TIP$U365
      TIP$U366
      TIP$U367
      TIP$U368
      TIP$U369
      TIP$U370
      TIP$U371
      TIP$U372
      TIP$U373
      TIP$U374
      TIP$U375
      TIP$U376
      TIP$U377
      TIP$U378
      TIP$U379
      TIP$U380
      TIP$U381
      TIP$U382
      TIP$U383
      TIP$U384
      TIP$U385
      TIP$U386
      TIP$U387
      TIP$U388
      TIP$U389
      TIP$U390
      TIP$U391
      TIP$U392
      TIP$U393
      TIP$U394
      TIP$U395
      TIP$U396
      TIP$U397
      TIP$U398
      TIP$U399
      TIP$U400
      TIP$U401
      TIP$U402
      TIP$U403

      580 CONTINUE
      WRITE(6,560)
      DO 600 IA=1,26
      READ(30) WVOU(IA),XTLEG(IA),CIRSUM(IA)
      600 CONTINUE
      DO 605 IA=1,26
      READ(30) YLEGSV(IA),ZLEGSV(IA),TBLSCW(IA)
      605 CONTINUE
      DO 610 IA=1,26
      READ(30) Q(IA),PN(IA),PV(IA)
      610 CONTINUE
      DO 620 IA=1,26
      READ(30) ALP(IA),S(IA),PSI(IA)
      620 CONTINUE
      REWIND 30
      CLOZ = 0.0
      CDMINZ = XTLEG(1)
      CLOF = 0.0
      CD4INF = ZLEGSV(1)
      CDMINV = 100.0
      CLOV = 0.0
      DO 545 IALPH = 1,26
      ALPH(IALPH) = (IALPH-6)*2.
      ALPHA = ALPH(IALPH)*RAD
      SA=SIN(ALPHA)
      SA2=SA*APS1(SA)
      CA=COS(ALPHA)
      CLVSE=CDVSE*CMVSE*0.
      DO 550 I=1,IPLAN
      CLVSE = KVSE(I) * SA2 * CA + CLVSE
      CDVSE = KVSE(I) * SA2 * SA + CDVSE
      CMVSE = KVSE(I) * SA2 * CENTR(I)/CREF + CMVSE
      550 CONTINUE
      WRITE(6,570) ALPH(IALPH),WVOU(IALPH),XTLEG(IALPH),CIRSUM(IALPH),TIP$U391
      1          YLEGSV(IALPH),ZLEGSV(IALPH),TBLSCW(IALPH),TIP$U392
      2          Q(IALPH),PN(IALPH),PV(IALPH),CLVSE,CDVSE,CMVSE
      IF (XTLEG(IALPH).GE.CDMINF) GO TO 910
      CDMINZ = ZLEGSV(IALPH)
      CLOF = YLEGSV(IALPH)
      CLOZ = WVOU(IALPH)
      900 CONTINUE
      IF (YLEGSV(IALPH).GE.CDMINF) GO TO 910
      CDMINF = ZLEGSV(IALPH)
      CLOF = YLEGSV(IALPH)
      910 CONTINUE
      WRITE(30) CLVSE,CDVSE,CMVSE

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545 CONTINUE
END FILE 30
REWIND 30
WRITE(6,800)
DO 810 IALPH=1,26
READ (30) CLVSE,CDVSE,CMVSE
CLL=Q(IALPH)+CLVSE
CDD=PN(IALPH)+CDVSE
CMM=PV(IALPH)+CMVSE
CLL=Q(IALPH)+ALP(IALPH)
CDD=PN(IALPH)+S(IALPH)
CMM=PV(IALPH)+PSI(IALPH)
CLL(IALPH) = CLL+ALP(IALPH)
CDD(IALPH) = CDD+S(IALPH)
CMM(IALPH) = CMM+PSI(IALPH)
WRITE(6,570) ALPH(IALPH),ALP(IALPH),S(IALPH),PSI(IALPH),CLL,CDD,
TIPSU4 04 TIPSU4 05 TIPSU4 06 TIPSU4 07 TIPSU4 08 TIPSU4 09 TIPSU4 10 TIPSU4 11 TIPSU4 12 TIPSU4 13 TIPSU4 14 TIPSU4 15 TIPSU4 16 TIPSU4 17 TIPSU4 18 TIPSU4 19 TIPSU4 20 TIPSU4 21 TIPSU4 22 TIPSU4 23 TIPSU4 24 TIPSU4 25 TIPSU4 26 TIPSU4 27 TIPSU4 28 TIPSU4 29 TIPSU4 30 TIPSU4 31 TIPSU4 32 TIPSU4 33 TIPSU4 34 TIPSU4 35 TIPSU4 36 TIPSU4 37 TIPSU4 38 TIPSU4 39 TIPSU4 40 TIPSU4 41 TIPSU4 42 TIPSU4 43 TIPSU4 44 TIPSU4 45 TIPSU4 46 TIPSU4 47 TIPSU4 48 TIPSU4 49 TIPSU4 50 TIPSU4 51 TIPSU4 52
800
CLL(PN(IALPH))=CLL+ALP(IALPH)
CDD(PN(IALPH))=CDD+S(IALPH)
CMM(PN(IALPH))=CMM+PSI(IALPH)
IF ((CDDD(IALPH)).GE.CDINV) GO TO 920
CDINV = CDDD(IALPH)
CLOV = CLL(IALPH)
CONTINUE
810 CONTINUE
PIAR = 1./(3.14159265*AR)
WRITE (6,831) PIAR,CLDZ,CDMINF,CLDF,CDLV,CDINV
DO 820 IALPH=1,26
IF (WVOU(IALPH).EQ.CLOZ) COCLZ(IALPH) = 100.
IF (YLEGSV(IALPH).EQ.CLOF) COCLF(IALPH) = 100.
IF (CLL(IALPH).EQ.CLOV) COCLV(IALPH) = 100.
IF (WVOU(IALPH).NE.CLOZ) COCLZ(IALPH) = (WVOUTPSU4 32
1 (IALPH) - CLOZ)**2)
IF (YLEGSV(IALPH).NE.CLDF) COCLF(IALPH) = (YLEGSV(IALPH)-CDMINF)/
1 (YLEGSV(IALPH)-CLDF)**2)
IF (CLL(IALPH).NE.CLOV) COCLV(IALPH) = (CDDD(IALPH)- CDINV)/
1 ((CLL(IALPH)- CLOV)**2)
WRITE(5,830) ALPH(IALPH), WVOU(IALPH), COCLZ(IALPH), YLEGSV(IALPH),
1 COCLF(IALPH), CLL(IALPH), COCLV(IALPH)
820 CONTINUE
CALL PSEUDO
C
C PLT CL VS ALPHA FOR ZERO SUCTION, FULL SUCTION, AND VORTEX LIFT
C
CALL INFOPLT(0,26, ALPH '1,YLEGSV,1,-10., 40.0,-4,1.6,1.0,-5,
15HALPHA,-2, 2HCL,12,10.,10.,0.75,1.50) TIPSU445
CALL INFOPLT(0,26, ALPH '1,YLEGSV,1,-10., 40.0,-4,1.6,1.0,-5, TIPSU446
15HALPHA,-2, 2HCL,0,10.,10.,0.75,1.50) TIPSU447
CALL INFOPLT(0,26, ALPH '1,WVOU,1,-10., 40.0,-4,1.6,1.0,-5, TIPSU448
15HALPHA,-2, 2HCL,0,10.,10.,0.75,1.50) TIPSU449
CALL INFOPLT(0,26, ALPH '1,WVOU,1,-10., 40.0,-4,1.6,1.0,-5, TIPSU450
15HALPHA,-2, 2HCL,0,10.,10.,0.75,1.50) TIPSU451
15HALPHA,-2, 2HCL,11,10.,10.,0.75,1.50) TIPSU452

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CALL INFOPLT( 0,26, ALPH ,1, CLLL ,1,-10., 40.0,-4,1.6,1.0,-5,
15HALPHA,-2, 2HCL , 0,10.,0.75,1.50) TIPSU453
CALL NOTATE ( 7.0, 2.7,0.15,12HZERO SUCTION,0.0,12) TIPSU454
CALL PNTPLT ( 6.7,2.77,11,2) TIPSU455
CALL NOTATE ( 7.0, 2.4,0.15,12HFULL SUCTION,0.0,12) TIPSU456
CALL PNTPLT ( 6.7,2.47,12,2) TIPSU457
CALL NOTATE ( 7.0, 2.1,0.15,16HPOTENTIAL+VORTEX,0.0,16) TIPSU458
CALL PNTPLT ( 6.7,2.17,13,2) TIPSU459
CALL INFOPLT( 1,26, ALPH ,1, CLLL ,1,-10., 40.0,-4,1.6,1.0,-5, TIPSU460
CALL INFOPLT( 1,26, ALPH ,1, CLLL ,1,-10., 40.0,-4,1.6,1.0,-5, TIPSU461
15HALPHA,-2, 2HCL ,13,10.,0.75,1.50) TIPSU462
TIPSU463
C PLOT CL VS CD FOR ZERO SUCTION, FULL SUCTION, AND VORTEX LIFT TIPSU464
C CALL INFOPLT(0,26,WVOU,1,XTLEG,1,-4,1.6,0,.4,1.0,-2,2HCL,-2, TIPSU465
1 2HCD , 0,10.,0.75,1.5) TIPSU466
1 CALL INFOPLT(0,26,YLEGSV,1,ZLEGSV,1,-4,1.6,0,.4,1.0,-2,2HCL,-2, TIPSU467
1 2HCD , 0,10.,0.75,1.5) TIPSU468
1 CALL INFOPLT(0,26,CLLL ,1,CDDD,1,-4,1.6,0,.4,1.0,-2,2HCL,-2, TIPSU469
1 2HCD , 0,10.,0.75,1.5) TIPSU470
1 CALL INFOPLT(0,26,WVOU,1,XTLEG,1,-4,1.6,0,.4,1.0,-2,2HCL,-2, TIPSU471
1 2HCD ,11,10.,0.75,1.5) TIPSU472
1 CALL INFOPLT(0,26,YLEGSV,1,ZLEGSV,1,-4,1.6,0,.4,1.0,-2,2HCL,-2, TIPSU473
1 2HCD ,12,10.,0.75,1.5) TIPSU474
1 CALL NOTATE ( 7.0, 2.1,0.15,12HZERO SUCTION,0.0,12) TIPSU475
CALL PNTPLT ( 6.7,2.77,11,2) TIPSU476
CALL NOTATE ( 7.0, 2.4,0.15,12HFULL SUCTION,0.0,12) TIPSU477
CALL PNTPLT ( 6.7,2.47,12,2) TIPSU478
CALL NOTATE ( 7.0, 2.1,0.15,16HPOTENTIAL+VORTEX,0.0,16) TIPSU479
CALL PNTPLT ( 6.7,2.17,13,2) TIPSU480
CALL INFOPLT( 1,26,CLLL ,1,CDDD,1,-4,1.6,0,.4,1.0,-2,2HCL,-2, TIPSU481
1 2HCD ,13,10.,0.75,1.5) TIPSU482
TIPSU483
C PLOT CL VS CM FOR ZERO SUCTION, FULL SUCTION, AND VORTEX LIFT TIPSU484
C CALL INFOPLT( 0,26,YLEGSV,1,TBLSCW,1,-4,1.6,-0.10,0.10,1.0,-2, TIPSU485
1 2HCL ,-2, 2HCM ,12,10.,0.75,1.50) TIPSU486
CALL INFOPLT( 0,26,YLEGSV,1,TBLSCW,1,-4,1.6,-0.10,0.10,1.0,-2, TIPSU487
1 2HCL ,-2, 2HCM , 0,10.,0.75,1.50) TIPSU488
CALL INFOPLT( 0,26,WVOU ,1,CIRSUM,1,-4,1.6,-0.10,0.10,1.0,-2, TIPSU489
1 2HCL ,-2, 2HCM ,11,10.,0.75,1.50) TIPSU490
CALL INFOPLT( 0,26,WVOU ,1,CIRSUM,1,-4,1.6,-0.10,0.10,1.0,-2, TIPSU491
1 2HCL ,-2, 2HCM , 0,10.,0.75,1.50) TIPSU492
CALL INFOPLT( 0,26,WVOU ,1,CIRSUM,1,-4,1.6,-0.10,0.10,1.0,-2, TIPSU493
1 2HCL ,-2, 2HCM , 0,10.,0.75,1.50) TIPSU494
CALL INFOPLT( 0,26, CLLL ,1, CMMM ,1,-4,1.6,-0.10,0.10,1.0,-2, TIPSU495
1 2HCL ,-2, 2HCM , 0,10.,0.75,1.50) TIPSU496
CALL NOTATE ( 7.0, 2.7,0.15,12HZERO SUCTION,0.0,12) TIPSU497
CALL PNTPLT ( 6.7,2.77,11,2) TIPSU498
CALL NOTATE ( 7.0, 2.4,0.15,12HFULL SUCTION,0.0,12) TIPSU499
CALL PNTPLT ( 6.7,2.47,12,2) TIPSU500
CALL NOTATE ( 7.0, 2.1,0.15,16HPOTENTIAL+VORTEX,0.0,16) TIPSU501

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CALL PNTPLT ( 6.7,2,17,13,2)
CALL INFOPLT( 1,26, CLLL ,1, CMMM ,1,-.4,1.6,-0.10,0.10,-1.0,-2,
1 2HCL,-2, 2HCM,13,10.,10.,0.75,1.50)

C PLOT CL VS CD/(CL+*2) FOR ZERO SUCTION, FULL SUCTION, + VORTEX
C CALL INFOPLT( 0,26,YLEGSV,1, CDCLF,1,-.4,1.6,0.01,0,1.0,-2,
12HCL,-24,24H(CD-COMIN)/((CL-CL0)*2), 0,10.,10.,0.75,1.5)
TIPSU503
TIPSU504
TIPSU505
TIPSU506
TIPSU507
TIPSU508
TIPSU509
TIPSU510
TIPSU511
TIPSU512
TIPSU513
TIPSU514
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TIPSU540
TIPSU541
TIPSU542
TIPSU543
TIPSU544
TIPSU545
TIPSU546
TIPSU547
TIPSU548
TIPSU549
TIPSU550

CALL INFOPLT( 0,26,YLEGSV,1, CDCLF,1,-.4,1.6,0.01,0,1.0,-2,
12HCL,-24,24H(CD-COMIN)/((CL-CL0)*2), 0,10.,10.,0.75,1.5)
CALL INFOPLT( 0,26,YLEGSV,1, CDCLF,1,-.4,1.6,0.01,0,1.0,-2,
12HCL,-24,24H(CD-COMIN)/((CL-CL0)*2),12,10.,10.,0.75,1.5)
CALL INFOPLT( 0,26,WVOU ,1,CDCLZ,1, -.4,1.6, 0.0, 1.0,-2,
12HCL,-24,24H(CD-COMIN)/((CL-CL0)*2), 0,10.,10.,0.75,1.5)
CALL INFOPLT( 0,26,WVOU ,1,CDCLZ,1, -.4,1.6, 0.0, 1.0,-2,
12HCL,-24,24H(CD-COMIN)/((CL-CL0)*2),11,10.,10.,0.75,1.5)
CALL INFOPLT( 0,26,WVOU ,1,CDCLV,1, -.4,1.6, 0.0, 1.0,-2,
12HCL,-24,24H(CD-COMIN)/((CL-CL0)*2), 0,10.,10.,0.75,1.5)
CALL NOTATE( 7.0, 2.7,0.15,12HZERO SUCTION,0.0,12)
CALL PNTPLT( 6.7,2.77,11,2)
CALL NOTATE( 7.0, 2.4*0.15,12HFULL SUCTION,0.0,12)
CALL PNTPLT( 6.7,2.7,12,2)
CALL NOTATE( 7.0, 2.1,0.15,16HPOTENTIAL+VORTEX,0.0,16)
CALL PNTPLT( 6.7,2.17,13,2)
CALL INFOPLT( 1,26, CLLL ,1,CDCLV,1, -.4,1.6, 0.0, 1.0,-2,
12HCL,-24,24H(CD-COMIN)/((CL-CL0)*2),13,10.,0.75,1.5)
CALL CALPLT(0,0,999)
830 FORMAT(7F15.5)

831 FORMAT(1H1//20X66H I N D U C E D O R A G P O L A R S H A T I P S U 2 8
1 P E F A C T O R / 45X12H1/(PI*ARI) = ,F 8.5,/I27X
1 15HZERO LE SUCTION, 15X15HFULL LE SUCTION,
2 10X25H POTENTIAL+VORTEX(XLE+SE+AUG)/ 26X3HCLO, 8X5HCDMIN, 14X3HCL0, TIPSU530
3 8X5HCDMIN, 14X3HCL0, 8X5HCDMIN/15X,6F15.5,/9X5HALPHA,12X2HCL,9XTIPSU531
4 11H(CD-COMIN)/ 8X2HCL, 9X11H(CD-COMIN)/ 8X2HCL, 9X11H(CD-COMIN)/, TIPSU533
5 / 38X13H((CL-CL0)**2), 16X13H((CL-CL0)**2),16X13H((CL-CL0)**2 ) TIPSU534
560 FORMAT(1H1//,47X,33HTOTAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS,//,
110X,110HA T A C H E D F L O TIPSU35
2 W S E P A R A T E D F L O W / TIPSU36
372X28HPLUS POTENTIAL CONTRIBUTIONS/ 13X112HZERO TIPSU37
4LEADING EDGE SUCTION FULL LEADING EDGE SUCTION L E A D ITIPSU39
5 N G E D G E S I D E E D G E 3X,127HALPHA CL TIPSU540
6 CD CM CL CD CM CL CTIPSU541
70 CM CL VSE CO VSE CM VSE) TIPSU542
570 FORMAT(13F10.5)
690 FORMAT(1H1//,31X,60H KVSE AND RESPECTIVE CHORDWISE CENTROID TIPSU544
1 FOR EACH PLANFORM) TIPSU545
C 700 FORMAT(//,60X,14HPLANFORM NO. ,12,/,,
3 90X, BHLOCATION,/, TIPSU547
$ 33X, 21HLIMITS OF INTEGRATION, 18X, 5HKV SE, TIPSU548
$ 5X, 9HCHORDWISE, 3X, BHSPANWISE) TIPSU549
TIPSU550

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C   710 FORMAT(23X, F10.5, 10H (LEADING), 2X, F10.5, 11H (TRAILING),
      S 4X, F10.5, 2X, F10.5, 2X, F10.5)
C
C   800 FORMAT(1H1///4X118HS          E   P   A   R   A   T   T   E   D,
      1   F   L   O   W   C   O   N   N   T   I   T   I   N   U
      2   D/45XB0HP  L   U   S   P   O   T   E   N   T   I   A   L   C   O   N   U
      3   R   I   B   U   T   I   O   N   S/15X109HA U   G   M   E   N   T   E   D
      4   ING EDGE + SIDE EDGE          LEADING EDGE + AUGMENTED    LE + SE
      5+ AUGMENTED/                  TIPSUM59
      6
      7UG   CM AUG   CL   CM   CD   CM   CL   CD   CL AUG   CD ATIPSUM61
      8   CM   CL   CD   CM
      575 CONTINUE
END
SUBROUTINE WPTANS(KVSE, CENTR, TIPSUM)
COMMON /ALL/ BOT, BOTV(4), M, BETA, PTEST, QTEST,
      STA(4), TBLSCW(100), YYCP(4),
      Q(400), PN(400), PV(400), ALP(400), S(400), PSI(400),
      PHI(100), ZH(100), CP(400), STLOIND(4)
C
COMMON /ONE THREE/ TWIST(4), CREF, SREF, CAVE, CLOES, STRUE, AR,
      ARTRUE, RTCOHT(4), CONFIG(2), NSSW$V(4),
      MSV(4), KBOT, PLAN, IPLAN, MACH,
      SS$WVA100), XL(4), XT(4), CLWB, CMCL, CLA(4), BLAIR(100),
      CLAMAP(4), CLWIN(4), CLWNG(4), XLOCIN,
      YINNER(4), YOUTER(4)
C
C     INTEGER CONFIG
C
C     COMMON /THREFOR/ CCAV(2,100), CLT, CLNT, NSSW, ALPD
C
C     REAL KP(4), KVLE(4), KVSE(4)
C     DIMENSION CENT(4), TIPSUM(4), CENTY(4)
      LCH=0
      LAMAP=NSSW$V(1)
      CONV=3.1415926536/180.
      CINV=1./(3.1415926536*AR)
      DELTA=2.*CINV
      CONST=16.*BOT/SREF
      ALPHA=ALPD*CONV
      S22=ALPHA**2
      EPS = 1.E-6
      DO 10 ITI=1,IPLAN
      CENT(ITI) = 0.0
      XT(ITI) = XT(ITI) * BETA
      XL(ITI) = XL(ITI) * BETA
      CENTY(ITI) = 0.0
      KP(ITI) = 0.0
      10
      TIPSUM51
      TIPSUM52
      TIPSUM53
      TIPSUM54
      TIPSUM55
      ETIPSUM56
      TIPSUM57
      LEADTIPSUM58
      TIPSUM59
      TIPSUM60
      TIPSUM61
      TIPSUM62
      TIPSUM63
      TIPSUM64
      TIPSUM65
      WRTANS 2
      ALL 2
      ALL 3
      ALL 4
      ALL 5
      ALL 6
      ONETHR2
      ONETHR3
      ONETHR4
      ONETHR5
      ONETHR6
      ONETHR7
      ONETHR8
      ONETHR9
      ONETHR10
      THREFOR2
      THREFOR3
      WRTANS 6
      WRTANS 7
      WRTANS 8
      WRTANS 9
      WRTANS10
      WRTANS11
      WRTANS12
      WRTANS13
      WRTANS14
      WRTANS15
      WRTANS16
      WRTANS17
      WRTANS18
      WRTANS19
      WRTANS20
      WRTANS21
      WRTANS22

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KYLE(ITT) = 0.0
10 CONTINUE
C
  KP(1) = CLWIN(1)
  IF(IPLAN .EQ. 1) GO TO 20
  DO 15 ITT = 2,IPLAN
    KP(ITT) = CLWIN(ITT) - CLWIN(ITT-1)
  15 CONTINUE
  20 CONTINUE
C
C
  IEDGE = 1
  INDEX = 0
  DO 50 ITT = 1,IPLEN
    MSPAN = NSSNSV(ITT)
    PITCHMO = 0.0
    FORCF = 0.0
    ROLLMO = 0.0
    DO 30 ISPAN = 1,MSPAN
      INDEX = INDEX + 1
      IF(Q(IEDGE) .GT. YINNER(ITT)) GO TO 25
      IF(Q(IEDGE) .LT. YOUTER(ITT)) GO TO 25
      PITCHMO = PITCHMO + (PN(IEDGE) +
      (PN(IEDGE)-PN(IEDGE+1))/4.0)* BETA *
      BLAIR(INDEX)* S(IEDGE)* CONST
      FORCE = FORCE + BLAIR(INDEX)* S(IEDGE)* CONST
      ROLLMO = ROLLMO + Q(IEDGE)* BLAIR(INDEX) *
      S(IEDGE)* CONST
  30   IEDGE = IEDGE + TBLSCW(INDEX)
  25   CONTINUE
  50   CONTINUE
  IF(FORCE .EQ. 0.0) GO TO 50
  KYLE(ITT) = FORCE / S22
  IF(PITCHMO .NE. 0.0) CENT(ITT) = PITCHMO / FORCE
  IF(ROLLMO .NE. 0.0) CENT(ITT) = ROLLMO / FORCE
  IF(KYLE(ITT) .GT. EPS) GO TO 50
  CENT(ITT) = 0.0
  CENT(ITT) = 0.0
  50 CONTINUE
C
  100  CONTINUE
  WRITE(6,190)
  DO 110 IK=1,IPLEN
    CENTPM=CLAMAR(IK)*CREF
    WRITE(6,200) IK
    SPANJK = YYCP(IK) * BOT
    WRITE(6,210) KP(IK), CENTPM, SPANOKF
    CENTYSP = CENTY(IK) * BOT
    WRITE(6,220) YINNER(IK), YOUTER(IK),

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      $ WRITE(6,230) KVLE(IK), CENT(IK), CENTYSP
      $ WRITE(6,230) XL(IK), XT(IK),
      $ WRITE(6,290) KVSE(IK), CENTR(IK), BUTSV(IK)
110   CONTINUE
120   CONTINUE
     DO 160 IK=1,IPLAN
        IF (LCH.FG.1) GO TO 130
        WRITE (6,240) IK
130   WRITE (6,250)
        ALPHA=0.0
     DO 160 J=1,26
        V=SIN(ALPHA)
        C=COS(ALPHA)
        C2=C**2
        S2=V**2
140   IF(LCH.EQ.1) GO TO 140
C     INDIVIDUAL PLANFORM CHARACTERISTICS
C
CLP = KP(IK) * V * C2
CLVL = CLP + KVLE(IK) * S2 * C
CLSL = CLP + KVSE(IK) * S2 * C
CLTOT = CLVL + KVSE(IK) * S2 * C
CMP = CLAMAR(IK) * KP(IK) * V * C
CMPL = CMP + CENT(IK) * KVLE(IK) * S2/CREF
CMPS = CMP + KVSE(IK) * CENTR(IK) * S2/CREF
CMTOT = CMPL + KVSE(IK) * CENTR(IK) * S2/CREF
     GO TO 150
C
C     TOTAL PLANFORM CHARACTERISTICS
C
140   CLP = SKP * V * C2
CLVL = CLP + SKVLE * S2 * C
CLSL = CLP + SKVSE * S2 * C
CLTOT = CLVL + SKVSE * S2 * C
CMP = V * C * SCMP
CMPL = CMP + S2 * SCMPL/CREF
CMPS = CMP + S2 * SCMPS/CREF
CMTOT = CMPL + CMPS - CMP
C
150   CDI=CLTOT*TAN(ALPHA)
     CDII=(CLTOT*2)*CINV
     ALPHI=ALPHA/CONV
     CNIT=CLTOT/C
     WRITE (6,260) ALPHI,CNTT,CLP,CLVL,CLSL,CLTOT,CMP,CMPL,CMPS,CMTOT,CWRTAN15
160   ALPHA=ALPHA+DELTA
     IF ((IPLAN.EC.1)) GO TO 170
     IPLAN=1
     LCH=1

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      WRITE (6,280)
      SKP = 0.0
      SKVLE = 0.0
      SKVSE = 0.0
      SCMP = 0.0
      SCMPL = 0.0
      SCMPS = 0.0
C
      K = IFIX(PLAN)
      DO 165 ITT = 1,K
         SKP = SKP + KP(ITT)
         SKVLE = SKVLE + KVLE(ITT)
         SKVSE = SKVSE + KVSE(ITT)
         SCMP = SCMP + KP(ITT) * CLAMAR(ITT)
         SCMPL = SCMPL + KVLE(ITT) * CENT(ITT)
         SCMPS = SCMPS + KVSE(ITT) * CENTR(ITT)
 165 CONTINUE
C
      GO TO 120
 170  WRITE (6,270)
      IPLAN=PLAN
      RETURN
C
      C   180 FORMAT(8F10.5)
      190 FORMAT(1H1,/,41X,
      $ 50HKP , KV AND RESPECTIVE CENTROIDS FOR EACH PLANFORM )
C
      200 FORMAT(//,5X,18HPLANFORM NUMBER ,12,/,
      $ 92X,BHLLOCATION,/,
      $ 77X,5HVALUE,3X,9HCHORDWISE,4X,8HSPANWISE,1,
      $ 21X,21H LIMITS OF INTEGRATION )
C
      210 FORMAT(65X,7HKP
      ,3(F10.5,2X))
      220 FORMAT(10X,F10.5,2X,9H(LEADING),4X,F10.5,2X,10H(TRAILING),
      $ 11X,7HKV LE ,3(F10.5,2X))
C
      230 FORMAT(10X,F10.5,2X,9HCLP+CLVLE,1X,9HCLP+CLVLE,
      $ 8X,2HCL 8X,3HCMPP,4X,9HCMPP,CMVLE,1X,9HCMPP,CMVSE,4X,2HCM,8X,2HCD,3WRTAN167
      2X,13HCL**2/(PI*AR)/)
      260 FORMAT(3X,12F10.5)

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270 FORMAT (//,50X,21HTHIS CASE IS FINISHED)
280 FORMAT (1H1, //,48X,33HTOTAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS)
290 FORMAT(1HO,32X,
300 $ 47HSUM OF THE POSITIVE SIDE EDGE CONTRIBUTIONS = ,F10.5)
C

END
SUBROUTINE VORTEX
  DIMENSION GAM(1000), XC4(1000), YQ(1000), CCR(40),
  S FW(2), FV(2), XCX(400), CCC(400), CCU(400), YR(100),
  S BOTL(4), NUMBER(4), NMASUM(4),
  S CRI(102), NMA(4), XCC4(400), CHD(100), XC44(100), YY(2),
  S PPHI(100), ZZHI(100), Z(1000), PHI(1000), SA(100),
  S SSA(1000), ALDP(400), ALLP(100), ALPPD(1000), ALD(40),
  S YC(102), YQ(1000), CCRR(40), CRJ(102), YCHLD(4), YCHHI(4),
  S VELIN(26), CDLAGIT(26), CLL(26), GAD(1000), CUTE(26),
  S CMM(26), CDRAIG(26), CLIFT(26), CPITCH(26),
  S CSS(26), CLAUG(26), CLAUG(26), CMAUG(26), CLV(26)

COMMON /ALL/ BOT, BOTSV(4), M, BETA, PTEST, QTEST,
  S STA(4), TBLSCW(100), YYCP(4),
  S Q(400), PN(400), PV(400), ALP(400), S(400), PSI(400),
  S PHI(100), ZH(100), CP(400), STLOIND(4)

---- NOTES TO THE USERS ----

1. BOTH TOTAL RESULTS AND THOSE FROM THE LEADING
   EDGE VORTEX SOLUTION WILL AGREE IF AND ONLY IF
   ALL PANELS ARE OF UNIFORM WIDTH, AND CAN BE
   CALCULATED FROM CLDES = 100. AND CLDES = 1.0

2. IF A WING HAS MORE THAN ONE STREAMWISE TIP, IT IS RECOM-
   MENDED THAT THE WING BE INPUT AS TWO PLANFORMS TO PROVIDE
   MORE MEANINGFUL SIDE EDGE RESULTS

3. STLOIND = "STREAMWISE LOAD INDICATOR" ARRAY; SET TO
   0. IF THE LOADING ALONG THE ENTIRE OUTER STREAMWISE
   EDGE OF THIS PLANFORM IS TO BE 0.0; OTHERWISE, SET TO
   1.0 IF THIS LOADING IS TO BE NON-ZERO

COMMON /ONETHRE/ TWIST(4), CREF, SREF, CAVE, CLDES, STRUE, AR,
  S ARTRUE, RTCDHT(4), CONFIG(2), NSSWSV(4),
  S YV(4), KPLT, PLAT, IFLAT, MACH,
  S SCA(100), YI(4), YI(4), CLRF, CVEL, CIA(4), BLAIR(100),
  S CLAVAC(4), CLAVAC(4), CLAVAC(4), YINCTN,
  S YINTEC(4), YINTEC(4)

C INTEC CTRFIS

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C      COMMON /TOTRFE/ CIP(400,2)
C      COMMON /INSUR23/ APST,APHI,XX,YYY,TZ,SNN,TOLCS0
C      COMMON /THREFDP/ CCAV(2,1CO), CLT, CLNT, NSSK, ALPD
C      COMMON /CCRPDN/CCRPDD/ TSPAN(4), TSPANA, KRIT, CTILDA, XTLDA, DISTALE
C
C      DIMENSION CNG(126,4), CLF(26,4), CPH(26,4), CST(26,4)
C
C      DATA NUMBER/6HFIRST ,6HSFCEND,6H1HIRD ,6HF0IPTH/
C
C      ICOUNT=1
C      DO 1 ITT = 1,IPLAN
C      YCHHI(ITT) = -0.0
C      YCHL(ITT) = -0.0
C      1 CONTINUE
C      READING 30
C
C      5 WRITE (6,250)
C      DD 10 I=1,IPLAN
C      10 WRITE(6,255) I,YCHI(I),YCHL(I)
C      IF (ICOUNT.EQ.1) WRITE(6,275)
C      IF (ICOUNT.EQ.2) WRITE(6,280)
C      READING 20
C      APST=TOLCS0*TALS=0.
C      PI=2.*ATAN(1.)
C      PI=4.*PI
C      DO 15 ITT = 1,IPLAN
C      RDTL(ITT) = ABS(TSPAN(ITT))
C      15 CONTINUE
C
C      SNN = RDTL(KBOT) / (2.0 * NSSSW(KBOT))
C      DELTY8=2.*SNN
C      NMAX = 0
C      DC 17 ITT=1,IPLAN
C      NMAL(ITT) = RDTL(ITT) / DELTY8
C      IF (NMAL(ITT) .EQ. 0) GO TO 18
C      NMAX= NMAX + NMAL(ITT)
C      NMAL(ITT) = NMAX
C      17 CONTINUE
C      GO TO 19
C      18 WRITE(6,290)
C      M = -1
C      GO TO 400
C
C      19 SCKWIN = 20

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```

20 SCUMIN=MIN(1,SCUMIN,TBLSCW(LA))
NSCUMIN=SCUMIN
NM=NCUMIN*NPAX
DELTXYC=1./SCUMIN
DZ=1.0 LA=1.NSSM
CHD(LA)=CCAV(2,LA)*CAVE/RETA
DELTYY=1./TBLSCW(LA)
XC=-.75*DELTXY
ITPL=TBLSCW(LA)
DO 30 LQ=1,ITPL
  XC=YF+.75*DELTXY
  XYCC(LLP)=XC
  LC=L+TALS
  ALC(LR)=ALP(LLC)
  XLE=PN(LLC)+CHD(LLA)*(1.0-.75/TBLSCW(LLA))
  XNC=-.75*DELTXYC
  NCND=LQ=0
  DO 90 K=1,NSCUMIN
    DZ=v+(LA-1)*NSCUMIN
    XPC=JC+DELTXYC
    XCR4(J)=YNC*CHD(LLA)+XLF
    CALL FTLLP(XGC,ALCP(J),+1,ITBL,XXCC,AL0)
    AXV=X*CFLTXYC
    CAT=ATA=C
    IF (V.CNFE.EQ.+2) CAT=CCP(LLR)-CLT
    V=CNFE.EQ.+2) DATA=CCOR(LLA)-CLTA
    NCND=0
    LC=L+TALS
    CCRL(R)=CIR(LLC,2)
    CCP0(LLR)=CIR(LLC,1)
    AXIT=ALC2*DELTXY
    IF (AYNN-AXITLL) 50,60,70
    CUT=CCR(LLR)*(AYNN-(LA-1)*DELTXY)/DELTXY
    CUTA=CCCR(LLB)*(AYNN-(LA-1)*DELTXY)/DELTXY
    KCND=2
    GO TO 80
   60 KCND=1
    CUT=CCC(LLP)
    CUTA=CCCR(LLA)
    CLT=CAT+CLT
    CERAC=CAT+CLTA
    IF (V.CNFE.EQ.+1) GO TO 85
    IF (LL,LT,ITBL) GO TO 40
   85 CCP(J)=CAT
    CCN(J)=CTA
    GO CCN(TALS+TRISCV(LLA))

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```

100  CONTINUE
    IC = 0
    IC = 0
    NST = 0
    NST = 0
    DO 120 I=1,IPLAN
      IUZ=NSSWSV(I)
      TUX=TUZ+1
      IF (.NOT.LOIND(I).EQ.1.) TUZ = IUZ
      ID=IC+1
      IZ = IZ + NSNSV(I)
      YCAT=0.
      IAMM=NMA(I)

C   105  CONTINUE
      OR 140 LA=1,NSCWIN
      IF (.NOT.LOIND(I).EQ.1.) GO TO 107
      YC(I)=PI/2.
      C01(I)=0.
      C2J(I)=0.

107  DO 120 J = 1,IUZ
      L=J+1
      IF (.NOT.LOIND(I).EQ.1.) L = J
      LU = LA + (J-1 + NST) * NSCWMIN
      ALLP(J)=ALOP(LU)
      XC44(J)=XC44(LU)
      CP1(L)=CC(LU)
      CP2(L)=CCU(LU)
      IF ((LA-NF+1) GC TO 120
      JJ = J + NST
      ZZH(J)=ZH(JJ)
      SA(J)=SSWHA(JJ)
      PPH(J)=PPH(JJ)
      YOC(J)=O(JJ)
      IL=IL+TELSCH(JJ)
      IE=IUZ-J+1
      ITL=TELSCW(IZ)
      ID=ID-ITL
      IA=IA+ITL
      IF ((IA.GT.IC) YCAT=YCAT-S(ID))
      IF ((IA.GT.IC) GO TO 110
      YCAT=YCAT-S(ID)-S(IA)
      IZ=IZ-1
      YB(IF)=YCAT
      CONTINUE
      OR 140 J=1,IUZ
      J=J+1

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      Y = (ITLIND(I)) * EG. 1.) J7 = JP
      YC(J7) = ASPT(YR(JP))/ROT(I))
CONTINUE
YD=NMAT(I)*2.*S-NNN
DO 140 K=1,IA4X
  X0 = LA + (K-1 + NSTT)*NSCMIN
  YC=YA+OELTYA
  YMC = ASIN(YC/RCUT(I))
  CALL FTCLUP (YDP,YQ(KP),+1,IUZ,YB,YOO)
  CALL FTCLUP (YDR,ALPPD(KP),+1,IUZ,YR,ALLP)
  CALL FTCLUP (YDR,SSA(KP),+1,IUZ,YP,SA)
  CALL FTCLUP (YDR,XC4(KP),+1,IUZ,YP,XC44)
  CALL FTCLUP (YDP,Z(KP),+1,IU7,YB,77H)
  CALL FTCLUP (YDP,Y(KP),+1,IU7,YB,PPHI)
  CALL FTCLUP (YDC,GAM(KP),+1,IUX,YC,CRI)
  CALL FTCLUP (YDC,GAM(KP),+1,IUX,YC,CRJ)
  IF (173.GT.YR(IUZ)) GAM(WF)=CR1(IUX)
  IF (YD3.GT.YR(IUZ)) GAM(KP)=CRJ(IUX)

140  CONTINUE
NST = NSSLSV(I) + NST
NSTT = NMAT(I) + NSTT
CONTINUE
C 151 IALPH=1,26
COPAR(IALPH)=CLIFT(IALPH)=CPITCH(IALPH)=CSUCT(IALPH)=0.
CLAVC(IALPH)=CDAUC(IALPH)=CWAVG(IALPH)=0.
151  CONTINUE
CONST=4.*SNN/SPEEF

C
C
      DO 1512 J = 1,4
      DO 1510 IALPH = 1,26
        CG(IALPH,J) = C.C
        CL(IALPH,J) = 0.0
        C4(IALPH,J) = 0.0
        CS(IALPH,J) = 0.0
1510  CONTINUE
1512  CONTINUE
C
      READING 10
      DO 1520 L=1,NMAX
        IENT = 1
        KINT = 1PLAN - 1
        DO 1515 ITT = 1,KINT
          IF(IIT .GT. NMAT(IITT)) IENT = IENT + 1
1515  CONTINUE
      L=LI+1NSCMIN+1
      LA=LI*NSCMIN
      LN152 IALPH=1,26

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VNPTE101 VNPTE202
VNPTE203 VNPTE204
VNPTE205 VNPTE206
VNPTE207 VNPTE208
VNPTE209 VNPTE210
VNPTE211 VNPTE212
VNPTE213 VNPTE214
VNPTE215 VNPTE216
VNPTE217 VNPTE218
VNPTE219 VNPTE220
VNPTE221 VNPTE222
VNPTE223 VNPTE224
VNPTE225 VNPTE226
VNPTE227 VNPTE228
VNPTE229 VNPTE230
VNPTE231 VNPTE232
VNPTE233 VNPTE234
VNPTE235 VNPTE236
VNPTE237 VNPTE238
VNPTE239 VNPTE240
VNPTE241 VNPTE242
VNPTE243 VNPTE244
VNPTE245 VNPTE246
VNPTE247 VNPTE248
VNPTE249 VNPTE250

COPAGIT(IALPH)=CLL(IALPH)*CMW(IALPH)+CSS(IALPH)=CLV(IALPH)=C.
152 CONTINUE
AAP=ATAN(ALPD(LA))
DLXLF=(YC4(LA)+0.25*(YC4((LA)-YC4((LA+1)))*BETA
3dLE=ATAN(1SSA(LA))
DO 150 NV=LA,LR
CPT=COS(ATAN(PHI1(NV)))
DO 155 IALPH=1,26
ALPHA=(IALPH-6)*2.*PI/180.
CMM=GAM(LA)*SIN(CALPHA)+GAM(LA)
IF (GAM<0.0) GO TO 153
CUTE(IALPH)=ABS(GAMM)/GAMM
GO TO 154
153 CUTE(IALPH)=1.
154 VELT(IALPH)=0.
155 CONTINUE
156 IF (ICOUNT .GT. 1) GO TO 171
DO 170 NN=1,NN
XX=XC4(NV)-XC4(NN)
YY(1)=YC(NV)-YC(NN)
YY(2)=YC(NV)+YC(NN)
ZZ=Z(NV)-Z(NN)
APHI=ATAN(PHI(NN))
DO 170 I=1,2
YYY=YYY(I)
CALL INFSLR (BOT,FV(I),FW(I),FLT)
APHI=-APHI
CONTINUE
171 DO 175 IALPH=1,26
ALPHA=(IALPH-6)*2.*PI/180.
GAMM=GAM(NN)*SIN(ALPHA)+CAB(NN)
VELIN(IALPH)=(FW(1)+FW(2))-(FV(1)+FV(2))*PHI(NV))*GAMM/FPI+VELIN*VNPTE232
172 CONTINUE
173 CALL ATAN(ALPR(NV))
DO 175 IALPH=1,26
VELT(IALPH)=VELIN(IALPH)
176 CONTINUE
177 DO 178 IALPH=1,26
PEAD(200)VELIN(IALPH)
178 CONTINUE
179 AAP=ATAN(ALPR(NV))
DO 175 IALPH=1,26
ALPHA=(IALPH-6)*2.*PI/180.
GAMM=GAM(NV)*SIN(ALPHA)+CAB(NV)
CLV=(COS(ALPHA+APP)+VELIN(IALPH)*SIN(APP))*CPT
CLV=(COS(ALPHA+APP)-VELIN(IALPH)*COS(APP))*CPT

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SIN=C SIN(ALPH+AAPP)
C0V=CONST(ALPH+AAPP)
C0U=CONST(ALPH+AAPP)/COS(SYLE)
C0A=1./COS(ALPH+AAPP)*COS(SYLE)
IF(YC(NV).LT.YCHWILITPT).OR.YC(NV).GT.YCHLOC(POT)) GO TO 173
C LEADING EDGE VNOTE FLOW ANALYSIS EMPLOYED HFRE
C
C1=C1+C0V*CON*C0U*CUTE(ALPH)
C2=C1+C0V*C0S(SYLE)
C3=C1+C0V*C0S(SYLE)*C0U*(ALPH)+C0A*DLYL*CUTE(ALPH)
C4=C1+C0V/(C0S(ALPH+AAPP)*C0S(SYLE))
CS(CALPH)=C0S(ALPH)+AAPP)*C0S(SYLE)
CL(CALPH)=CLV(ALPH)+GAMM*CN4*2.
GO TO 174
C ATTACHED FLOW ANALYSIS EMPLOYED HERE
C ONE HUNDRED PERCENT LEADING EDGE SUCTION
C
173 IF(ICOUNT.EQ.1) GO TO 177
C1=-C0V*C0W
C2=C0V*C0W*TAN(ALPH+AAPP)
C3=C0V*C0W*SIN(AAPP)*DLYLF/C0S(ALPH+AAPP)
GO TO 174
C ATTACHED FLOW ANALYSIS EMPLOYED HERE
C ZERO PERCENT LEADING EDGE SUCTION
C
177 CN1=0.
CN2=C.
CN3=C.
C
174 CONTINUE
CDRAGIT(ALPH)=CDRAGIT(ALPH)+GAMM*(C0V*S0W+CN1)*2.
CL(ALPH)=CL(ALPH)+GAMM*(C0V*C0W+CN2)*2.
Cw(ALPH)=Cw(ALPH)+GAMM*(C0V*C0S(AAPP)*YC4(NV)*BBETA+CN3)*2.
175 CONTINUE
180 CONTINUE
TO 185 JALPH = 1,26
WITE(10) CL(ALPH), CMM(ALPH), CDRA GIT(ALPH)
IF (ICOUNT .EQ. 3) WITE(10) CLV(ALPH)
C1(CLALPH,IROT) = CDC(CLALPH,IROT) + CDAGIT(CLALPH) * CONST
CL(CLALPH,IROT) = CL(CLALPH,IROT) + CL(CLALPH) * CONST
Cw(CLALPH,IROT) = CPH(CLALPH,IROT) + CM(CLALPH) * CONST/CREF
IF (ICOUNT .EQ. 3)
CST(CLALPH,IROT) = CST(CLALPH,IROT) + CS(CALPH) * CONST
185 CONTINUE
190 CONTINUE
VNOTE296
VNOTE297
VNOTE298

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END FILE 10
DO 194 ITT = 1,IPLAN
  CDG(IALPH) = CDRAS(IALPH) + CDG(IALPH,ITT)
  CLIFT(IALPH) = CLIFT(IALPH) + CLF(IALPH,ITT)
  CPITCH(IALPH) = CPITCH(IALPH) + CPH(IALPH,ITT)
  IF (ICOUNT .EQ. 3)
    CSUC(IALPH) = CSUC(IALPH) + CST(IALPH,ITT)
  194 CONTINUE
C
IF(ICOUNT.EQ.1) END FILE 20
IPLT=0
REWIND 10
IF(ICOUNT.NE.3) GO TO 193
CSUCWIN=1.
192 I=192 J=1,26
CSUCMIN=APIN(CSUCMIN,CSELECT(IJ))
IF(CSUCMIN.EQ.CSELECT(IJ)) IALPSV=IJ
CSUCMIN=APIN(CSUCMIN,CSELECT(IJ))
IF(CSUCMIN.EQ.CSELECT(IJ)) IALPSV=IJ
DO 225 IALP=1,26
ALPHA=(IALP-6)*2.
WRITE(6,265) ALPHA
IF(ICOUNT.NE.3.NP.DISTALF.EQ.0.) GO TO 191
AAL=ALPHA*PI/180.
JSIGN=1
IF((IALP.LE.IALPSV) JSIGN=-1
TERM=CURT(IALP)*CTILDA/DISTALF*JSIGN
CLAU3(IALP)=TERM*COS(AAL)
CDALG(IALP)=TERM*SIN(AAL)
CMAGU(IALP)=TEFM*XTILDA/CRFF
191 TPL=IJ=0
IJ=0
IPLT=IPLT+1
NSTT = C
DO 220 I = 1,IPLAN
  IAVH=NMA(I)
C
DO 200 J=1,IAMM
  JJ = J + NSTT
  LA = 1 + (JJ - 1 + NSTT) * NSCMIN
  DO 195 IALPH=1,26
    READ(10) RLL(IALPH),CMW(IALPH),CDPAGIT(IALPH)
    IF(ICOUNT.FN.3) READ(10) CLV(IALPH)
  195 CONTINUE
  CCL(JJ) = CLL(IPLT)/CAVE
  CCW(JJ) = CMW(IPLT)/CAVE
  XC4(JJ) = COAGIT(IPLT)/CAVE
  CA7(JJ) = CLV(IPLT)/CAVE
  CMN(JJ)=CC(IJJ)
VOPTF299
VOPTF300
VOPTF3C1
VOPTF302
VOPTF303
VOPTF304
VOPTF305
VOPTF306
VOPTF307
VOPTF308
VOPTF309
VOPTF310
VOPTF311
VOPTF312
VOPTF313
VOPTF314
VOPTF315
VOPTF316
VOPTF317
VOPTF318
VOPTF319
VOPTF320
VOPTF321
VOPTF322
VOPTF323
VOPTF324
VOPTF325
VOPTF326
VOPTF327
VOPTF328
VOPTF329
VOPTF330
VOPTF331
VOPTF332
VOPTF333
VOPTF334
VOPTF335
VOPTF336
VOPTF337
VOPTF338
VOPTF339
VOPTF340
VOPTF341
VOPTF342
VOPTF343
VOPTF344
VOPTF345
VOPTF346
VOPTF347

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      JCC(J)=CCT(JJJ)
      Z(J)=XCC(JJJ)
      SC4(J)=GA(J)
      PRT(J)=YC(LA)
      CONST(L)
      LU7=N245V(I)
      DC 250 LBLAIP=1,LU7
      IF(LBLAIP .EQ. 1)WPIFE(6,240)NUMBER(I)
      LI=LU7+1
      LU=LU7+TQLF
      YAN=3(LL)
      TI=LU7+1
      TELP=TABLE+TALSCW(I)
      YNCA=YAP/ACT
      CALL FTLLP(YAB,CLL5,+1,IAMM,PHII,GAM)
      CALL FTLLP(YBB,CMM0,+1,IAMM,PHII,YC4)
      CALL FTLLP(YBR,CCRAGN,+1,IAMM,PHII,Z)
      CALL FTLLP(YRA,CLLV,+1,IAMM,PHII,SAI)
      SPITE(6,260) LI.YCNA,CLL5,DRAGO,CHMR,CLLV
      CONTINUE
      NSTT = NMA(I) + NSTT
      C
      WPIFE(6,271) HUMPE(I),CLFTIALP,I),CDG(TALP,I),CPH(TALP,I)
      IF(ICOUNT.EQ.3)WPIFE(6,285) CST(TALP,I)
      C
      220 CONTINUE
      221 WPIFE(6,270) CLIFT(TALP),CPAC(TALP),CPITCH(TALP)
      WPIFE(30) CLIFT(TALP),CDEACT(TALP),CPITCH(TALP)
      DEFIND IC
      IF(ICOUNT.EQ.3) WPIFE(6,285) CSTCT(TALP)
      225 CONTINUE
      IF(ICOUNT.NE.3) CP TN 310
      FN 300 TALP=1.26
      WPIFE(30) CLAUS(TALP),CCALC(TALP),CMALG(TALP)
      300 CONTINUE
      310 IC31,T=ICOUNT+1
      IF(ICOUNT.EQ.2) GP TN 5
      IF(ICOUNT .GT. 2) GP TN 400
      ON 200 ITT=1,IPLAN
      YCULN(ITT) = YINNFP(ITT)
      YCULC(ITT) = YINNFP(ITT)
      320 CONTINUE
      GP TN 5
      C
      400 CONTINUE
      END FILE 20
      PEND 20
      C
      VOPTF348
      VOPTF340
      VOPTF350
      VOPTF351
      VOPTF352
      VOPTF353
      VOPTF354
      VOPTF355
      VOPTF356
      VOPTF357
      VOPTF358
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      VOPTF385
      VOPTF386
      VOPTF387
      VOPTF388
      VOPTF389
      VOPTF390
      VOPTF391
      VOPTF392
      VOPTF393
      VOPTF394
      VOPTF395
      VOPTF396
  
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C 240 FORMAT(1H1//,37X,22HDISTRIBUTIONS FOR THE ,A1C,9H PLANFORM ,)
C
C 250 FORMAT(1H1//,40X*AEPNODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS FOR CAMBERED AND TWISTED
C 20 WINGS*/47X*WITH VORTEX LIFT AT VARIOUS ANGLES OF ATTACK*)
C 255 FORMAT(1//3CY*PLANFORM *I2* HAS LEADING EDGE VORTEX FLOW ASSUMED FROMTE404
C 1FW *,F12.5,* TD *,F12.5,* /45X,
C 2*4ND ATTACHED FLOW FLSE*HERE ACROSS THE SPAN*)
C 260 FORMAT(17Y,I2,10X,5(F9.5,11X))
C 265 FORMAT(1H1,/,//,50X*ANGLE OF ATTACK = *F9.5,1X*DEGREES*//60X*SECTIVRFT408
C 1GNAL CHARACTERISTICS*/14X*STATION*.12X,*2Y/R*, 14X9HCL*C/CAVE,
C 211X9HCN*C/CAVE,4X21H(CM*C*)/CAVE*CREF),4X,17HCL VORT LEC/CAVF,VORTE410
C 3 /90Y10HARUT C.G./) VRTTF411
C
C 270 FORMAT(1//,5CY,21HTOTAL CHARACTERISTICS //,20X,
C   $ 4HCL =,F12.5,17X,4HCD =,F12.5,17X,4HCM =,F12.5)
C
C 271 FORMAT(1//,5CY,A6,25H PLANFORM CHARACTERISTICS //,20X,
C   $ 4HCL =,F12.5,17X,4HCD =,F12.5,17X,4HCM =,F12.5)
C
C 275 FORMAT(1//40X*ZERO PERCENT LEADING EDGE SUCTION ASSUMED*)
C 280 FORMAT(1//36X*ONH HUNDREN PERCENT LEADING EDGE SUCTION ASSUMED*)
C
C 285 FORMAT(1//,50X,11HC SUCTION =,F12.5)
C
C 290 FORMAT(1//,1CX,3CX*** THE VALLE OF -VIC- IS TOO ,
C   $ 39HSMALL. PLEASE CORRECT AND RESUBMIT. *** )
C
C PFTUON
C END
C
C SUBROUTINE CNLONG
C
C THIS OVERLAY COMPUTES XNUM LOCAL CN VALUES
C AND TOTAL CN FOR EACH PLANFORM.
C
C ROBERT GRAY COMPUTER SCIENCES CORP. 1980
C
C
C COMMON /ALL/ BOT, BOTSV(4), M, BETA, PTEST, QTEST,
C   $ STA(4), TBLSCW(100), YCP(4),
C   $ Q(400), PN(400), PV(400), ALP(400), S(400), PSI(400),
C   $ PHI(100), ZH(100), CP(400), STLDIND(4)
C
C COMMON /TOTHREE/ CIR(400,2)
C
C COMMON /THREFOR/ CCAV(2,100), CLT, CLNT, NSSH, ALPD
C
C COMMON /ONETHREE/ TWIST(4), CREF, SREF, CAVE, CLOES, STRUE, AR,
C   $ ARTRUE, RTCDHT(4), CONFIG(2), NSSNSV(4),
C   $ MSV(4), KBOT, PLAN, IPAN, MACH,

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      S  SSWMA(100), XL(4), XT(4), CLWB, CMCL, CLA(4), BLAIR(100),
      S  CLAMAR(4), CLWIN(4), CLWNG(4), XLOCTN,
      S  YINNER(4), YOUTER(4)

C   INTEGER CONFIG
C
C   COMMON /MAINONE/ ICODEOF, TOTAL, AAN(4), XS(4), YS(4), KFCTS(4),
C   S  XREG(25,4), YREG(25,4), AREG(25,4), D1H(25,4), MCD(25,4),
C   S  XX(25,4), YY(25,4), AS(25,4), TTWD(25,4), AN(4),
C   S  ZZ(25,4), ITIPCOD, ICAMTST
C
C   COMMON/CRRDD/ TSPAN(4), TSPANA, KBIT, CTILDA, XTILDA, DISTALE
C   CCRDD 2
C   CNLRDD 3
C
C   DIMENSION DCP(1,25),XL(25),XXL(25),
C   S  WK1(49),XOVERL(25),CNL(25),YLBL2(25),IENDSW(2),
C   S  RPTS(2),CPX(400)
C   DATA XNUM /20./
C   DATA YNUM /10./
C   DATA IST /1/
C   DATA CN /0.0/
C
C   WRITE(6,805)
C
C   FIND X COORDINATES FOR ALREADY COMPUTED
C   DELTA CP*S
C
C   DO 5 I = 1,M
C   CPX(I) = PN(I) * BETA
C   5  CONTINUE
C
C   COMPUTE CN FOR EACH PLANFORM
C
C   DO 1000 IP = 1,IPLAN
C   WRITE(6,806) IP
C   WRITE(6,807)
C
C   -IST- STARTING POSITION IN ARRAYS
C   CPX,Q, AND CP FOR EACH PLANFORM
C   -MAX- NUMBER OF POINTS IN ARRAYS CPX, Q,
C   AND CP USED BY EACH PLANFORM
C   -N- NUMBER OF BREAKPOINTS USED TO DEFINE
C   EACH PLANFORM
C
C   IF (IP .GT. 1) IST = IST + MSV(IP - 1)
C   CNLDNG51

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N = AN(IP) + 1
MAX = MSV(IP)
XFORE = -999999
XAFT = 999999
YMIN = 999999
YROOT = -999999
C
DO 10 I = 1,N
  IF (XFORE .LT. XX(I,IP)) XFORE = XX(I,IP)
  IF (XAFT .GT. XX(I,IP)) XAFT = XX(I,IP)
  IF (YMIN .GT. YY(I,IP)) YMIN = YY(I,IP)
  IF (YROOT .LT. YY(I,IP)) YROOT = YY(I,IP)
10 CONTINUE
C
C   FIND LEADING AND TRAILING POINTS
C
RL = ABS(XFORE - XAFT)
C
C   FIND THE X INCREMENT
C
XINC = RL/XNUM
C
C   USE MID POINT OF EACH X SEGMENT
C   FOR EACH LOCAL VALUE OF X
XNEXT = XFORE - (XINC / 2.0)
C
C
C   FIND TOTAL LENGTH -RL-
C
C   FOR EACH VALUE OF XXL...
C
NUMX = XNUM
N = AN(IP)
C
DO 100 I = 1,NUMX
  XXL(I) = XNEXT
  FIND INTERCEPT POINT AT THIS XXL
C
NPTS = 0
DO 30 J = 1,N
  RXMAX = AMAX(XX(J,IP),XX(J+1,IP))
  RXMIN = AMIN(XX(J,IP),XX(J+1,IP))
  IF (XXL(I) .LE. RXMIN .OR. XXL(I) .GE. RXMAX) GO TO 30
  PERPENDICULAR TO XXL WILL INTERCEPT
  NPTS = NPTS + 1
  IF (NPTS .LE. 2) GO TO 25
  WRITE (6,900) XXL(I)
  GO TO 95
C
C   FIND Y COORDINATE FOR INTERCEPT
C
  RYMAX = AMAX(YY(J,IP),YY(J+1,IP))
  RYMIN = AMIN(YY(J,IP),YY(J+1,IP))
  A = ABS(RXMIN - RXMAX)
  AP = ABS(XXL(I) - RXMAX)
  CNLONG52
  CNLONG53
  CNLONG54
  CNLONG55
  CNLONG56
  CNLONG57
  CNLONG58
  CNLONG59
  CNLONG60
  CNLONG61
  CNLONG62
  CNLONG63
  CNLONG64
  CNLONG65
  CNLONG66
  CNLONG67
  CNLONG68
  CNLONG69
  CNLONG70
  CNLONG71
  CNLONG72
  CNLONG73
  CNLONG74
  CNLONG75
  CNLONG76
  CNLONG77
  CNLONG78
  CNLONG79
  CNLONG80
  CNLONG81
  CNLONG82
  CNLONG83
  CNLONG84
  CNLONG85
  CNLONG86
  CNLONG87
  CNLONG88
  CNLONG89
  CNLONG90
  CNLONG91
  CNLONG92
  CNLONG93
  CNLONG94
  CNLONG95
  CNLONG96
  CNLONG97
  CNLONG98
  CNLONG99
  CNLONG100

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      B = ABS(RYMAX - RYMIN)
      BP = (B * AP) / A
      C
      RPTS(NPTS) = RYMAX - BP
      30 CONTINUE
      C
      IF(NPTS .EQ. 0) GO TO 90
      C
      SET BL AND COMPUTE Y COORDINATES
      C
      ON NOTCHED PORTION OF THE WING
      C
      YL GOES FROM THE LEADING EDGE TO THE INNER
      EDGE (I.E., FROM YLE TO RYMAX); OTHERWISE,
      C
      FROM YLE TO YROOT.
      C
      RYMAX = YROOT
      YLE = RPTS(1)
      IF (NPTS .EQ. 1) GO TO 35
      C
      RYMIN = AMIN1(RPTS(1),RPTS(2))
      C
      RYMAX = AMAX1(RPTS(1),RPTS(2))
      YLE = RYMIN
      C
      35 BL = (RYMAX - YLE) * 2
      WRITE(6,800)XXL(1),BL
      YINC = (BL / 2.) / (YNUM - 1)
      C
      YNUM = YNUM
      YNEXT = 0.0
      DO 40 J = 1,NUMY
      YL(J) = YLE + YNEXT
      YNEXT = YNEXT + YINC
      40 CONTINUE
      C
      COMPUTE CNL AT THIS XXL
      C
      CALL INTERP(CPX(IST),Q(IST),CP(IST),MAX,XXL(I),1,YL,NUMY,
      $ DCP,I,TER)
      C
      DO 45 J = 1,NUMY
      WRITE(6,801)XXL(I),YL(J),DCP(J)
      45 CONTINUE
      C
      COMPUTE CNL FOR EACH YL
      C
      * BL/ROT TIMES INTEGRAL FROM 2 * YLE / BL TO
      * 2 * YROOT(OR INNER EDGE OF WING) / BL OF DELTA CP
      C
      TIMES D(2Y/BL)
      C
      DO 50 J = 1,NUMY
      YLDAL2(J) = (YL(J) / BL) * 2.
      50 CONTINUE
      C
      C

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IENDSW(1) = 1
IENDSW(2) = 1
XLLOW = YLBL2(1)
XUP = YLBL2(NUMX)
IF (NPTS .EQ. 2) XUP = 2 * RYMAX / BL
SIGMA = 0.0
IW = 0
CALL SUTS(NUMX,YLBL2,DCP,XLOW,XUP,SIGMA,IENDSW,
      $ END,IW,CNL(1),WK1,IER)
C
CNL(I) = CNL(I) * (BL/BOT)
WRITE(6,802) CNL(I)
C
GO TO 95
90 WRITE(6,901) I,XXL(I)
C
95 XOVERL(I) = XXL(I) / RL
XNEXT = XNEXT - XINC
100 CONTINUE
C
COMPUTE CN * LENGTH* (B/2)/SREF * INTEGRAL FROM LEADING X/L
C
XLOW = XAFT / RL
XUP = XFOR / RL
SIGMA = 0.0
IW = 0
IENDSW(1) = 1
IENDSW(2) = 1
C
ROUTINE SUTS REQUIRES THAT VARIABLES
BE ENTERED IN INCREASING ORDER
C
LIM = NUMX / 2
DO 110 J = 1,LIM
K = (NUMX + 1) - J
RKEEP = XOVERL(J)
XOVERL(J) = XOVERL(K)
XOVERL(K) = RKEEP
110 CONTINUE
C
RKEEP = CNL(J)
CNL(I) = CNL(K)
CNL(K) = RKEEP
110 CONTINUE
C
CALL SUTS(NUMX,XOVERL,CNL,XLOW,XUP,SIGMA,IENDSW,
      $ IEND,IW,TCN,WK1,IER)
TCN = TCN * RL * BOT/SREF
CN = TCN + CN
C

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```

      C 1000 CONTINUE
      C   WRITE(6,804) CN
      C
      C   800 FORMAT(5X,F12.5,42X,F12.5)
      C   801 FORMAT(5X,F12.5,5X,F12.5,5X,F12.5)
      C   802 FORMAT(72X,6HCLN = ,F12.5)
      C   803 FORMAT(1H0,17HCLN FOR PLANFORM , 11,3H = ,F12.5)
      C   804 FORMAT(1H0,11HTOTAL CN = ,F12.5)
      C   805 FORMAT(1H1,50X,30HLONGITUDINAL LOAD DISTRIBUTION)
      C   806 FORMAT(1H0,57X,17HPLANFORM NUMBER ,11)
      C   807 FORMAT(1H0,10X,1HX,16X,1HY,13X,12HINTERPOLATED,9X,5HBLL(X),/)
      C   S 44X,BHDELTACP,/)
      C   900 FORMAT(1H,27HTON MANY INTERCEPTS AT X = , F12.5,
      C   S 2X,17HTWO ARE PERMITTED)
      C   901 FORMAT(1H,27HND INTERCEPT FOR X STATION ,I2,
      C   S 4HX = ,F12.7)

      C 9000 CONTINUE
      END
      SUBROUTINE INTERP(CPX,Q,CP,MAX,XXL,NX,YL,NUMY,DCP,
      ND,IER)
      S

      THIS SUBROUTINE CALLS ROUTINE -IQHSCV- TO INTERPOLATE
      VALUES FOR DELTA CP (DCP).

      C CPX-- X COORDINATES
      C Q--- Y COORDINATES
      C CP-- DELTA CP VALUES AT CPX,Q
      C MAX-- NUMBER OF POSITIONS TO BE USED IN CPX,Q, AND CP
      C XXL-- ARRAY CONTAINING NEW X COORDINATES
      C NX-- NUMBER OF ELEMENTS IN XXL
      C YL-- ARRAY CONTAINING NEW Y COORDINATES
      C NUMY-- NUMBER OF ELEMENTS IN YL
      C DCP-- OUTPUT ARRAY DIMENSIONED NX BY NY CONTAINING
      C       INTERPOLATED DELTA CP'S
      C ND-- ROW DIMENSION OF ARRAY DCP
      C IWK-- INTEGER WORK ARRAY OF LENGTH
      C       311 * MAX * NX * NUMY
      C       REAL WORK ARRAY OF LENGTH 6 * MAX
      C WK-- ERPK RETURN
      C IER-- = 129, MAX IS LESS THAN 4 OR NX OR NUMY
      C       IS LESS THAN 1
      C       = 130, DATA POINTS ARE COLINEAR
      C       = 131, SOME DATA POINTS ARE IDENTICAL
      C
      CNLDN199
      CNLDN200
      CNLDN201
      CNLDN202
      CNLDN203
      CNLDN204
      CNLDN205
      CNLDN206
      CNLDN207
      CNLDN208
      CNLDN209
      CNLDN210
      CNLDN211
      CNLDN212
      CNLDN213
      CNLDN214
      CNLDN215
      CNLDN216
      CNLDN217
      CNLDN218
      CNLDN219
      CNLDN220
      CNLDN221
      INTERP 2
      INTERP 3
      INTERP 4
      INTERP 5
      INTERP 6
      INTERP 7
      INTERP 8
      INTERP 9
      INTERP10
      INTERP11
      INTERP12
      INTERP13
      INTERP14
      INTERP15
      INTERP16
      INTERP17
      INTERP18
      INTERP19
      INTERP20
      INTERP21
      INTERP22
      INTERP23
      INTERP24
      INTERP25
      INTERP26
      INTERP27

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```

NNGP = NT*2*NL
DO 25 JNGP=1,NNGP
  ITI = JNGP
  IF ((JNGP.LE.NT).GO TO 5
    IL1 = (JNGP-NT+1)/2
    IL2 = (JNGP-NT+2)/2
    IF ((IL2.GT.NL) IL2 = 1
    ITI = IL1*(NT+NL)+IL2
    JNNGP = JNWNGP+JNGP
    NGP0 = IWK(JNWNGP)
    IF (NGP0.EQ.0) GO TO 15
    JIGOMN = JIGOMMX+1
    JIGOMX = JIGOMMX+NGPO
    DO 10 JIGP = JIGOYN, JIGOMX
    JWIGP = JWIGPO+JIGP
    IZ = IWK(JWIGP)
    IYI = (IZ-1)/NXI0+1
    IXI = IZ-NXI0*(IYI-1)
    CALL IQHSF (XD,YD,ZD,NT,IWK(JWIP1),NL,IWK(JWIP1)),WK,ITI,
      XI((IXI),Y(IYI),Z(IYI))
  1 CONTINUE
  10 JNNGP = JNWNGP+2*NNGP+1-JNNGP
  15 NGP1 = IWK(JNWNGP)
    IF (NGP1.EQ.0) GO TO 25
    JIGIMX = JIGIMMN-1
    JIGIMN = JIGIMMN-NGP1
    DO 20 JIGP = JIGIMN, JIGIMMX
    JWIGP = JWIGPO+JIGP
    IZ = IWK(JWIGP)
    IYI = (IZ-1)/NXI0+1
    IXI = IZ-NXI0*(IYI-1)
    CALL IQHSF (XD,YD,ZD,NT,IWK(JWIP1),NL,IWK(JWIP1)),WK,ITI,
      XI((IXI),Y(IYI),Z(IYI))
  20 CONTINUE
  25 CONTINUE
  30 GO TO 9005
  30 IER = 129
  9000 CONTINUE
  CALL UERTST (IER,6HIQHSCV)
  9005 RETURN
END
INTEGER FUNCTION IQHSD (X,Y,I1,I2,I3,I4)
  INTEGER I1,I2,I3,I4
  REAL X(1),Y(1)
  INTEGER IX
  REAL A1S0,A2S0,A3S0,A4S0,B1S0,B2S0,B3S0,B4S0,C1S0,
    C2S0,C3S0,C4S0,EPSLN,S1S0,S2S0,S3S0,S4S0,T0L,
    U1,(U2,U3,U4,X1,X2,X3,X4,Y1,Y2,Y3,Y4,
    (C2S0,C1S0),(A3S0,B2S0),(B3S0,A1S0),
  EQUIVALENCE
  1
  2

```



```

DO 10 IDP=1,NDP
  WK(IDP) = 0.0
10 CONTINUE
DO 25 IT=1,NT0
  JPT0 = 3*(IT-1)
  DO 15 IV=1,3
    JPT = JPT0+IV
    IDP = IPT(JPT)
    IPT(IIV) = IDP
    XV(IIV) = XD(IDP)
    YV(IIV) = YD(IDP)
    ZV(IIV) = ZD(IDP)
15 CONTINUE
  DX1 = XV(2)-XV(1)
  DY1 = YY(2)-YY(1)
  DZ1 = ZV(2)-ZV(1)
  DX2 = XV(3)-XV(1)
  DY2 = YY(3)-YY(1)
  DZ2 = ZV(3)-ZV(1)
  VPX = DY1*DZ2-DZ1*DY2
  VPY = DZ1*DX2-DX1*DZ2
  VPZ = DX1*DY2-DY1*DX2
  VPZMN = ABS(DX1*DX2+DY1*DY2)*EPSLN
  IF (ABS(VPZ).LE.VPZMN) GO TO 25
  DO 20 IV=1,3
    IDP = IPT(IIV)
    JPDD0 = 5*(IDP-1)+1
    PD(JPD0) = P(JPD0)+VPX
    PD(JPD0+1) = PD(JPD0+1)+VPY
    WK(IDP) = WK(IDP)+VPZ
20 CONTINUE
25 CONTINUE
DO 30 IDP=1,NOP0
  JPDD0 = 5*(IDP-1)+1
  PD(JPD0) = -PD(JPD0)/WK(IDP)
  PD(JPD0+1) = -PD(JPD0+1)/WK(IDP)
30 CONTINUE
DO 45 IT=1,NT0
  JPT0 = 3*(IT-1)
  DO 35 IV=1,3
    JPT = JPT0+IV
    IDP = IPT(JPT)
    IPT(IIV) = IDP
    XV(IIV) = XD(IDP)
    YV(IIV) = YD(IDP)
    ZV(IIV) = ZD(IDP)
    VPZ = PD(JPD0+1)
35 CONTINUE

```

```

DX1 = XV(2)-XV(1)
DY1 = YV(2)-YV(1)
DZ1 = ZV(2)-ZV(1)
DX2 = XV(3)-XV(1)
DY2 = YV(3)-YV(1)
DZ2 = ZV(3)-ZV(1)
DX3 = XV(1)-XV(3)
DY3 = YV(1)-YV(3)
DZ3 = ZV(1)-ZV(3)
VPXY = DX1*DZ2-DX2*DZ1+DY2
VPYX = DY1*DZ2-DY2*DZ1+DY2
VPYY = DZY1*DZ2-DX1*DZY2
VPZ = DX1*DY2-DY1*DZ2
VPZM = AB*(DX1*DX2+DY1*DY2)*EPSLN
IF (ARS(VPZ).LE.VPZMN) GO TO 45
DO 40 IV=1,3
  IDP = IPT(IV)
  JPD0 = 5*(IDP-1)+3
  PD(JPD0) = PD(JPD0)+VPXX
  PD(JPD0+1) = PD(JPD0+1)+VPXY
  PD(JPD0+2) = PD(JPD0+2)+VPYY
40 CONTINUE
45 CONTINUE
DO 50 IDP=1,NDPO
  JPD0 = 5*(IDP-1)+3
  PD(JPD0) = -PD(JPD0)/WK(IDP)
  PD(JPD0+1) = -PD(JPD0+1)/(2.0*WK(IDP))
  PD(JPD0+2) = -PD(JPD0+2)/WK(IDP)
50 CONTINUE
50 RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE IQHSF (XD,YD,ZD,NT,IPT,NL,IPL,PDD,ITI,XII,YII,ZII)
  INTEGER NT,ITI,IPT(1),IPL(1)
  REAL XD(1),YD(1),ZD(1),PDD(1),XII,YII,ZII
  INTEGER IDP,IL1,IL2,IT0,I,JIP,L,JPDD,KPD,NL
  INTEGER IPTV
  REAL X0,Y0,AP,BP,CP,DP,P00,P10,P20,P30,P40,P50,P5,
  P01,P11,P21,P31,P41,P02,P12,P22,P32,P03,P13,
  P23,P04,P14,P05
  REAL AA,AB,ACT2,AC,ADBC,AD,A,B8,BC,BDT2,B,CC,CD,
  CSUV,C,DD,DLT,DY,D,G1,G2,H1,H2,H3,LU,
  LV,X(3),P0,P1,P2,P3,P4,P0(15),THSV,THUS,THUV,
  THXU,U,V,Y(3),Z0,ZUU(3),ZUV(3),ZUV(3),ZVV(3),
  ZV(3),Z(3)
  COMMON /IBCDPT/
    X0,Y0,AP,BP,CP,DP,P00,P10,P20,P30,P40,P50,
    P01,P11,P21,P31,P41,P02,P12,P22,P32,P03,P13,
    P23,P04,P14,P05
  EQUIVALENCE
    ITO - ITI

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```

NTL = NT+NL
IF (IT0.LE.NTL) GO TO 5
IL1 = IT0/NTL
IL2 = IT0-IL1*NTL
IF (IL1.EQ.IL2) GO TO 30
GO TO 55
5 IF (IT0.EQ.1TPV) GO TO 25
J1PT = 3*(IT0-1)
JPD = 0
DO 15 I=1,3
  J1PT = J1PT+1
  IDP = IPT(J1PT)
  X(I) = XD(IDP)
  Y(I) = YD(IDP)
  Z(I) = ZD(IDP)
  JPDD = 5*(IDP-1)
  DO 10 KPD=1,5
    JPD = JPD+1
    JPDD = JPDD+1
    PD(JPD) = PDD(JPDD)
10 CONTINUE
15 CONTINUE
X0 = X(1)
Y0 = Y(1)
A = X(2)-X0
B = X(3)-X0
C = Y(2)-Y0
D = Y(3)-Y0
AD = A*D
BC = B*C
DLT = AD-BC
AP = D/DLT
BP = -B/DLT
CP = -C/DLT
DP = A/DLT
AA = A*A
ACT2 = 2.0*A*C
CC = C*C
AB = A*B
ADBC = AD+BC
CD = C*D
BB = B*B
ADT2 = 2.0*B*D
DD = D*D
DO 20 I=1,3
  J2D = 5*I
  ZU(I) = A*PD(JPD-4)+C*PD(JPD-3)
  ZV(I) = B*PD(JPD-4)+D*PD(JPD-3)
  ZUU(I) = AA*PD(JPD-1)+CC*PD(JPD)
20
236 IQH
237 IQH
238 IQH
239 IQH
240 IQH
241 IQH
242 IQH
243 IQH
244 IQH
245 IQH
246 IQH
247 IQH
248 IQH
249 IQH
250 IQH
251 IQH
252 IQH
253 IQH
254 IQH
255 IQH
256 IQH
257 IQH
258 IQH
259 IQH
260 IQH
261 IQH
262 IQH
263 IQH
264 IQH
265 IQH
266 IQH
267 IQH
268 IQH
269 IQH
270 IQH
271 IQH
272 IQH
273 IQH
274 IQH
275 IQH
276 IQH
277 IQH
278 IQH
279 IQH
280 IQH
281 IQH
282 IQH
283 IQH
284 IQH

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```

ZUV(1) = AB*PD(JPD-2)+ADBC*PD(JPD-1)+CD*PD(JPD)
ZVV(1) = BB*PD(JPD-2)+BDT2*PD(JPD-1)+DD*PD(JPD)
20 CONTINUE
P00 = Z(1)
P10 = ZU(1)
P01 = ZV(1)
P20 = 0.5*ZUU(1)
P11 = ZUV(1)
P02 = 0.5*ZVV(1)
H1 = Z(2)-P00-P10-P20
H2 = ZU(2)-P10-ZUU(1)
H3 = ZUU(2)-ZUU(1)
P30 = 10.0*H1-4.0*H2+0.5*H3
P40 = -15.0*H1+7.0*H2-H3
P50 = 6.0*H1-3.0*H2+0.5*H3
H1 = Z(3)-P00-P01-P02
H2 = ZV(3)-P01-ZVV(1)
H3 = ZVV(3)-ZUV(1)
P03 = 10.0*H1-4.0*H2+0.5*H3
P04 = -15.0*H1+7.0*H2-H3
P05 = 6.0*H1-3.0*H2+0.5*H3
LU = SORT(LA+CC)
LV = SORT(BB+DD)
THXU = ATAN2(C,A)
THUV = ATAN2(D,B)-THXU
CSVU = COS(THUV)
P41 = 5.0*LV*CSUV/LU*P50
P14 = 5.0*LU*CSUV/LV*P05
H1 = ZV(2)-P01-P11-P41
H2 = ZUV(2)-P11-4.0*P41
P21 = 3.0*H1-H2
P31 = -2.0*H1+H2
H1 = ZU(3)-P10-P11-P14
H2 = ZUV(3)-P11-4.0*P14
P12 = 3.0*H1-H2
P13 = -2.0*H1+H2
THUS = ATAN2(D-C,B-A)-THXU
THSV = THUV-THUS
AA = SIN(THSV)/LU
BB = COS(THSV)/LU
CC = SIN(THUS)/LV
DD = COS(THUS)/LV
AC = AA*CC
AD = AA*DD
BC = BB*CC
C1 = AA*AC*(3.0*BC+2.0*AD)
C2 = CC*AC*(3.0*AD+2.0*BC)
H1 = -AA*A*AA*(5.0*AA*BB*P50+(4.0*BC+AD)*P41)-CC*CC*CC*(5.0*CC
1*DD*P05+(4.0*AD+BC)*P14)

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H2 = 0.5*TYY(2)-P02-P12      IAH 334
H3 = 0.5*ZUU(3)-P20-P21      IAH 335
P22 = (G1+H2+G2+H3-H1)/(G1+G2) IAH 336
P32 = H2-P22                  IAH 337
P23 = H3-P22                  IAH 338
ITPV = ITO                     IAH 339
25 DX = XII-XO                 IAH 340
DY = YYI-YO                   IAH 341
U = AP+DX+BP*DY               IAH 342
V = CP+DX+DP*DY               IAH 343
PO = P00+V*(P01+V*(P02+V*(P03+V*(P04+V*P05)))) IAH 344
P1 = P10+V*(P11+V*(P12+V*(P13+V*P14))) IAH 345
P2 = P20+V*(P21+V*(P22+V*P23)) IAH 346
P3 = P30+V*(P31+V*P32)       IAH 347
P4 = P40+V*P41                 IAH 348
ZII = PO+U*(P1+U*(P2+U*(P3+U*(P4+U*P5)))) IAH 349
RETURN                         IAH 350
30 IF (ITO.EQ.ITPV) GO TO 50   IAH 351
JIPL = 3*(IL1-1)               IAH 352
JPD = 0                          IAH 353
DO 40 I=1,2                    IAH 354
JIPL = JIPL+1                  IAH 355
IDP = IPL(JIPL)                IAH 356
X(I) = XD(IDP)                IAH 357
Y(I) = YD(IDP)                IAH 358
Z(I) = ZD(IDP)                IAH 359
JPDD = 5*(IDP-1)               IAH 360
DO 35 KPD=1,5                  IAH 361
JPD = JPDD+1                   IAH 362
JPDD = JPDD+1                   IAH 363
PD(JPDI) = PDD(JPDD)          IAH 364
35 CONTINUE                      IAH 365
40 CONTINUE                      IAH 366
X0 = X(1)                       IAH 367
Y0 = Y(1)                       IAH 368
A = Y(2)-Y(1)                  IAH 369
B = X(2)-X(1)                  IAH 370
C = -B                          IAH 371
D = A                          IAH 372
AD = A*D                        IAH 373
BC = B*C                        IAH 374
DLT = AD-BC                     IAH 375
AP = D/DLT                       IAH 376
BP = -B/DLT                      IAH 377
CP = -B*P                        IAH 378
DP = AP                          IAH 379
AA = A*A                        IAH 380
ACT2 = 2.0*A*C                  IAH 381
CC = C+C                        IAH 382

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AB = A*B
ADBC = AD+BC
CD = C*D
BB = B*B
BDT2 = 2.0*B*D
DO = D*D
DO 45 I=1,2
    JPD = 5*I
    ZU(I) = A*PD(JPD-4)+C*PD(JPD-3)
    ZV(I) = B*PD(JPD-4)+D*PD(JPD-3)
    ZUU(I) = AA*PD(JPD-2)+ACT2*PD(JPD-1)+CC*PD(JPD)
    ZUV(I) = AB*PD(JPD-2)+ABC*PD(JPD-1)+CD*PD(JPD)
    ZVV(I) = BB*PD(JPD-2)+BDT2*PD(JPD-1)+DD*PD(JPD)

45 CONTINUE
P00 = Z(1)
P10 = ZU(1)
P01 = ZV(1)
P20 = 0.5*ZUU(1)
P11 = ZUV(1)
P02 = 0.5*ZVV(1)
H1 = Z(2)-P00-P01-P02
H2 = ZV(2)-P01-ZVV(1)
H3 = ZVV(2)-ZUU(1)
P03 = 10.0*H1-4.0*H2+0.5*H3
P04 = -15.0*H1+7.0*H2-H3
P05 = 6.0*H1-3.0*H2+0.5*H3
H1 = ZU(2)-P10-P11
H2 = ZUV(2)-P11
P12 = 3.0*H1-H2
P13 = -2.0*H1+H2
P21 = 0.0
P23 = -ZUU(2)+ZUU(1)
P22 = -1.5*P23
ITPV = IT0
50 DX = X11-X0
    DY = Y11-Y0
    U = AP*DX+BP*DY
    V = CP*DX+DP*DY
    P0 = P00+V*(P01+V*(P02+V*(P03+V*(P04+V*(P05))))))
    P1 = P10+V*(P11+V*(P12+V*P13))
    P2 = P20+V*(P21+V*(P22+V*P23))
    Z11 = P0+U*(P1+U*P2)
    PETUPN
55 IF (IT0.EQ.1TPV) GO TO 65
    JIP = 3*I12-2
    IDP = IPI(JIP)
    X0 = X0(IDP)
    Y0 = YD(IDP)
    Z0 = ZD(IDP)

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DSQ1 = DSQF(X1,Y1,XD(IP2),YD(IP2))
IF (DSQ1.EQ.0.0) GO TO 160
IF (DSQ1.GE.DSQMN) GO TO 5
DSQMN = DSQ1
IPMN1 = IP1
IPMN2 = IP2
      5 CONTINUE
10 DO 15 IP1=1,NDPO
     IF (IP1.EQ.IPMN1.OR.IP1.EQ.IPMN2) GO TO 15
     XDMF = (XD(IPMN1)+XD(IPMN2))/2.0
     YDMF = (YD(IPMN1)+YD(IPMN2))/2.0
     JP1 = 2
15   IP1 = IP1+1
     IWP(JP1) = IP1
     WK(JP1) = DSQF(XDMF,YDMF,XD(IP1),YD(IP1))
      15 CONTINUE
     DO 25 JP1=3,NDPMI
        DSQMN = WK(JP1)
        JPMN = JP1
20    DO 20 JP2=JP1,NDPO
        IF (WK(JP2).GE.DSQMN) GO TO 20
        DSQMN = WK(JP2)
        JPMN = JP2
        IWP(JP1) = IWP(JPMN)
        IWP(JPMN) = IWP(JP2)
        WK(JPMN) = WK(JP1)
      20 CONTINUE
     IT5 = IWP(JP1)
     IWP(JP1) = IWP(JPMN)
     IWP(JPMN) = IT5
     WK(JPMN) = WK(JP1)
      25 CONTINUE
     X1 = XD(IPMN1)
     Y1 = YD(IPMN1)
     X2 = XD(IPMN2)
     Y2 = YD(IPMN2)
     DO 30 JP=3,NDPO
        IP = IWP(JP)
        SP = SPDT(XD(IP),YD(IP),X1,Y1,X2,Y2)
        VP = VPDT(X0(IP),YD(IP),X1,Y1,X2,Y2)
        IF (ABS(VP).GT.(ABS(SP)*EPSLN)) GO TO 35
      30 CONTINUE
     GO TO 165
      35 IF (JP.EQ.3) GO TO 45
     JPMX = JP
     DO 40 JPC=4,JPMX
        JP = JPMX+4-JPC
        IWP(JP) = IWP(JP-1)
      40 CONTINUE
      45 IWP(3) = IP
      45 IP1 = IPMN1

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IP2 = IPMN2
IP3 = IWP(3)
IF (VPDT(XD(IP1),YD(IP1),XD(IP2),YD(IP2),XD(IP3),YD(IP3)).GE.0.0) GO TO 50
IP1 = IPMN2
IP2 = IPMN1
IP3 = 1
50 NT0 = 1
NTT3 = 3
NLT3 = 9
IPT(1) = IP1
IPT(2) = IP2
IPT(3) = IP3
NL0 = 3
NLT3 = 9
IPL(1) = IP1
IPL(2) = IP2
IPL(3) = 1
IPL(4) = IP2
IPL(5) = IP3
IPL(6) = 1
IPL(7) = IP3
IPL(8) = IP1
IPL(9) = 1
DO 150 JP1=4,NDP0
IP1 = IWP(JP1)
X1 = XD(IP1)
Y1 = YD(IP1)
DN 65 IL=1,NL0
IP2 = IPL(3*IL-2)
IP3 = IPL(3*IL-1)
X2 = XD(IP2)
Y2 = YD(IP2)
X3 = XD(IP3)
Y3 = YD(IP3)
SP = SPDT(X1,Y1,X2,Y2,X3,Y3)
VP = VPDT(X1,Y1,X2,Y2,X3,Y3)
IF (IL.NE.1) GO TO 55
IXVS = 0
IF (VP.LE.(ABS(SP)*(-EPSLN))) IXVS = 1
ILIV = 1
ILVS = 1
GO TO 65
55
IXVSPV = IXVS
IF (VP.GT.(ABS(SP)*(-EPSLN))) GO TO 60
IXVS = 1
IF (IXVSPV.EQ.1) GO TO 65
ILVS = IL
IF (ILIV.NE.1) GO TO 70
GO TO 65
IXVS = 0
60

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      IF (IXVSPV.EQ.0) GO TO 65          IQH 579
      ILIV = IL                           IQH 580
      IF (ILVS.NE.1) GO TO 70             IQH 581
      CONTINUE
      IF (ILIV.EQ.1.AND.ILVS.EQ.1) ILVS = NL0
      IF (ILVS.LT.ILIV) ILVS = ILVS+NL0
      IF (ILIV.EQ.1) GO TO 85
      NLSH = ILIV-1
      NLSHT3 = NLSH*3
      DO 75 JL1=1,NLSHT3                IQH 582
      JL2 = JL1+NLT3
      IPL(JL2) = IPL(JL1)
      CONTINUE
      DO 80 JL1=1,NLT3                 IQH 583
      JL2 = JL1+NLT3
      IPL(JL2) = IPL(JL1)
      CONTINUE
      ILVS = ILVS-NLSH
      JWL = 0                            IQH 584
      DO 105 IL=ILVS,NL0                IQH 585
      ILT3 = IL*3
      IPL1 = IPL(ILT3-2)
      IPL2 = IPL(ILT3-1)
      IT = IPL(ILT3)
      NTO = NTO+1
      NTT3 = NTT3+3
      IPT(NTT3-2) = IPL2
      IPT(NTT3-1) = IPL1
      IPT(NTT3) = IP1
      IF (IL.NE.ILVS) GO TO 90
      IPL(ILT3-1) = IP1
      IPL(ILT3) = NTO
      IF (IL.NE.NL0) GO TO 95
      NLN3 = NLN*3
      IPL(NLN3-2) = IP1
      IPL(NLN3-1) = IPL(1)
      IPL(NLN3) = NTO
      ITT3 = IT*3
      IPT1 = IPT(ITT3-2)
      IF (IPT1.NE.IPL1.AND.IPT1.NE.IPL2) GO TO 100
      IPT1 = IPT(ITT3-1)
      IF (IPT1.NE.IPL1.AND.IPT1.NE.IPL2) GO TO 100
      IPT1 = IPT(ITT3)
      IPT1 = IPT(ITT3-2).EQ.0) GO TO 105
      IPT(ITT3-2) = IPT1
      IPT(ITT3-1) = IPL1
      IPT(ITT3) = IP1
      IPT(NTT3-1) = IPT1
      IQH 586
      IQH 587
      IQH 588
      IQH 589
      IQH 590
      IQH 591
      IQH 592
      IQH 593
      IQH 594
      IQH 595
      IQH 596
      IQH 597
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      IQH 619
      IQH 620
      IQH 621
      IQH 622
      IQH 623
      IQH 624
      IQH 625
      IQH 626
      IQH 627

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IQL
IF ((IL.EQ.ILVS) IPL(ILT3) = IT
IF ((IL.EQ.NLO.AND.IPL(3).EQ.IT) IPL(3) = NTO
JWL = JWL+4
IWL(JWL-3) = IPL1
IWL(JWL-2) = IPT1
IWL(JWL-1) = IPT1
IWL(JWL) = IPL2
CONTINUE
NLO = NLN
NLNT3 = NLNT3
NLF = JWL/2
IF (NL.F.EQ.0) GO TO 150
NTT3P3 = NTT3+3
DO 145 IREP=1,NREP
DO 135 ILF=1*NLF
IPL1 = IWL(2*ILF-1)
IPL2 = IWL(2*ILF)
NTF = 0
DO 110 ITT3R=3,NTT3-3
ITT3 = NTT3P3-ITT3R
IPT1 = IPT(ITT3-2)
IPT2 = IPT(ITT3-1)
IPT3 = IPT(ITT3)
IF ((IPL1.NE.IPT1.AND.IPL1.NE.IPT2.AND.IPL1.NE.IPT3))
TO 110
IF ((IPL2.NE.IPT1.AND.IPL2.NE.IPT2.AND.IPL2.NE.IPT3))
TO 110
NTF = NTF+1
IFT(NTF) = ITT3/3
IF (NTF.EQ.2) GO TO 115
CONTINUE
IF (NTF.LT.2) GO TO 135
IT1T3 = ITF(1)*3
IPT1 = IPT(ITT1T3-2)
IF ((IPT11.NE.IPL1.AND.IPT11.NE.IPL2)) GO TO 120
IPT11 = IPT(ITT1T3-1)
IF ((IPT11.NE.IPL1.AND.IPT11.NE.IPL2)) GO TO 120
IPT11 = IPT(ITT1T3)
IPT11 = IPT(ITT1T3)
IPT12 = IPT(ITT2T3-2)
IF ((IPT12.NE.IPL1.AND.IPT12.NE.IPL2)) GO TO 125
IPT12 = IPT(ITT2T3-1)
IF ((IPT12.NE.IPL1.AND.IPT12.NE.IPL2)) GO TO 125
IPT12 = IPT(ITT2T3)
IF ((OHSD(XD,YD,IPT11,IPT12,IPL1,IPL2).EQ.0)) GO TO 135
IPT1(IIT1T3-2) = IPT11
IPT(IIT1T3-1) = IPT12
IPT(IIT1T3) = IPT11
IPT(IIT2T3-2) = IPT12
110
115
120
125
135

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IPT(IIT2T3-1) = IPT11
IPT(IIT2T3) = IPL2
JWL = JWLB6
IWL(JWL-7) = IPL1
IWL(JWL-6) = IPT11
IWL(JWL-5) = IPT11
IWL(JWL-4) = IPL2
IWL(JWL-3) = IPL2
IWL(JWL-2) = IPT12
IWL(JWL-1) = IPT12
IWL(JWL) = IPL1
DO 130 JLT3=3,NLT3,3
IPLJ1 = IPL(JLT3-2)
IPLJ2 = IPL(JLT3-1)
IF ((IPLJ1.EQ.IPL1.AND.IPLJ2.EQ.IPT12).OR.((IPLJ2.EQ.IPT12).
L1.AND.IPLJ1.EQ.IPT12)) IPL(JLT3)
  = ITF(1)
IF ((IPLJ1.EQ.IPL2.AND.IPLJ2.EQ.IPT11).OR.((IPLJ2.EQ.IP10H
L2.AND.IPLJ1.EQ.IPT11)) IPL(JLT3)
  = ITF(2)
CONTINUE
130 CONTINUE
135 CONTINUE
NLFC = NLF
NLF = JWLB2
IF (NLF.EQ.NLFC) GO TO 150
JWL1MN = 2*NLFC+1
NLFT2 = NLFB2
DO 140 JWLB1=JWL1MN,NLFT2
JWL = JWLB1+1-JWL1MN
IWL(JWL) = IWL(JWL1)
CONTINUE
NLF = JWLB2
140 CONTINUE
145 CONTINUE
150 CONTINUE
DO 155 IIT3=3,NTT3,3
IP1 = IPT(IIT3-2)
IP2 = IPT(IIT3-1)
IP3 = IPT(IIT3)
IF (VPOD(XD(IP1),YD(IP1),XD(IP2),YD(IP2),XD(IP3),YD(IP3)).GE.0.
O.
  0) GO TO 155
IPT(IIT3-2) = IP2
IPT(IIT3-1) = IP1
155 CONTINUE
NT = NTO
NL = NLO
RETURN
160 IER = 131
RETURN
165 IER = 130

```

```

      RETURN
      END
      SUBROUTINE IQHSH (XD,YD,NT,IPI,NL,IPL,NXI,NYI,XI,YI,NGP,IGP)
      REAL    NT,NL,NXI,NYI,IPT(1),IPL(1),NGP(1),IGP(1)
      INTEGER IOT(3),ILP1T3,ILP1,INSD,IP1,IP2,IP3,ITOT3,
              ITO,IXIMN,IXIMX,IXI,IYI,IZI,JIGP1,JIGP1I,JIGP1,
              JNGP0,JNGP1,L,NGP0,NGP1,NLO,NT0,NXI0,NXI1,
              NYI0
      1      X1,X2,X3,XII,XIMN,XIMX,XMN,XMX,Y1,Y2,Y3,YII,
            YIMN,YIMX,YMN,YMX
      2      SPDT,VPDT,U1,U2,U3,V1,V2,V3
      3      VPDT(U1,V1,U2,V3) = (U1-U2)*(U3-U2)+(V1-V2)*(V3-V2)
            VPDT(U1,V1,U2,V3) = (U1-U3)*(V2-V3)-(V1-V3)*(U2-U3)
      4      NLO = NL
      5      NXIO = NXI
      6      NYIO = NYI
      7      NXI0*NYI0 = NXIO*NYIO
      8      XIMN = AMINI(XI(1),XI(NXI0))
      9      XIMX = AMAXI(XI(1),XI(NXI0))
     10     YIMN = AMINI(YI(1),YI(NYI0))
     11     YIMX = AMAXI(YI(1),YI(NYI0))
     12     JNGP0 = 0
     13     JNGP1 = 2*(INT0+2*NLO)+1
     14     JIGP0 = 0
     15     JIGP1 = NXINYI+1
     16     DO 80 IT0=1,NT0
     17       NGP0 = 0
     18       NGP1 = 0
     19       ITOT3 = IT0*3
     20       IP1 = IPT(ITOT3-2)
     21       IP2 = IPT(ITOT3-1)
     22       IP3 = IPT(ITOT3)
     23       X1 = XD(IP1)
     24       Y1 = YD(IP1)
     25       X2 = XD(IP2)
     26       Y2 = YD(IP2)
     27       X3 = XD(IP3)
     28       Y3 = YD(IP3)
     29       XMN = AMINI(X1,X2,X3)
     30       XMX = AMAXI(X1,X2,X3)
     31       YMN = AMINI(Y1,Y2,Y3)
     32       YMX = AMAXI(Y1,Y2,Y3)
     33       INSD = 0
     34       DO 10 IXI=1,NXI0
     35         IF (XI(IXI).GE.XMN.AND.XI(IXI).LE.XMX) GO TO 5
     36         IF (INSD.EQ.0) GO TO 10
     37         IXIMX = IXI-1
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      GO TO 15
      5   IF (INSD.EQ.1) GO TO 10
      INSD = 1
      IXIMN = IXI
 10   CONTINUE
      IF (INSD.EQ.0) GO TO 75
      IXIMX = NXIO
 15   DO 70 IYI=1,NYIO
      YII = YI(IYI)
      IF (YII.LT.YMN.OR.YII.GT.YMX) GO TO 70
      DO 65 IXI=IXIMN,IXIMX
      XII = XI(IXI)
      L = 0
      IF (VPDT(X1,Y1,X2,Y2,XII,YII)) 65,20,25
      L = 1
      IF (VPDT(X2,Y2,X3,Y3,XII,YII)) 65,30,35
      L = 1
      IF (VPDT(X3,Y3,X1,Y1,XII,YII)) 65,40,45
      L = 1
      IXI0*(IYI-1)+IXI
      IF (L.EQ.1) GO TO 50
      NGPO = NGPO+1
      JIGPO = JIGPO+1
      IGP(JIGPO) = IZI
      GO TO 65
      IF (JIGPI.GT.NXINYI) GO TO 60
      DO 55 JIGPI=JIGPI,NXINYI
      IF (IZI.EQ.IGP(JIGPI)) GO TO 65
      CONTINUE
      55   NGP1 = NGP1+1
      JIGPI = JIGPI-1
      IGP(JIGPI) = IZI
      CONTINUE
      65   CONTINUE
      70   JNGPO = JNGPO+1
      NGP(JNGPO) = NGPO
      JNCP1 = JNCP1-1
      NGP(JNCP1) = NGP1
 80   CONTINUE
      DO 225 IL0=1,NLO
      NGPO = 0
      NGP1 = 0
      IL0T3 = IL0*3
      IP1 = IP1(IL0T3-2)
      IP2 = IP1(IL0T3-1)
      X1 = XD(IP1)
      Y1 = YD(IP1)
      X2 = XD(IP2)
      Y2 = YD(IP2)
 225

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XMN = XMN
XMX = XMX
YMN = YMN
YMX = YMX
IF (Y2.GE.Y1) XMN = AMIN(X1,X2)
IF (Y2.LE.Y1) XMX = AMAX(X1,X2)
IF (X2.LE.X1) YMN = AMIN(Y1,Y2)
IF (X2.GE.X1) YMX = AMAX(Y1,Y2)
INSO = 0
DO 90 IXI=1,NXIO
  IF (IXI(IXI).GE.XMN.AND.XXI(IXI).LE.XMX) GO TO 85
  IF (INSO.EQ.0) GO TO 90
  DO 150 IYI=1,NYIO
    IXIMX = IXI-1
    GO TO 95
    IF (INSO.EQ.1) GO TO 90
    INS0 = 1
    IXIMN = IXI
    CONTINUE
    IF (INSO.EQ.0) GO TO 155
    IXIMX = NXIO
    DO 150 IYI=1,NYIO
      YII = YI(IYI)
      IF (YII.LT.YMN.OR.YII.GT.YMX) GO TO 150
      DO 145 IXI=IXIMN,IXIMX
        XII = XI(XII)
        L = 0
        IF (VPDT(X1,Y1,X2,Y2,XII,YII)) 105,100,145
        L = 1
        IF (SPDT(X2,Y2,X1,Y1,XII,YII)) 145,110,115
        L = 1
        IF (SPDT(X1,Y1,X2,Y2,XII,YII)) 145,120,125
        L = 1
        IZI = NXIO*(IYI-1)+IXI
        IF (L.EQ.1) GO TO 130
        NGPO = NGPO+1
        JIGP0 = JIGP0+1
        IGP(JIGP0) = IZI
        GO TO 145
        IF (JIGP1.GT.NXINYI) GO TO 140
        DO 135 JIGP1=JIGP1+1,NXINYI
          IF (IZI.EQ.IGP(JIGP1)) GO TO 145
          CONTINUE
          NGP1 = NGP1+1
          JIGP1 = JIGP1-1
          IGP(JIGP1) = IZI
        CONTINUE
        145 CONTINUE
        150 CONTINUE
        JNGP0 = JNGP0+1
        NGP(JNGP0) = NGPO
        155 CONTINUE
        160 CONTINUE
        165 CONTINUE
        170 CONTINUE
        175 CONTINUE
        180 CONTINUE
        185 CONTINUE
        190 CONTINUE
        195 CONTINUE
        200 CONTINUE
        205 CONTINUE
        210 CONTINUE
        215 CONTINUE
        220 CONTINUE
        225 CONTINUE
        230 CONTINUE
        235 CONTINUE
        240 CONTINUE
        245 CONTINUE
        250 CONTINUE
        255 CONTINUE
        260 CONTINUE
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JNGP1 = JNGP1-1
NCP(JNGP1) = NCP1
NCP0 = 0
NCP1 = 0
ILP1 = MOD(IL0, NL0)+1
ILP1T3 = ILP1*3
IP3 = IP1(ILP1T3-1)
X3 = X0(IP3)
Y3 = YD(IP3)
XMN = XMN
XMX = XIMX
YMN = YMN
YMX = YMIX
IF (Y3.GE.Y2.AND.Y2.GE.Y1) XMN = X2
IF (Y3.LE.Y2.AND.Y2.LE.Y1) XMN = X2
IF (X3.LE.X2.AND.X2.LE.X1) YMN = Y2
IF (X3.GE.X2.AND.X2.GE.X1) YMN = Y2
INSD = 0
D0 165 IXI=1, NXIO
IF (XI((XI)).GE.XMN.AND.XI((XI)).LE.XMX) GO TO 160
IF (INSD.EQ.0) GO TO 165
IXIMX = XI-1
GO TO 170
IF (INSD.EQ.1) GO TO 165
INSD = 1
IXIMN = XI
CONTINUE
IF (INSD.EQ.0) GO TO 220
IXIMX = NXIO
DO 215 IYI=1, NYIO
YII = YI((YI))
IF (YII.LT.YMN.OR.YII.GT.YMX) GO TO 219
DO 210 IXI=IXIMN, IXIMX
XII = XI((XI))
L = 0
IF (SPDT(X1, Y1, X2, XII, YII)) 180, 175, 210
L = 1
IF (SPDT(X3, Y3, X2, XII, YII)) 190, 185, 210
160
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CONTINUE

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IYI = NXIO*(YII-1)+IXI
IF (L.EQ.1) GO TO 195
NCPO = NCPO+1
JIGPO = JIGPO+1
JGP(JIGPO) = IZI
GO TO 210
IF (JIGP1.GT.NXINYI) GO TO 205
DO 200 JIGP1 = JIGP1, NXINYI
IF (IZI.EQ.IGP(JIGP1)) GO TO 210

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205      NGP1 = NGP1+1
         JIGP1 = JIGP1-1
         IGP(JIGP1) = IZI
         CONTINUE
210      CONTINUE
215      JNGP0 = JNGP0+1
         NGP(JNGP0) = NGP0
         JNGP1 = JNGP1-1
         NGP(JNNGP1) = NGP1
         CONTINUE
220      RETURN
         END
         SUBROUTINE UERTST (IER,NAME)
         INTEGER IER,NAME
         INTEGER NAMEQ
         DATA NAMSET/6H'erset'/
         NAMEQ/6H
         DATA LEVEL/4,IFFQDF/O/,IEQ/1H=/
         IF (IER.GT.999) GO TO 25
         IF (IER.LT.-32) GO TO 55
         IF (IER.LE.-128) GO TO 5
         IF (LEVEL.LT.1) GO TO 30
         CALL UGETIO(1,NIN,IOUNT)
         IF (IEQDF.EQ.1) WRITE(IQUNIT,35) IER,NAMEQ,IEQ,NAME
         IF (IEQDF.EQ.0) WRITE(IQUNIT,35) IER,NAME
         GO TO 30
         5  IF (IER.LE.-64) GO TO 10
         IF (LEVEL.LT.2) GO TO 30
         CALL UGETIO(1,NIN,IOUNT)
         IF (IEQDF.EQ.1) WRITE(IQUNIT,40) IER,NAMEQ,IEQ,NAME
         IF (IEQDF.EQ.0) WRITE(IQUNIT,40) IER,NAME
         GO TO 30
         10 IF (IEP.LE.-32) GO TO 15
         IF (LEVEL.LT.3) GO TO 30
         CALL UGETIO(1,NIN,IOUNT)
         IF (IEQDF.EQ.1) WRITE(IQUNIT,45) IER,NAMEQ,IEQ,NAME
         IF (IEQDF.EQ.0) WRITE(IQUNIT,45) IER,NAME
         GO TO 30
         15 CONTINUE
         IF (NAME.NE.NAMSET) GO TO 25
         LEVOLD = LLEVEL
         LEVEL = IER
         IER = LEVOLD
         IF (LLEVEL.LT.0) LEVEL = 4
         IF (LEVEL.GT.4) LEVEL = 4
         GO TO 30
         25 CONTINUE
         IF (LEVEL.LT.4) GO TO 30
         CALL UGETIO(1,NIN,IOUNT)

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C* N CONTAINING THE INDEPENDENT VARIABLES OR *SUTS 20
C* X-CORDINATES OF THE NODES. X MUST BE A *SUTS 21
C* STRICTLY INCREASING ARRAY. *SUTS 22
C* - A ONE-DIMENSIONAL INPUT REAL ARRAY OF LENGTH *SUTS 23
C* N CONTAINING THE DEPENDENT VARIABLES OR *SUTS 24
C* Y-CORDINATES OF THE NODES. Y MUST BE A *SUTS 25
C* STRICTLY INCREASING ARRAY. *SUTS 26
C* SIGMA - AN INPUT REAL NUMBER CONTAINING THE TENSION *SUTS 27
C* XL - AN INPUT REAL NUMBER SPECIFYING THE LOWER *SUTS 28
C* LIMIT OF INTEGRATION. *SUTS 29
C* XU - AN INPUT REAL NUMBER SPECIFYING THE UPPER *SUTS 30
C* LIMIT OF INTEGRATION. *SUTS 31
C* FACTOR. SIGMA SHOULD BE NON-NEGATIVE. *SUTS 32
C* IENDSW - A ONE-DIMENSIONAL INPUT INTEGER ARRAY OF *SUTS 33
C* LENGTH 2, SPECIFYING CONDITIONS ON THE CURVE *SUTS 34
C* AT THE TWO ENDPOINTS. IENDSW(1) REFERS TO *SUTS 35
C* (X(1),Y(1)) AND IENDSW(2) REFERS TO *SUTS 36
C* (X(N),Y(N)). *SUTS 37
C* IENDSW(1) = 0 MEANS THAT THE USER WILL INPUT *SUTS 38
C* A VALUE FOR Y, AT THE *SUTS 39
C* APPROPRIATE ENDPOINT IN *SUTS 40
C* END(1). *SUTS 41
C* IENDSW(1) = 1 MEANS THAT Y WILL BE ESTIMATED *SUTS 42
C* INTERNALLY FOR THE APPROPRIATE *SUTS 43
C* ENDPOINT. *SUTS 44
C* IENDSW(1) = 2 MEANS THAT Y = ZERO (I.E., THE *SUTS 45
C* NATURAL END-CONDITION HOLDS) AT *SUTS 46
C* THE APPROPRIATE ENDPOINT. *SUTS 47
C* END - A ONE-DIMENSIONAL INPUT REAL ARRAY OF LENGTH *SUTS 48
C* 2 CONTAINING DESIRED VALUES FOR Y AT *SUTS 49
C* (X(1),Y(1)) IN END(1) AND AT (X(N),Y(N)) *SUTS 50
C* IN END(2). IF IENDSW(1) = NE. O, THEN *SUTS 51
C* END(1) NEED NOT BE DEFINED. IF BOTH *SUTS 52
C* IENDSW(1) AND IENDSW(2) ARE NON-ZERO, THEN *SUTS 53
C* END MAY BE A DUMMY PARAMETER. *SUTS 54
C* IW - AN INPUT/OUTPUT INTEGER. *SUTS 55
C* INPUT - IF THE USER IS INPUTTING X, Y, *SUTS 56
C* N, SIGMA, IENDSW, AND END, FOR *SUTS 57
C* THE FIRST TIME (AS A PACKAGE), THEN *SUTS 58
C* IW SHOULD BE SET TO 0. OTHERWISE, *SUTS 59
C* IW SHOULD BE SET TO 1. *SUTS 60
C* OUTPUT - IW IS AUTOMATICALLY SET TO 1. *SUTS 61
C* PROXIN - AN OUTPUT REAL NUMBER SPECIFYING THE VALUE OF *SUTS 62
C* THE INTEGRAL. *SUTS 63
C* WK - A ONE-DIMENSIONAL INPUT/OUTPUT/WORK REAL *SUTS 64
C* ARRAY OF LENGTH 2N - 1. *SUTS 65
C* INPUT - IF IW = 1, THEN THE FIRST N *SUTS 66
C* PLACES OF WK MUST BE OUTPUT FROM *SUTS 67
C* A PREVIOUS CALL TO STIUNI (E1.0), *SUTS 68

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C* SUTOER (D4.3), OR SUTS (D1.11). *SUTS
C* OUTPUT - THE FIRST N PLACES OF WK CONTAIN*SUTS 69
C* DERIVATIVE INFORMATION NECESSARY ON *SUTS 70
C* SUCCEEDING CALLS TO STUNI, *SUTS 71
C* SUTDER , OR SUTS USING THE SAME *SUTS 72
C* INPUT DATA. *SUTS 73
C* WORK - THE REST OF WK IS WORK STORAGE. *SUTS 74
C* - AN OUTPUT INTEGER ERROR CODE. *SUTS 75
C*   - 0 NORMAL RETURN. *SUTS 76
C*   - 1 N < 2. *SUTS 77
C*   - 2 X IS NOT AN INCREASING ARRAY. *SUTS 78
C* PRECISION - SINGLE *SUTS 79
C* REQUIRED ROUTINES - CEEZ,CURVI,CURVIN,CURV12,INTRVL,SNHCSH,TERMS,*SUTS 80
C* DATE RELEASED - MARCH 1, 1979. *SUTS 81
C* LANGUAGE - FORTRAN *SUTS 82
C* LATEST REVISION - NONE *SUTS 83
C* ***** *SUTS 84
C* FORMAL PARAMETERS *SUTS 85
C* INTEGER IENDSW(2),IEPR,IW,N *SUTS 86
C* REAL END(2),PROXIN,SIGMA,WK(1),X(1),XL,XU,Y(1) *SUTS 87
C* INTERNAL VARIABLES *SUTS 88
C* REAL CURVI,DELX,SIGMAP,ZERO *SUTS 89
C* CONSTRUCT THE CONSTANT ZERO *SUTS 90
C* DATA ZERO/0.0E0/ *SUTS 91
C* DATA TUNISW /0/ *SUTS 92
C* ISLPSW=(IENDSW(2)+2*IENDSW(1)) *SUTS 93
C* TUNISV=1 *SUTS 94
C* INITIALIZE IERR AND CHECK ERROR RETURNS *SUTS 95
C* IERR = 1 *SUTS 96
C* IF (N .LT. 2) GO TO 9000 *SUTS 97
C* IERR = 2 *SUTS 98
C* DELX = X(N) - X(1) *SUTS 99
C* IF (DELX .LE. ZERO) GO TO 9000 *SUTS 100
C* ***** *SUTS 101
C* ***** *SUTS 102
C* ***** *SUTS 103
C* ***** *SUTS 104
C* ***** *SUTS 105
C* ***** *SUTS 106
C* ***** *SUTS 107
C* ***** *SUTS 108
C* ***** *SUTS 109
C* ***** *SUTS 110
C* ***** *SUTS 111
C* ***** *SUTS 112
C* ***** *SUTS 113
C* ***** *SUTS 114
C* ***** *SUTS 115
C* ***** *SUTS 116
C* ***** *SUTS 117

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IERR = 0
      DENORMALIZE THE TENSION FACTOR SIGMA
      SIGMAP = ABS(SIGMA) * (N - 1)/DELX
      CALL CURV1 IF NECESSARY
      IF (IW .EQ. 1) GO TO 10
      IF (N .GT. 2) CALL CURVIN(N,X,Y,IENDSW,END,SIGMAP,WK,WK(N+1),
     IERR)
      IF (N .EQ. 2) CALL CURV12(DELX,Y,IENDSW,END,SIGMAP,WK)
      IF (IERR .NE. 0) GO TO 9000
      SET IW = 1 FOR OUTPUT
      IW = 1
      COMPUTE THE INTEGRAL PROXIN
      PROXIN = CURVI(XL,XU,N,X,Y,WK,SIGMAP)
      10 SUBROUTINE CURVIN(N,X,Y,IENDSW,END,SIGMAP,YP,TEMP,IERR)
      9000 RETURN
      END
      *****
      PURPOSE - COMPUTE SECOND DERIVATIVES NECESSARY TO BE
      ABLE TO INTERPOLATE POINTS ON A SPLINE
      FUNCTION UNDER TENSION PASSING THROUGH AT
      LEAST THREE NODES. SEE STIUNI (E1.X).
      USE - CALL CURVIN(N,X,Y,IENDSW,END,SIGMAP,YP,TEMP,
     IERR)
      *****
      PARAMETERS N - AN INPUT INTEGER SPECIFYING THE NUMBER OF
      NODES. N MUST BE AT LEAST 3.
      X - AN INPUT ONE-DIMENSIONAL REAL ARRAY OF LENGTH* N
      Y - AN INPUT ONE-DIMENSIONAL REAL ARRAY OF LENGTH* N
      IENDSW - AN INPUT ONE-DIMENSIONAL INTEGER ARRAY OF
     LENGTH 2 SPECIFYING THE OPTIONS CHOSEN AT THE TWO ENDPOINTS OF THE SPLINE CURVE.
     IENDSW(1) AND IENDSW(2) REFERS TO (X(1),Y(1)) AND (X(N),Y(N))
      *****

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C IENDSW(I) = 0 THE USER HAS INPUT VALUES FOR *SUTS 167
C   Y* AT THE APPROPRIATE ENDPOINT*SUTS 168
C   IN END(I) . *SUTS 169
C   * 1 Y* WILL BE ESTIMATED *SUTS 170
C     INTERNALLY AT THE APPROPRIATE *SUTS 171
C     ENDPOINT. *SUTS 172
C   * 2 THE NATURAL CONDITION (Y* = 0)*SUTS 173
C     WILL BE IMPOSED ON THE *SUTS 174
C     APPROPRIATE ENDPOINT. *SUTS 175
C
C END - AN INPUT ONE-DIMENSIONAL REAL ARRAY OF LENGTH*SUTS 176
C 2. END(1) CONTAINS THE DERIVATIVE OF THE *SUTS 177
C SPLINE FUNCTION AT (X(1),Y(1)) . END(2) *SUTS 178
C CONTAINS THE DERIVATIVE OF THE SPLINE *SUTS 179
C FUNCTION AT (X(N),Y(N)) . IF IENDSW(1) IS*SUTS 180
C NON-ZERO, THEN END(1) NEED NOT BE DEFINED. *SUTS 181
C IF BOTH IENDSW(1) AND IENDSW(2) ARE NON- *SUTS 182
C ZERO, THEN END MAY BE A DUMMY PARAMETER. *SUTS 183
C
C SIGMAP - AN INPUT REAL NUMBER SPECIFYING THE *SUTS 184
C DENORMALIZED TENSION FACTOR. *SUTS 185
C
C YP - AN OUTPUT ONE-DIMENSIONAL REAL ARRAY OF *SUTS 186
C LENGTH N CONTAINING SECOND DERIVATIVE *SUTS 187
C INFORMATION NECESSARY TO INTERPOLATE THE *SUTS 188
C SPLINE FUNCTION. *SUTS 189
C
C TEMP - A WORK ONE-DIMENSIONAL REAL ARRAY OF LENGTH *SUTS 190
C N - 1. *SUTS 191
C
C IERR - AN OUTPUT INTEGER SPECIFYING THE ERROR *SUTS 192
C RETURN CODE. *SUTS 193
C   * 0 NORMAL RETURN. *SUTS 194
C   * 2 TWO CONSECUTIVE X-VALUES ARE THE SAME.*SUTS 195
C
C PRECISION - SINGLE. *SUTS 196
C
C REQUIRED ROUTINES - CEEZ,SNHCSH,TERMS. *SUTS 197
C
C DATE RELEASED - MARCH 1, 1979. *SUTS 198
C
C LANGUAGE - FORTRAN. *SUTS 199
C
C SOURCE - A. K. CLINE AND R. J. RENKA *SUTS 200
C UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS AT AUSTIN *SUTS 201
C NON-NATURAL OPTIONS ONLY *SUTS 202
C
C LATEST REVISION - NONE. *SUTS 203
C
C ***** *SUTS 204
C ***** *SUTS 205
C ***** *SUTS 206
C ***** *SUTS 207
C ***** *SUTS 208
C ***** *SUTS 209
C ***** *SUTS 210
C ***** *SUTS 211
C ***** *SUTS 212
C ***** SUTS 213
C ***** SUTS 214
C ***** SUTS 215
C
C FORMAL PARAMETERS

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C      INTEGER IENDSW(2),IERR,N
C      REAL END(2),SIGMAP,TEMP(1),X(N),Y(N),YP(N)
C
C      INTERNAL VARIABLES
C
C      INTEGER I,IBAK,NM1,NP1
C
C      REAL C1,C2,C3,DELXN,DELXNM,DELX1,DELX2,DIAG,DIAG1,DIAG2,DX1,DX2
C      REAL SDIAG1,SDIAG2,SLPN,SLP1,ZERO
C
C      DEFINE THE CONSTANT ZERO
C
C      DATA ZERO/0.0E0/
C
C      INITIALIZE VARIABLES
C
C      NM1 = N - 1
C      NP1 = N + 1
C      DELX1 = X(2) - X(1)
C      IERR = 2
C
C      APPROXIMATE THE LEFT END SLOPE IF NEEDED
C
C      IF (DELX1 .LE. ZERO) GO TO 9000
C      IF (IENDSW(1) .EQ. 0) SLP1 = END(1)
C      IF (IENDSW(1) .NE. 1) GO TO 10
C      DELX2 = X(3) - X(1)
C      IF (DELX2 .LE. DELX1) GO TO 9000
C      CALL CEEZ (DELX1,DELX2,SIGMAP,C1,C2,C3,N)
C      SLP1 = C1*Y(1) + C2*Y(2) + C3*Y(3)
C
C      APPROXIMATE THE RIGHT END SLOPE IF NEEDED
C
C      10 IF (IENDSW(2) .EQ. 0) SLPN = END(2)
C      IF (IENDSW(2) .NE. 1) GO TO 20
C      DELXN = X(N) - X(NM1)
C      DELXNM = X(N) - X(N-2)
C      IF (DELMN .LE. ZERO .OR. DELXNM .LE. DELXN) GO TO 9000
C      CALL CEEZ (-DELXN,-DELXNM,SIGMAP,C1,C2,C3,N)
C      SLPN = C1*Y(N) + C2*Y(NM1) + C3*Y(N-2)
C
C      SET UP RIGHT HAND SIDE AND TRIDIAGONAL SYSTEM FOR YP AND
C      PERFORM FORWARD ELIMINATION
C
C      20 DX1 = (Y(2) - Y(1)) / DELX1
C      CALL TERMS (DIAG1,SDIAG1,SIGMAP,DELX1)
C
C      TEST WHETHER THE LEFT ENDPOINT IS NATURAL
SUTS 216
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SUTS 264

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C      IF (IENDSW(1) .EQ. 2) GO TO 30
C
C      THIS CODE IS FOR A NON-NATURAL LEFT ENDPOINT
C
C      YP(1) = (DX1 - SLP1) / DIAG1
C      TEMP(1) = SDIAG1/DIAG1
C      GO TO 40
C
C      THIS CODE IS FOR A NATURAL LEFT ENDPOINT
C
C      30 TEMP(1) = ZERO
C      YP(1) = ZERO
C
C      BEGIN THE ELIMINATION LOOP
C
C      40 DO 50 I=2,NM1
C          IM1 = I - 1
C          DELX2 = X(I+1) - X(I)
C          IF (DELX2 .LE. ZERO) GO TO 9000
C          DX2 = (Y(I+1) - Y(I)) / DELX2
C          CALL TERMS (DIAG2,SDIAG2,SIGMAP,DELX2)
C          DIAG = DIAG1 + DIAG2 - SDIAG1*TEMP(IM1),
C          YP(I) = (DX2 - DX1 - SDIAG1*YP(IM1)) / DIAG
C          TEMP(I) = SDIAG2/DIAG
C          DX1 = DX2
C          DIAG1 = DIAG2
C          SDIAG1 = SDIAG2
C
C      50 CONTINUE
C
C      TEST WHETHER THE RIGHT ENDPOINT IS NATURAL
C
C      IF (IENDSW(2) .EQ. 2) GO TO 60
C
C      THIS CODE IS FOR A NON-NATURAL RIGHT ENDPOINT
C
C      DIAG = DIAG1 - SDIAG1*TEMP(NM1)
C      YP(N) = (SLPN - DX1 - SDIAG1*YP(NM1)) / DIAG
C      GO TO 70
C
C      THIS CODE IS FOR A NATURAL RIGHT ENDPOINT
C
C      60 YP(N) = ZERO
C
C      PERFORM BACK SUBSTITUTION
C
C      70 DO 80 I = 2,N
C          IBAK = NP1 - I
C          YP(IBAK) = YP(IBAK) - TEMP(IBAK)*YP(IBAK+1)
C
SUTS 265
SUTS 266
SUTS 267
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SUTS 271
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SUTS 296
SUTS 297
SUTS 298
SUTS 299
SUTS 300
SUTS 301
SUTS 302
SUTS 303
SUTS 304
SUTS 305
SUTS 306
SUTS 307
SUTS 308
SUTS 309
SUTS 310
SUTS 311
SUTS 312
SUTS 313

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      80 CONTINUE
      IERR = 0
C   9000 RETURN
C
C   END SUBROUTINE CURV12(DX,Y,IENDSW,END,SIGMAP,YP)
C
C*** ****
C* PURPOSE
C*   - COMPUTE SECOND DERIVATIVES NECESSARY TO BE
C*     ABLE TO INTERPOLATE POINTS ON A SPLINE
C*     FUNCTION UNDER TENSION PASSING THROUGH
C*     EXACTLY TWO NODES. SEE STIUNI (E1.X).
C*
C* USE
C*   - CALL CURV12(DX,Y,IENDSW,END,SIGMAP,YP)
C*     * SUTS 321
C*     * SUTS 322
C*     * SUTS 323
C*     * SUTS 324
C*     * SUTS 325
C*     * SUTS 326
C*     * SUTS 327
C*     * SUTS 328
C*     * SUTS 329
C*     * SUTS 330
C*     * SUTS 331
C*     * SUTS 332
C*     * SUTS 333
C*     * SUTS 334
C*     * SUTS 335
C*     * SUTS 336
C*     * SUTS 337
C*     * SUTS 338
C*     * SUTS 339
C*     * SUTS 340
C*     * SUTS 341
C*     * SUTS 342
C*     * SUTS 343
C*     * SUTS 344
C*     * SUTS 345
C*     * SUTS 346
C*     * SUTS 347
C*     * SUTS 348
C*     * SUTS 349
C*     * SUTS 350
C*     * SUTS 351
C*     * SUTS 352
C*     * SUTS 353
C*     * SUTS 354
C*     * SUTS 355
C*     * SUTS 356
C*     * SUTS 357
C*     * SUTS 358
C*     * SUTS 359
C*     * SUTS 360
C*     * SUTS 361
C*     * SUTS 362
C
C* PARAMETERS DX
C*   - AN INPUT REAL NUMBER = X(2) - X(1) WHERE
C*     THE X'S ARE THE X-COORDINATES OF THE NODES. * SUTS 333
C*     AN INPUT ONE-DIMENSIONAL REAL ARRAY OF LENGTH * SUTS 334
C*     2 CONTAINING THE Y-COORDINATES OF THE NODES. * SUTS 335
C*     IENDSW - AN INPUT ONE-DIMENSIONAL INTEGER ARRAY OF * SUTS 336
C*     LENGTH 2 SPECIFYING THE OPTIONS CHOSEN AT THE * SUTS 337
C*     TWO ENDPOINTS OF THE SPLINE CURVE. * SUTS 338
C*     IENDSW(1) = 0 THE USER HAS INPUT VALUES FOR * SUTS 339
C*     (X(1),Y(1)) IN END(1). * SUTS 340
C*     - 1 (X(1),Y*(1)) WILL BE
C*       ESTIMATED INTERNALLY. * SUTS 341
C*     - 2 THE NATURAL CONDITION * SUTS 342
C*       ((X(1),Y*(1)) = 0 ) WILL BE
C*       IMPOSED. * SUTS 343
C*     END - AN INPUT ONE-DIMENSIONAL REAL ARRAY OF LENGTH * SUTS 345
C*     2. END(1) CONTAINS THE DERIVATIVE OF THE
C*     SPLINE FUNCTION AT (X(1),Y(1)). IF
C*     IENDSW(1) IS NON-ZERO, THEN END(1) NEED
C*     NOT BE DEFINED. IF BOTH IENDSW(1) AND
C*     IENDSW(2) ARE NON-ZERO. THEN END MAY BE A
C*     DUMMY PARAMETER. * SUTS 351
C*     SIGMAP - AN INPUT REAL NUMBER SPECIFYING THE
C*     DENORMALIZED TENSION FACTOR. * SUTS 353
C*     YP - AN OUTPUT ONE-DIMENSIONAL REAL ARRAY OF
C*     LENGTH 2 CONTAINING SECOND DERIVATIVE
C*     INFORMATION NECESSARY TO INTERPOLATE THE
C*     SPLINE FUNCTION. * SUTS 357
C*     PRECISION - SINGLE. * SUTS 358
C*     REQUIRED ROUTINES - SNHCSH, TERMS. * SUTS 362

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C* DATE RELEASED - MARCH 1, 1979.
C* LANGUAGE - FORTRAN.
C* SOURCE - A. K. CLINE AND R. J. RENKA
C*          UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS AT AUSTIN
C*          NON-NATURAL OPTIONS ONLY
C* LATEST REVISION - NONE.

***** FORMAL PARAMETERS *****
C INTEGER IENDSW(2)
C REAL DX,END(2),SIGMAP,Y(2),YP(2)
C INTERNAL VARIABLES
C REAL DIAG,DIAG1,DX1,ONE,SDIAG1,SLPN,TEMP,ZERO
C INITIALIZATION CONSTANTS
C DATA ZERO,ONE/0.0E0,1.0E0/
C INITIALIZE YP
C YP(1) = ZERO
C YP(2) = ZERO
C CHECK TO SEE IF EACH ENDPOINT IS EITHER NATURAL OR
C HAS A COMPUTER-CONSTRUCTED DERIVATIVE
C IF (IENDSW(1)*IENDSW(2) .NE. 0) GO TO 9000
C AT LEAST ONE ENDPOINT HAS A USER-DEFINED SLOPE
C COMPUTE SOME NECESSARY CONSTANTS
C DX1 = (Y(2) - Y(1))/DX
C CALL TEP(S(DIAG1,SDIAG1,SIGMAP,DX)
C        DIAG1 = ONE/DIAG1
C CHECK TO SEE IF THE LEFT ENDPOINT IS NATURAL
C IF (IENDSW(1) .NE. 2) GO TO 10
C      YP(2) = (END(2) - DX1)*DIAG1

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C GO TO 9000
C
C CHECK TO SEE IF THE RIGHT ENDPOINT IS NATURAL
C
C 10 IF (IENDSW(2) .NE. 2) GO TO 20
C     YP(1) = (DX1 - END(1))*DIAG1
C     GO TO 9000
C
C NOW AT LEAST ONE OF THE ENDPOINTS HAS A USER-SPECIFIED
C DERIVATIVE AND NEITHER IS NATURAL - THIS IS THE CODE
C FROM THE ORIGINAL CURVI WITH N = 2
C
C 20 SLP1 = END(1)
C     IF (IENDSW(1) .EQ. 1) SLP1 = DX1
C     SLPN = END(2)
C     IF (IENDSW(2) .EQ. 1) SLPN = DX1
C     TEMP = SDIAG1*DIAG1
C     DIAG = DIAG1 - SDIAG1*TEMP
C     YP(2) = (SLPN - DX1 - (DX1 - SLP1)*TEMP) / DIAG
C     YP(1) = (DX1 - SLP1)*DIAG1 - TEMP*YP(2)
C
C 9000 RETURN
C
C***** FUNCTION CURVI(XL,XU,N,X,Y,YP,SIGMAP)
C*****
C*
C* PURPOSE          - THE VALUE OF CURVI IS THE DEFINITE INTEGRAL* SUTS 437
C*                  OF A SPLINE FUNCTION UNDER TENSION FROM XL * SUTS 438
C*                  TO XU GIVEN NECESSARY INFORMATION FROM * SUTS 439
C*                  CURVIN OR CURV12 • SEE SUTS (D1.X). * SUTS 440
C*                  * SUTS 441
C*                  - CALL CURVI(XL,XU,N,X,Y,YP,SIGMAP) * SUTS 442
C*                  * SUTS 443
C*                  * SUTS 444
C*                  * SUTS 445
C*                  * SUTS 446
C*                  * SUTS 447
C*                  * SUTS 448
C*                  * SUTS 449
C*                  * SUTS 450
C*                  * SUTS 451
C*                  * SUTS 452
C*                  * SUTS 453
C*                  * SUTS 454
C*                  * SUTS 455
C*                  * SUTS 456
C*                  * SUTS 457
C*                  * SUTS 458
C*                  * SUTS 459
C*                  * SUTS 460
C*
C* PARAMETERS      XL   - AN INPUT REAL NUMBER SPECIFYING THE LOWER
C*                  LIMIT OF INTEGRATION. * SUTS 446
C*                  XU   - AN INPUT REAL NUMBER SPECIFYING THE UPPER
C*                  LIMIT OF INTEGRATION. * SUTS 447
C*                  N   - AN INPUT INTEGER SPECIFYING THE NUMBER OF
C*                  NODES. N MUST BE AT LEAST 2. * SUTS 448
C*                  X   - AN INPUT ONE-DIMENSIONAL REAL ARRAY OF LENGTH* SUTS 449
C*                  N   SPECIFYING THE X-COORDINATES OF THE NODES.* SUTS 450
C*                  X   MUST BE A STRICTLY INCREASING ARRAY. * SUTS 451
C*                  Y   - AN INPUT ONE-DIMENSIONAL REAL ARRAY OF LENGTH* SUTS 452
C*                  N   SPECIFYING THE Y-COORDINATES OF THE NODES.* SUTS 453
C*                  YP  - AN INPUT ONE-DIMENSIONAL REAL ARRAY OF LENGTH* SUTS 454
C*                  N   WHICH IS OUTPUT FROM CURVIN OR CURV12 .* SUTS 455
C*                  SIGMAP - AN INPUT REAL NUMBER SPECIFYING THE * SUTS 456
C*                  * SUTS 457
C*                  * SUTS 458
C*                  * SUTS 459
C*                  * SUTS 460
C*

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C      XXL = XL
C      XXU = XU
C      SSIGN = ONE
C      IF (XXL .LT. XXU) GO TO 10
C      XXL = XXU
C      XXU = XL
C      SSIGN = -ONE
C      IF (XXU .GT. XXL) GO TO 10
C
C      RETURN ZERO IF XL = XU
C
C      CURVI = ZERO
C      GO TO 9000
C
C      SEARCH FOR THE PROPER SUBINTERVALS
C      X(ILM1) .LE. XXL .LE. X(IL)
C
C      10 ILM1 = INTRVL (XXU,X,N)
C      IL = ILM1 + 1
C
C      X(IUM1) .LE. XXU .LE. X(IU)
C
C      IUM1 = INTRVL (XXU,X,N)
C      IU = IUM1 + 1
C
C      BRANCH IF XXU AND XXL ARE IN THE SAME SUBINTERVAL
C
C      IF (IL .EQ. IU) GO TO 70
C      SUM = ZERO
C
C      BRANCH IF XXL = X(IL)
C
C      IF (XXL .EQ. X(IL)) GO TO 20
C
C      INTEGRATE FROM XXL TO X(IL)
C      FOR THIS CODE XXL .LT. XX(IL) .LE. XX(IUM1)
C
C      DEL1 = XXL - X(ILM1)
C      DEL2 = X(IL) - XXL
C      DELS = DEL1 + DEL2
C      DELSI = HALF/DELS
C      T1 = (DEL1 + DELS)*DEL2*DELSI
C      T2 = DEL2*DEL2*DELSI
C
C      SUM = T1*Y(IL) + T2*Y(ILM1)
C      IF (SIGMAP .EQ. ZERO) SUM = SUM - T1*T1*DELS*YP(IL)*SIXTH
C      S - T2*(DEL1*(DEL2 + DELS) + DELS*DELS) * YP(ILM1)*TWELFTH
C      IF (SIGMAP .EQ. ZERO) GO TO 20
C
C      SUTS 510
C      SUTS 511
C      SUTS 512
C      SUTS 513
C      SUTS 514
C      SUTS 515
C      SUTS 516
C      SUTS 517
C      SUTS 518
C      SUTS 519
C      SUTS 520
C      SUTS 521
C      SUTS 522
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C      SUTS 548
C      SUTS 549
C      SUTS 550
C      SUTS 551
C      SUTS 552
C      SUTS 553
C      SUTS 554
C      SUTS 555
C      SUTS 556
C      SUTS 557
C      SUTS 558

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```

C THIS CODE IS FOR A SPLINE UNDER TENSION
C
C SIGDELS = SIGMAP*DELS
C CALL SNHCSH(DUMMY,C1,SIGMAP*DELL1,2)
C CALL SNHCSH(DUMMY,C2,SIGMAP*DEL2,2)
C CALL SNHCSH(SS,CS,SIGDELS,3)
C SUM = SUM + TERM(CS,C1,T1)*YP(IL) + TERM(C2,ZERO,TP(ILM1))
C
C BRANCH IF X(IL) = X(IUM1)
C
C 20 IF (IL .EQ. IUM1) GO TO 60
C
C INTEGRATE OVER THE INTERIOR INTERVALS WITH A LOOP
C FOR THIS CODE X(IL) < X(IUM1)
C
C ILPL = IL + 1
C IF (SIGMAP .NE. ZERO) GO TO 40
C
C THIS CODE IS FOR A CUBIC SPLINE
C
C DO 30 I=ILPL,IUM1
C     IM1 = I - 1
C     DELS = (X(I) - X(IM1))*HALF
C     SUM = SUM + (Y(I) + Y(IM1))*DELS - (YP(I) + YP(IM1))*DELS*DELS*DELS*THIRD
C
C 30 CONTINUE
C
C 40 DO 50 I=ILPL,IUM1
C     IM1 = I - 1
C     DELS = X(I) - X(IM1)
C     SIGDELS = SIGMAP*DELS
C     CALL SNHCSH(SS,CS,SIGDELS,3)
C     SUM = SUM + (Y(I) + Y(IM1))*DELS*HALF + (YP(I) + YP(IM1))*DELS*SS*(SIGCUBE*(SS + SIGDELS))
C
C 50 CONTINUE
C
C BRANCH IF X(IU-1) = XXU
C
C 60 IF (XXU .EQ. X(IUM1)) GO TO 80
C
C INTEGRATE FROM X(IU-1) < XXU
C FOR THIS CODE X(IU-1) - XXU
C
C DEL1 = XXU - X(IUM1)
C DEL2 = X(IU) - XXU
C DELS = X(IU) - X(IUM1)

```

```

DELSI = HALF/DELSI
T1 = DEL1*DELSI*DELSI
T2 = (DEL2 + DEL1)*DELSI*DELSI
SUM = SUM + T1*Y(IU) + T2*Y(IUM1)
IF (SIGMAP .EQ. ZERO) SUM = SUM - T1*(DEL2*(DEL1 + DELS) +
DELS*DELS)*YP(IU)*TWELFTH - T2*DEL2*YP(IUM1)*SIXTH
IF (SIGMAP .EQ. ZERO) GO TO 80
SIGDELS = SIGMAP*DELS
CALL SNHCSH (DUMMY,C1,SIGMAP*DELL1,2)
CALL SNHCSH (DUMMY,C2,SIGMAP*DELL2,2)
CALL SNHCSH (SS,CS,SIGDELS,3)
SUM = SUM + TERM(C1,ZERO,T1)*YP(IU) + TERM(CS,C2,T2)*YP(IUM1)
GO TO 80

C
C INTEGRATE FROM XXL TO XXU
FOR THIS CODE X(IUM1) .LE. XXL .LT. XXU .LE. X(IU) SUTS 608
SUTS 609
SUTS 610
SUTS 611
SUTS 612
SUTS 613
SUTS 614
SUTS 615
SUTS 616
SUTS 617
SUTS 618
SUTS 619
SUTS 620
SUTS 621
SUTS 622
SUTS 623
SUTS 624
SUTS 625
SUTS 626
SUTS 627
SUTS 628
SUTS 629
SUTS 630
SUTS 631
SUTS 632
SUTS 633
SUTS 634
SUTS 635
SUTS 636
SUTS 637
SUTS 638
SUTS 639
SUTS 640
SUTS 641
SUTS 642
SUTS 643
SUTS 644
SUTS 645
SUTS 646
SUTS 647
SUTS 648
SUTS 649
SUTS 650
SUTS 651
SUTS 652
SUTS 653
SUTS 654
SUTS 655
SUTS 656

C
C THIS CODE IS FOR A SPLINE UNDER TENSION
C
C SIGDELS = SIGMAP*DELS
CALL SNHCSH (DUMMY,C1,SIGMAP*DELL1,2)
CALL SNHCSH (DUMMY,C2,SIGMAP*DELL2,2)
CALL SNHCSH (DUMMY,C1,SIGMAP*DELL1,2)
CALL SNHCSH (DUMMY,C2,SIGMAP*DELL2,2)
CALL SNHCSH (SS,DUMMY,SIGDELS,-1)
SUM = SUM + TERM(C1,C1,T1)*YP(IU) + TERM(CL2,CU2,T2)*YP(IUM1)
C
C CORRECT SIGN AND RETURN
C
C 80 CURVI = SSIGN*SUM
C
9000 RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE CEEZ (DELL1,DELL2,SIGMA,C1,C2,C3,N)

```

```

C*****SUTS 657
C*****SUTS 658
C*****SUTS 659
C*****SUTS 660
C*****SUTS 661
C*****SUTS 662
C*****SUTS 663
C*****SUTS 664
C*****SUTS 665
C*****SUTS 666
C*****SUTS 667
C*****SUTS 668
C*****SUTS 669
C*****SUTS 670
C*****SUTS 671
C*****SUTS 672
C*****SUTS 673
C*****SUTS 674
C*****SUTS 675
C*****SUTS 676
C*****SUTS 677
C*****SUTS 678
C*****SUTS 679
C*****SUTS 680
C*****SUTS 681
C*****SUTS 682
C*****SUTS 683
C*****SUTS 684
C*****SUTS 685
C*****SUTS 686
C*****SUTS 687
C*****SUTS 688
C*****SUTS 689
C*****SUTS 690
C*****SUTS 691
C*****SUTS 692
C*****SUTS 693
C*****SUTS 694
C*****SUTS 695
C*****SUTS 696
C*****SUTS 697
C*****SUTS 698
C*****SUTS 699
C*****SUTS 700
C*****SUTS 701
C*****SUTS 702
C*****SUTS 703
C*****SUTS 704
C*****SUTS 705

C* PURPOSE - DETERMINE COEFFICIENTS C1, C2, AND C3
C*          USED TO DETERMINE ENDPOINT SLOPES. GIVEN THE POINTS (X1,Y1), (X2,Y2), AND (X3,Y3),
C*          THE ENDPOINT SLOPE IS C1+Y1 + C2+Y2 + C3+Y3
C*          IF N > 2 AND C1+Y1 + C2+Y2 IF N = 2.
C* USE - CALL CEEZ(DEL1,DEL2,SIGMA,C1,C2,C3,N)
C* PARAMETERS DEL1 - AN INPUT REAL NUMBER = X2 - X1. DEL1 > 0.
C*          DEL2 - AN INPUT REAL NUMBER = X3 - X1. IF N = 2, THEN DEL2 MAY BE A DUMMY PARAMETER.
C*          > 0.
C*          SIGMA - AN INPUT REAL NUMBER SPECIFYING THE TENSION FACTOR.
C*          C1 - AN OUTPUT REAL NUMBER.
C*          C2 - AN OUTPUT REAL NUMBER.
C*          C3 - AN OUTPUT REAL NUMBER. IF N = 2, THEN C3 IS A DUMMY PARAMETER.
C*          N - AN INPUT INTEGER SPECIFYING THE NUMBER OF NODES.
C* PRECISION - SINGLE.
C* REQUIRED ROUTINES - NONE.
C* DATE RELEASED - MARCH 1, 1979.
C* LANGUAGE - FORTRAN.
C* SOURCE - A. K. CLINE AND R. J. RENKA
C*          UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS AT AUSTIN
C* LATEST REVISION - NONE.
C* FORMAL PARAMETERS
C* INTERNAL VARIABLES
C          REAL C1,C2,C3,DEL1,DEL2,SIGMA
C          INTEGER N

```

```

      REAL COSHMI,DELL,DENOM,ONE,SIN,TWO,ZERO
      C
      C   INITIALIZE CONSTANTS
      C
      DATA ZERO,ONE,TWO/0.0E0,1.0E0,2.0E0/
      C
      C   TEST WHETHER N = 2
      C
      IF (N .EQ. 2) GO TO 20
      C
      C   INITIALIZE THE VARIABLE DEL
      C
      DEL = DEL2 - DEL1
      C
      C   TEST WHETHER SIGMA = ZERO
      C
      IF (SIGMA .NE. ZERO) GO TO 10
      C
      C   THIS CODE IS FOR A STANDARD CUBIC SPLINE
      C
      C1 = -(DELL+DEL2)/(DELL*DEL2)
      C2 = DEL2/(DELL*DEL)
      C3 = -DELL/(DEL2*DEL)
      GO TO 9000
      C
      C   THIS CODE IS FOR A SPLINE UNDER TENSION
      C
      10 CALL SNHCSH(DUMMY,COSHMI,SIGMA*DELL,1)
         CALL SNHCSH(DUMMY,COSHMI2,SIGMA*DELL2,1)
         SIN = TWO * SINH(SIGMA*(DELL+DEL1)/TWO) * SINH(SIGMA*DEL/TWO)
         DENOM = ONE / (COSHMI*DEL - DEL1*SIN)
         C1 = SIN * DENOM
         C2 = -COSHMI2 * DENOM
         C3 = COSHMI1 * DENOM
         GO TO 9000
      C
      C   TWO COEFFICIENTS
      C
      20 C1 = -ONE/DELL
      C2 = -C1
      9000 RETURN
      C
      END
      SUBROUTINE TERMS(DIAG,SDIAG,SIGMA,DEL)
      C***** ****
      C* PURPOSE - COMPUTE THE DIAGONAL AND SUPERDIAGONAL TERMS * SUTS 753
      C* OF THE TRIDIAGONAL LINEAR SYSTEM ASSOCIATED * SUTS 754
      C*
      C* ***** ****
      SUTS 706
      SUTS 707
      SUTS 708
      SUTS 709
      SUTS 710
      SUTS 711
      SUTS 712
      SUTS 713
      SUTS 714
      SUTS 715
      SUTS 716
      SUTS 717
      SUTS 718
      SUTS 719
      SUTS 720
      SUTS 721
      SUTS 722
      SUTS 723
      SUTS 724
      SUTS 725
      SUTS 726
      SUTS 727
      SUTS 728
      SUTS 729
      SUTS 730
      SUTS 731
      SUTS 732
      SUTS 733
      SUTS 734
      SUTS 735
      SUTS 736
      SUTS 737
      SUTS 738
      SUTS 739
      SUTS 740
      SUTS 741
      SUTS 742
      SUTS 743
      SUTS 744
      SUTS 745
      SUTS 746
      SUTS 747
      SUTS 748
      SUTS 749
      ***** ****
      *SUTS 750
      *SUTS 751
      *SUTS 752
      *SUTS 753
      *SUTS 754

```

```

C* WITH SPLINE UNDER TENSION INTERPOLATION. *SUTS 755
C* USE - CALL TERMS(DIAG,SDIAG,SIGMA,DEL) *SUTS 756
C* PARAMETERS DIAG - AN OUTPUT REAL NUMBER CONTAINING THE DIAGONAL TERM. *SUTS 757
C* SDIAG - AN OUTPUT REAL NUMBER CONTAINING THE SUPERDIAGONAL TERM. *SUTS 758
C* SIGMA - AN INPUT REAL NUMBER SPECIFYING THE TENSION FACTOR. *SUTS 759
C* DEL - AN INPUT REAL NUMBER SPECIFYING THE STEP SIZE. *SUTS 760
C* PRECISION - SINGLE. *SUTS 761
C* REQUIRED ROUTINES - NONE. *SUTS 762
C* DATE RELEASED - MARCH 1, 1979. *SUTS 763
C* SOURCE - A. K. CLINE AND R. J. RENKA *SUTS 764
C* UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS AT AUSTIN *SUTS 765
C* LATEST REVISION - NONE. *SUTS 766
C* ***** *SUTS 767
C* ***** *SUTS 768
C* ***** *SUTS 769
C* ***** *SUTS 770
C* ***** *SUTS 771
C* ***** *SUTS 772
C* ***** *SUTS 773
C* ***** *SUTS 774
C* ***** *SUTS 775
C* ***** *SUTS 776
C* ***** *SUTS 777
C* ***** *SUTS 778
C* ***** *SUTS 779
C* ***** *SUTS 780
C* ***** *SUTS 781
C* FORMAL PARAMETERS *SUTS 782
C* REAL DEL,DIAG,SDIAG,SIGMA *SUTS 783
C* INTERNAL VARIABLES *SUTS 784
C* REAL COSHM,DENOM,SINHM,SIXTH,THIRD *SUTS 785
C* INITIALIZE CONSTANTS *SUTS 786
C* DATA ZERO,SIXTH,THIRD/ *SUTS 787
C* 0.0E0,171552525252538,171652525252538/ *SUTS 788
C* SIXTH = 1./6. *SUTS 789
C* TWELFTH = 1./12. *SUTS 790
C* TEST WHETHER SIGMA IS ZERO *SUTS 791
C* IF (SIGMA .NE. ZERO) GO TO 10 *SUTS 792
C* THIS CODE IS FOR THE STANDARD CUBIC SPLINE *SUTS 793
C* *SUTS 794
C* *SUTS 795
C* *SUTS 796
C* *SUTS 797
C* *SUTS 798
C* *SUTS 799
C* *SUTS 800
C* *SUTS 801
C* *SUTS 802
C* *SUTS 803

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```

DIAG = DEL*THIRD          SUTS 804
SDIAG = DEL*SIXTH        SUTS 805
GO TO 9000                SUTS 806
SUTS 807
SUTS 808
SUTS 809
SUTS 810
SUTS 811
SUTS 812
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SUTS 840
SUTS 841
SUTS 842
SUTS 843
SUTS 844
SUTS 845
SUTS 846
SUTS 847
SUTS 848
SUTS 849
SUTS 850
SUTS 851
SUTS 852

C THIS CODE IS FOR A SPLINE UNDER NON-ZERO TENSION
C
C 10 SIGDEL = SIGMA*DEL
C     CALL SNHCOSH(SINHM,COSHMM,SIGDEL,0)
C     DENOM = DEL / ((SINHM + SIGDEL) * SIGDEL * SIGDEL)
C     DIAG = DENOM * (SIGDEL+COSHMM - SINHM)
C     SDIAG = DENOM * SINHM
C
C 9000 RETURN
C      END
C      SUBROUTINE SNHCOSH(SINHM,COSHMM,X,ISW)
C
C***** PURPOSE - APPROXIMATE SINHM(X) = SINH(X) - X
C*****          COSHH(X) = COSH(X) - 1
C*****          AND COSHMM(X) = COSH(X) - 1 - X*X/2
C*****          WITH RELATIVE ERROR < 3.42E-14
C
C***** USE - CALL SNHCOSH(SINHM,COSHMM,X,ISW)
C
C***** PARAMETERS SINHM - AN OUTPUT REAL NUMBER CONTAINING SINHM(X)
C*****          IF ISW = -1, 0, OR 3. OTHERWISE SINHM IS UNCHANGED UPON RETURN.
C*****          COSHH - AN OUTPUT REAL NUMBER CONTAINING COSHH(X)
C*****          IF ISW = 0 OR 1 AND CONTAINING COSHMM(X)
C*****          ISW = 2 OR 3. OTHERWISE COSHH IS UNCHANGED* SUTS 834
C*****          UPON RETURN.
C*****          X - AN INPUT REAL NUMBER CONTAINING THE
C*****          INDEPENDENT VARIABLE.
C*****          ISW - AN INPUT INTEGER SPECIFYING THE FUNCTION
C*****          DESIRED.
C*****          -1 (ONLY) SINHM IS DESIRED.
C*****          0 SINHM AND COSHH ARE DESIRED.
C*****          1 (ONLY) COSHH IS DESIRED.
C*****          2 (ONLY) COSHMM IS DESIRED.
C*****          3 SINHM AND COSHMM ARE DESIRED.
C
C***** PRECISION - SINGLE.
C
C***** REQUIRED ROUTINES - NONE.
C
C***** DATE RELEASED - MARCH 1, 1979.
C

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C* LANGUAGE          - FORTRAN.
C* SOURCE           - A. K. CLINE AND R. J. RENKA
C*                   UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS AT AUSTIN
C* LATEST REVISION - NONE.

C*****SUTS 853
C*****SUTS 854
C*****SUTS 855
C*****SUTS 856
C*****SUTS 857
C*****SUTS 858
C*****SUTS 859
C*****SUTS 860
C*****SUTS 861
C*****SUTS 862
C*****SUTS 863
C*****SUTS 864
C*****SUTS 865
C*****SUTS 866
C*****SUTS 867
C*****SUTS 868
C*****SUTS 869
C*****SUTS 870
C*****SUTS 871
C*****SUTS 872
C*****SUTS 873
C*****SUTS 874
C*****SUTS 875
C*****SUTS 876
C*****SUTS 877
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C*****SUTS 881
C*****SUTS 882
C*****SUTS 883
C*****SUTS 884
C*****SUTS 885
C*****SUTS 886
C*****SUTS 887
C*****SUTS 888
C*****SUTS 889
C*****SUTS 890
C*****SUTS 891
C*****SUTS 892
C*****SUTS 893
C*****SUTS 894
C*****SUTS 895
C*****SUTS 896
C*****SUTS 897
C*****SUTS 898
C*****SUTS 899
C*****SUTS 900
C*****SUTS 901

C FORMAL PARAMETERS
C
C INTEGER ISW
C
C REAL COSHM, SINHM, X
C
C INTERNAL PARAMETERS
C
C REAL AX, CP1, CP2, CP3, CP4, CQ1, EXPX, SP1, SP2, SP3, SP4, SQ1, XS, XX, ZP1, ZP2, SUTS 870
C REAL ZP3, ZQ1, ZQ2, ZQ3, ZQ4 SUTS 871
C
C DATA SP4/4.50217693381333E-08/, SUTS 872
C   SP3/8.95278544216390E-06/, SUTS 873
C   SP2/8.72048976791502E-04/, SUTS 874
C   SP1/4.36314556981690E-02/, SUTS 875
C   S01/-6.366834430175110E-03/, SUTS 876
C   DATA CP4/1.78419567490190E-07/, SUTS 877
C   CP3/2.87277229799044E-05/, SUTS 878
C   CP2/2.15151519902028E-03/, SUTS 879
C   CP1/7.58181822756256E-02/, SUTS 880
C   C01/-7.51515105679867E-03/, SUTS 881
C   DATA ZP3/5.59297116264720E-07/, SUTS 882
C   ZP2/1.77943493030894E-04/, SUTS 883
C   ZP1/1.69300461694792E-02/, SUTS 884
C   Z04/1.33412535492375E-09/, SUTS 885
C   Z03/-5.80858944138663E-07/, SUTS 886
C   Z02/1.27814964403863E-04/, SUTS 887
C   Z01/-1.63532871439181E-02/, SUTS 888
C
C   XX = X
C   AX = ABS(XX)
C   XS = XX*XX
C   IF ((AX .GE. 2.70) .OR. (AX .GE. 1.15 .AND.
C   * ISW .NE. 2)) EXPX = EXP(AX)
C
C APPROXIMATE SINHM
C
C IF (ISW .EQ. 1 .OR. ISW .EQ. 2) GO TO 2
C IF (AX .GE. 1.15) GO TO 1

```

```

      SINHM = (((((SP4*XS+SP3)*XS+SP2)*XS+SP1)*XS+1.)*XS*XX)
      /((SQ1*XS+1.)*6.)
      GO TO 2
      1 SINHM = -(((1./EXPX+AX)+AX)-EXPX)/2.
      IF (XX .LT. 0.) SINHM = -SINHM
      C
      APPROXIMATE COSHM
      C
      2 IF (ISW .NE. 0 .AND. ISW .NE. 1) GO TO 4
      IF (AX .GE. 1.15) GO TO 3
      COSHM = (((((CP4*XS+CP3)*XS+CP2)*XS+CP1)*XS+1.)*XS)
      /((CQ1*XS+1.)*2.)
      GO TO 4
      3 COSHM = (((1./EXPX-2.)*EXPX)/2.
      C
      APPROXIMATE COSHM
      C
      4 IF (ISW .LE. 1) RETURN
      IF (AX .GE. 2.70) GO TO 5
      COSHM = (((((ZP3*XS+ZP2)*XS+ZP1)*XS+1.)*XS*XS)/((((ZQ4
      *XS+ZQ3)*XS+ZQ2)*XS+ZQ1)*XS+1.)*24.)
      RETURN
      5 COSHM = (((1./EXPX-2.)*(XS)+EXPX)/2.
      RETURN
      END
      FUNCTION INTRVL(T,X,N)
      C*****C*****C*****C*****C*****C*****C*****C*****C*****C*****C*****
      C*****C*****C*****C*****C*****C*****C*****C*****C*****C*****C*****
      C* PURPOSE          - DETERMINE THE INDEX OF THE INTERVAL
      C*                  (DETERMINED BY A GIVEN INCREASING SEQUENCE)
      C*                  IN WHICH A GIVEN VALUE LIES.
      C*
      C* USE              - I = INTRVL(T,X,N)
      C*
      C* PARAMETERS T   - AN INPUT REAL NUMBER SPECIFYING THE
      C*                  GIVEN VALUE.
      C* X               - AN INPUT ONE-DIMENSIONAL REAL ARRAY OF LENGTH*N
      C*                  SPECIFYING THE INCREASING SEQUENCE. X
      C*                  MUST BE STRICTLY INCREASING.
      C* N               - AN INPUT INTEGER SPECIFYING THE LENGTH OF
      C*                  X . N > 1.
      C*
      C* OUTPUT           I   - IF T .LE. X(2) , I = 1.
      C*                  IF T .GE. X(N-1) , I = N - 1
      C*                  OTHERWISE, X(I) .LE. T .LE. X(I+1)
      C*
      C* PRECISION        - SINGLE.
      C*****C*****C*****C*****C*****C*****C*****C*****C*****C*****C*****
      C*****C*****C*****C*****C*****C*****C*****C*****C*****C*****C*****
      C*****C*****C*****C*****C*****C*****C*****C*****C*****C*****C*****
      SUTS 902
      SUTS 903
      SUTS 904
      SUTS 905
      SUTS 906
      SUTS 907
      SUTS 908
      SUTS 909
      SUTS 910
      SUTS 911
      SUTS 912
      SUTS 913
      SUTS 914
      SUTS 915
      SUTS 916
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      SUTS 918
      SUTS 919
      SUTS 920
      SUTS 921
      SUTS 922
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      SUTS 941
      SUTS 942
      SUTS 943
      SUTS 944
      SUTS 945
      SUTS 946
      SUTS 947
      SUTS 948
      SUTS 949
      SUTS 950
      *SUTS 950
  
```

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C* REQUIRED ROUTINES - NONE.
C* DATE RELEASED - MARCH 1, 1979.
C* SOURCE - A. K. CLINE AND R. J. RENKA
C* UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS AT AUSTIN
C* LATEST REVISION - NONE.

***** FORMAL PARAMETERS *****
C INTEGER N
C REAL T,X(N)
C INTERNAL VARIABLES
C INTEGER IH,IL
C REAL TT
C TT = T
C IF (TT .LE. X(2)) GO TO 4
C IF (TT .GE. X(N-1)) GO TO 3
C IL = 2
C IH = N-1

***** INTERPOLATE LINEARLY FOR I *****
C 1 IH = IL+IFIX((FLOAT(IH-IL)*(TT-X(IL))/(X(IH)-X(IL)))
C IF (TT .LT. X(I)) GO TO 2
C IF (TT .LE. X(I+1)) GO TO 3
C 1 IS TOO SMALL - ADJUST AND TRY AGAIN
C IL = I+1
C GO TO 1

C 1 IS TOO LARGE - ADJUST AND TRY AGAIN
C IH = I
C GO TO 1

C INTRVL = 1

```

C I IS JUST RIGHT - RETURN
C RETURN
C LEFT END
C 4 INTRVL = 1
C RETURN
C RIGHT END
C 5 INTRVL = N-1
C RETURN
C END

SUTS1000
SUTS1001
SUTS1002
SUTS1003
SUTS1004
SUTS1005
SUTS1006
SUTS1007
SUTS1008
SUTS1009
SUTS1010
SUTS1011
SUTS1012
SUTS1013
SUTS1014

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*
* SEGMENTATION DIRECTIVES FOR THE
* VORTEX LATTICE FORTRAN PROGRAM
*
* H. E. HERBERT
* COMPUTER SCIENCES CORPORATION
* HAMPTON, VA.
* JULY, 1981
*
*
ROOT TREE WINGAL-(GEOMTRY,MATXSOL,AERODYN,CDRAGNF,TIPSLCT,VORTEX,CNLONG
,)
INCLUDE WINGAL, INF SUB, LOADING, FTLUP, READIN
GLOBAL ALL, TOTHREE, THREFOR, ONETHRE, MAINONE, CCRRDD, INSUB23
*
*
GEOMTRY INCLUDE GEOMTRY, PLANPLT
*
MATXSOL INCLUDE MATXSOL, GIVENS, BLOCKR, TRIANG, SOLVER, BUFFIN
*
AERODYN INCLUDE AERODYN, FLOWFL, CDICL, HEAPSRT, SIFT
*
CDRAGNF INCLUDE CDRAGNF
*
TIPSLCT INCLUDE TIPSLCT, WRTANS
*
VORTEX INCLUDE VORTEX
*
CNLONG INCLUDE CNLONG, INTERP, IQHSCV, IQHSD, IQHSE, IQHSF, IQHSG
CNLONG INCLUDE IQHSH, UERTST, UGETIO, SUTS, CURV1N, CURV12, CURVI
CNLONG INCLUDE CEEZ, TERMS, SNHCSH, INTRVL
*
*
END

FIGURE 1 - SEGMENTATION DIRECTIVES



1. Report No. NASA TM 83304	2. Government Accession No.	3. Recipient's Catalog No.	
4. Title and Subtitle Production Version of the Extended NASA-Langley Vortex Lattice FORTRAN Computer Program. Vol. II Source Code		5. Report Date April 1982	
7. Author(s) Henry E. Herbert John E. Lamar		6. Performing Organization Code	
9. Performing Organization Name and Address Langley Research Center Hampton, VA 23665		8. Performing Organization Report No. 505-31-43-03	
12. Sponsoring Agency Name and Address National Aeronautics and Space Administration Washington, DC 20546		10. Work Unit No.	
		11. Contract or Grant No.	
		13. Type of Report and Period Covered	
		14. Sponsoring Agency Code	
15. Supplementary Notes Henry E. Herbert, Computer Science Corporation, Hampton, VA 23665 John E. Lamar, Langley Research Center			
16. Abstract This document presents the source code for the latest production version, MARK IV, of the NASA-Langley Vortex Lattice Computer Program. All viable subcritical aerodynamic features of previous versions have been retained. This version extends the previously documented program capabilities to four planforms, 400 panels, and enables the user to obtain vortex-flow aerodynamics on cambered planforms, flow-field properties off the configuration in attached flow, and planform longitudinal load distributions.			
17. Key Words (Suggested by Author(s)) Vortex Lattice Method Segmentation Directives		18. Distribution Statement Unclassified [REDACTED] Subject Category 61	
19. Security Classif. (of this report) Unclassified	20. Security Classif. (of this page) Unclassified	21. No. of Pages 150	22. Price A07